Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1868. NUMBER 292.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK; M.

THE CAPITAL.

Points of the President's Message—It will be Delivered on Wednesday—Supreme Court—General Greeting Among Congressmen—Proposed Legislation.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, December 7, 1868.

THE MESSAGE—POINTS IT COVERS.

The President's message was all put in type Sunday evening, and will probably be sent to Congress on Tuesday. The only reason for delay is the anticipated reception of official news about the settlement of the Alabama claims. The message covers the following points and conclusions thereon:

First—That the Southern States remain prostrated in industry, their resources cut off, a good proportion of their population disfranchised, their constitutional privileges denied through Congressional enactment and most of them remaining under military rule.

Second—Commending the report of the Secretary of the Treasury, and endorsing its views for a return to specie payments through a reduction of expenditures, raising taxation, and gradual contraction of the paper circulation, with suggestions for legislation for one currency only, and that the National Banks should have their powers restricted

Third—That our foreign affairs are in a favorable condition. The negotiations with Great Britain regarding the Alabama claims, so called, have not reached an end. Certain portions of the proposed protocol of arbitration were not approved by this government, and have been returned to Minister Johnson. The resignation of the British Ministry is regarded only as a temporary hindrance. Many details relative to these claims are not deemed proper to communicate in the message,

Offers of arbitration between Paragnay and Brazil have been declined, and the course of Paraguay is commented on, though there is an absence of official detail about the late outrage of Lopez. The government has made new treaties for the protection of naturalized citizens abroad. It has recognized the new provisional Junta in Spain as a *de facto* government, but has received no formally accredited Minister from the same. The affairs with Mexico are satisfactory. Arrangements for a mixed Commission to settle the claims of Americans in that country are in progress. The Government has failed, so far, in its negotiations for the purchase of a naval station in the West Indies, and learns that the French are trying to get the Bay of Samana from the Dominican Government.

Fourth—Official facts show enormous frauds in the revenue, which must be corrected or the revenue will fail and the nation be involved in ruin. The message calls for strong legislation on this subject, and urges the repeal of the civil tenure act, which is regarded as a hindrance to the removal of corrupt officials.

Fifth—The President refers to the Indian troubles and views of the Peace Commissioners, and fears that the military establishment expenditures will be largely increased on the Plains.

Sixth—He favors the withdrawal of troops from the Southern States, and the reduction of the army, and gives a resume of the Land and Pension system.

MESSAGE TO BE DELIVERED ON WEDNESDAY.

The President has informed the Joint Committee appointed by the two Houses to wait on the him, that he will send his mess to Congress on Wednesday.

CONGRESS BEFORE ASSEMBLING.

There was a general greeting among members of both political parties in the House and Senate Chambers before the hour of meeting. Very many of their acquaintances were also present, mingling in the congratulations. Good humor was everywhere prevalent. The galleries were crowded to witness the opening proceedings.

GEORGIA AFFAIRS.

The communication of the Governor of Georgia, read in the Senate, states that the laws under which Georgia had been admitted to representation to Congress had not been fully executed; that members of the legislature were allowed to take seats without regard to eligibility and not required to take the legal oath; that the failure to execute the laws tended to defeat the purpose of Congress in the reconstruction acts, and asks Congress to take such steps as may seem proper.

Mr. Wilson read a long memorial from a Convention of colored citizens of Georgia, at Macon, in October last, setting forth elaborately the facts in the Governor's communication.

LEGISLATION PROPOSED.

The bill introduced in the Senate by Mr. Sumner provides for the enforcement of the several provisions of the Constitution abolishing slavery, declares immunities to citizens, and guarantees a Republican form of government by securing the elective franchise to citizens deprived thereof by local laws by reason of race, color or previous condition.

Another bill, introduced by Mr. Sumner, to provide for the resumption of specie payments on the 4th of July, 1869, declares the faith of the nation is solemnly pledged to the payment in coin of outstanding obligations not specifically provided to be paid in what is called lawful money; legalizes gold contracts; authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to issue coupon or registered bonds sufficient to absorb outstanding obligations, payable after thirty and forty years respectively, the interest on the thirty year bonds to be four and one-half per cent., on the forty year bonds four per cent., and exempts such bonds from all taxation national or local, except income tax on the interest thereof, to be issued at not less than par; repeals the legal tender act for everything but gold and silver after the 4th of July, but provides that greenbacks shall be received for all taxes, including duties on imports, for one year thereafter; also authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to borrow money on the credit of the Government, upon such terms as he may deem best, to promote the resumption of specie payment.

Mr. Sumner also introduced resolutions of sympathy with the people of Spain in their revolution, and earnestly appealing to them to abolish slavery throughout the Spanish Dominions.

Mr. Yates introduced a bill providing that any alien desiring to become a citizen of the United States may be admitted, and prescribing conditions therefor.

Mr. Cragin introduced an amendment to the Constitution prohibiting States from denying the right of suffrage to any male citizen of legal age, except for participation in rebellion or other crime.

Mr. Pomeroy introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment of the Constitution, as article fifteen, providing that the basis of suffrage in the United States shall be that of citizenship, and all natural or naturalized citizens shall enjoy the same rights and privileges in franchise.

Mr. Rice introduced a bill to provide for the issue of arms for the use of the militia of certain States lately in rebellion.

Mr. Drake introduced a joint resolution providing that no vacancies in rank of General or Lieutenant General in the army, or Admiral or Vice Admiral in the navy, shall he filled without authority from Congress.

THE SUPREME COURT

Met at noon, all Judges present except Grier. The commission of Wm. M. Evarts as Attorney General was read, when the Court adjourned in order to pay a visit of courtesy to the President. To-morrow the docket will be called.

NATIONAL BOARD OF TRADE.

Convention at Cincinnati—Fifth Day's Proceedings.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, December 5.—The President called the Board to order a few minutes after ten o'clock this morning.

After prayer, the President announced that the order of business was to make the report of the Executive Council, which the Secretary read.

It stated that the payments for membership were due on the first of January each year, and that the Council could name the best plan for holding the annual meeting.

Mr. Thomas, of Dubuque, offered resolutions to memorialize Congress that the direction of the Pacific Railroad, as first intended, should not be deviated from. He asked no additional legislation or money, only that the present law be enforced. This was admitted to consideration.

Mr. Brunot, of Pittsburgh, made some suggestions as to the enforcement of the law touching the carrying of coal oil on steam vessels, alluding to the dreadful catastrophy of Saturday on the Ohio river.

Mr. Carpenter, of Boston, proposed the grateful and formal thanks to both telegraph companies for their facilities in the transmission of even private messages to and from the members of the Board.

The report of the Committee on Shipping having been presented, Mr. Hincken, Chairman of the Committee, proposed that the report be accepted.

Mr. Holten, in proposing the second resolution, that no gold should be sold till the National Banks had in reserve their full per centage of gold, said the Committee had purposely determined to avoid details as to the time of action, leaving much to the wisdom of Congress.

Mr. Taylor, of St. Paul, congratulated the Committee as much for what they had left undone as in what they had recommended. He instanced the success of the Canadian Parliament and Ministry for the able finance they had shown in the resumption of specie payments, going into a clear detail, and concluded by saying that the United States could do the very same with the same success. He proposed Congress should prohibi. all notes of less value than ten dollars.

The previous question was then moved, whereby the resolutions of the Committee were carried.

The other resolutions were that no further sale of gold should be made, but for the purchase of 5-20s, and all bonds so purchased cancelled, that gold contracts should be legalized and the national honor and faith requires the Government should not avail itself of the right to pay off 5-20 bonds until by a general resumption of specie payment, the public debt as it matures can be paid in specie or its equivalent, were also carried and a recess was taken that the Board might witness the fire engine department and their machines, and also to partake of lunch prepared by the Mayor and Common Council.

On re-assembling, Mr. Holton presented a resolution, offered by Mr. Gano, which was not agreed to by the Committee, resolving that Congress be urged to so amend the national bank law that quarterly reports at specified times be dispensed with, and that instead each national bank shall be called upon by the Controller once a quarter to show what its condition may have been on a designated day in the recent past. The resolution was adopted.

The Chair announced the next business in order the consideration of the resolution in regard to the Government adopting the telegraphic system in connection with the postal service.

Mr. Shryock submitted several resolutions declaring the present telegraph system did not meet the wants of the country; that the experience of the past few years have demonstrated the fact that telegraphic communication can be so extended and cheapened as to place it within the reach of all classes of the community; that the attention of Congress is called to the subject, and should it be deemed advisable to build, buy or lease telegraph lines now in use, it is the sense of this board that it will facilitate its workings, and prove beneficial to the whole country.

Mr. Buell, of Albany, offered a resolution that the government should not unite with the Postoffice Department in the transmission of messages by telegraph; that in the effort being made for adoption by the government of the telegraph we recognize a dangerous precedent.

A motion to lay aside the whole subject was lost.

The report of the Committee favoring the purchase of the telegraph was disagreed to—yeas 28, nays 35.

Mr. Shryock's and Mr. Buell's substitutes were also rejected.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—A bill passed the Tennessee House of Representatives yesterday, on first reading, providing for a State Convention to amend the Constitution.

—The New Dominion Parliament has been further prorogued until 16th of January. The revenue for November was $1,214,154, and expenditures $877,448.

—The steamer D. M. Sechler took fire at Carrolton, Ky., on Saturday, by the bursting of a coal oil lamp. She burned to the water's edge and then sunk. No lives were lost. The boat was valued at $6,000.

—Thompson Campbell, a prominent lawyer and politician of California, died in San Francisco, on Sunday. He was formerly Secretary of State of Illinois and Congressman from the Galena district of the same State.

—Commodore Vanderbilt prints a card denying that the Erie Railway Company paid him for stocks in bonds last spring the sum of $3,500,000, with a bonus of $1,000,000, in order to stop the suits instituted by Mr. Schell and others.

—Gen. George W. Cole has been acquitted at Albany, N. Y., of the charge of murder in killing L. H. Hiscock for the seduction of his wife. The jury stated that they found the prisoner to be sane at the moment before and the moment after the killing, but were in doubt as to his sanity on the instant of the homicide. The Judge said they must give the prisoner the benefit of the doubt, and thus instructed they rendered a verdict of acquittal.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

The New English Cabinet—Violent Republican Demonstration in Spain—Ocean Steamer Foundered—Loss of Life.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, December 7.—The *Times* generally confirms the correctness of the *Observer's* list of probable members of Gladstone's Cabinet, but asserts that Earl Russell will not accept office. It also thinks the appointment of Earl Spencer as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and of Messrs. Bruce, Villiers and Coleridge to seats in the Cabinet, as doubtful. The *Times* adds to the *Observer's* list the name of James Moncrieffe as Lord Advocate of Scotland.

SPAIN.

MADRID, December 7.—The Republicans paraded the streets of Cadiz yesterday with arms in hands, and made other demonstrations threatening to the public peace. Troops were called out and dispersed the processionists and prevented further proceedings. Similar demonstrations have been made by the Republicans at several points. The Provisional Government is preparing a new tariff law.

MARINE NEWS.

LIVERPOOL, December 7.—Intelligence has just reached here that the steamer Hibernia, from Glasgow, bound for New York, foundered off the Irish coast. The Captain and eighty-one passengers are reported saved. One of the steamer's boats with thirty-three persons on board was lost.

SOUTHAMPTON, Dec. 7.—The steamship Minnesota, from New York, arrived to-day.

GREENOCK, Dec. 7.—The steamship St. George, from Quebec, has arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, Dec. 7—*Evening.*—Consols 92¼ for money, 92⅜ for account; 5-20s at 74⅜; Stocks quiet, Erie 25, Illinois 96.

FRANKFORT, Dec. 7.—Bonds 79¼.

LIVERPOOL, Dec 7.—Cotton lower closing heavy; sales 8,000 bales middling uplands at 10⅞d.; Orleans at 11⅛d. Breadstuffs are entirely unchanged. Provisions the same, Common Rosin, 6s. Spirits of Turpentine, 27s. 6d. Petroleum unchanged.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—Spirits Turpentine, 28s. 6d. Other articles unchanged.

ANTWERP, Dec. 7.—Petroleum 52½a53f.

HAVRE, Dec. 7.—Cotton on spot 120, and afloat 121¼f.

LONDON, December 7—*Evening.*—Petroleum closed at 1s. 5¾d. per gallon.

ANTWERP, December 7—*Evening.*—Petroleum closed quiet at 52f. for standard white.

FRANKFORT, December 7.—U. S. bonds easier but no lower at the close.

HAVRE, December 7.—Cotton weaker; *tres ordinaire* 178f.

CUBA.

Battles Fought Between Government Troops and Insurrectionists—Official Account.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, December 7.—A pitched battle has been fought between the troops and rebels. The following is the official account:

Count Valmasida met the rebels at the foot of Mount Alta Gracie, between Puerto Principe and Neuviag. A general engagement ensued, in which the losses were equal, each side having about five hundred killed. General Betancourt was taken prisoner. The Marquis of Santa Lucia and other rebel officers are reported to be wounded.

The Government has also received reports of a fight at Moran, in which one hundred and eighty soldiers defeated a large band of rebels, killing eighty-three of them and capturing four hundred horses, with a loss to themselves of only one killed and six wounded.

The latest news from Holguin is favorable to the hopes of loyalists. The thirty-seven soldiers, who fortified themselves in the hospital held out against the insurgents. The reinforcements sent them will arrive to-day, when another struggle is anticipated for possession of the place.

The *Diario* reports that at a place about eight leagues distant from Sante Espirato, some rebels entered a private house and ravished four girls in the presence of their parents.

Latest accounts of the battle at Moran represent the Spaniards lost one hundred killed, and the rebels only seventy. The rebel sympathizers also claim that Valmasida was defeated at Mount Alta Gracie.

Private letters from near the scene of the battle contradict the latter report and partially sustain the official dispatches. It is very difficult to obtain correct and trustworthy information, as the city is flooded with conflicting reports.

RICHMOND, VA.

Important Decision in the U. S. Court.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, December 7.—In the United States District Court, Judge Underwood presiding. In the *habeas corpus* case of Ceasar Griffin, convicted in Judge Sheffry's State Court of shooting a white man, and sentenced to the penitentiary, the prisoner's counsel pleaded the illegality of Griffin's conviction on the ground that Judge Sheffry was ineligible under the Fourteenth Amendment, and was therefore no judge at all, Judge Underwood gave his opinion sustaining the ground taken by the petioner, and discharged the prisoner. The counsel for the respondent appealed from the District in chambers to the Circuit Court. Chief Justice Chase will be on the bench. The prisoner will be bailed to appear before the Circuit Court. This decision, if confirmed, upsets two-thirds of the legal decisions, both criminal and civil, that have been made in Virginia since the war.

NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, December 7, 1866.

The railroads are generally in good running order, notwithstanding the recent heavy snow storms, and the mails to-day were all on time.

General Grant dined with the St. Nicholas Society to-night. Quite a number of visitors called at his hotel to-day but the General was absent.

The case of Commodore Meade was before Judge Sutherland to-day, and after the reading of several affidavits, including one from his wife, relative to violence recently exhibited by him to members of his family, was postponed till Tuesday.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

[THIRD SESSION.]

Credentials of Senators Presented—Action of Georgia Legislature Considered—Bills and Resolutions in the House.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, December 7, 1868.

SENATE.

The third Session of the Fortieth Congress began at twelve o'clock to-day. There were present: Senators Anthony, Cameron, Cattell, Chandler, Conkling, Conness, Corbett, Cragin, Davis, Dixon, Drake, Edmunds, Fessenden, Fowler, Frelinghuysen, Grimes, Harlan, Harris, Hendricks, Howe, Kellogg, McCreery, Morgan, Morrill, (of Maine,) Morrill, (of Vermont,) Morton, Norton, Nye, Patterson, (of New Hampshire,) Patterson, (of Tennessee,) Pomeroy, Ramsey, Rice, Robertson, Ross, Sherman, Spencer, Stewart, Thayer, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Wade, Willey, Wilson, Williams, Yates.

After prayer by the Chaplain the Senate was formally called to order by the President *pro tem.*, Senator Wade, who then presented the credentials of Senator Edmunds, which were read. The President also announced a communication from the Governor of Georgia, which was laid on the table.

Mr. SHERMAN presented the credentials of Senator Hill, of Georgia.

Mr. DRAKE moved to refer them to the Judiciary Committee. He understood that after the loyal members of the Legislature of Georgia had been elected under the Reconstruction laws, the white men of that Legislature had combined and expelled all the colored members, thereby putting the Legislature under rebel control. If this were so, he thought the reconstruction of Georgia should not be recognized as complete, as it would be by the admission of the Senator elect.

The PRESIDENT said under the rules of the Senate there was no Committee in existence yet to which to refer the credentials.

Mr. SHERMAN stated that such an unusual course as the reference of a Senator's credentials to a Committee would not be taken, unless some good reason affecting the status of the State or of the Senator elect. No such reason appeared in the case. The extraordinary conduct of the white members of the Georgia Legislature was strongly condemned by the Senator elect from that State as by the Senator from Missouri, and he hoped when admitted to do something to correct that action; but in the meantime he claimed his seat as a Senator elected by a large majority of the whole Legislature before the expulsion of the minority, and as a man who had been loyal all through the war and who was now prepared to take the oath, he should not be held responsible for the conduct of the majority of the Legislature, which occurred after his election, and which he strongly condemned.

Mr. DRAKE said that of course he had no objection to the gentleman whose credentials had been presented; but the question as to admitting him involved the great question whether the power of Congress over a reconstructed State ends the moment that State is recognized by either House as restored to her position in the Union. If that question were to be answered in the affirmative, then it would be in the power of any State immediately on being recognized to undo everything it had done under the reconstruction acts and to restore rebels to power. It was, in his judgment, a question of continuing the power of Congress over the lately rebellious States to secure the great results at which its legislation had hitherto aimed, and he would give no vote which could by implication deny or dispute that power.

On motion of Mr. SHERMAN, Mr. Hill's credentials were laid on the table for the present.

Mr. SUMNER introduced a bill to enforce the provisions of the Constitution abolishing slavery.

A bill was introduced to provide for the resumption of specie payment by July 4th next.

A resolution in favor of cheap ocean postage was introduced.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Precisely at noon the Speaker directed the Clerk to call the roll of members and delegates. One hundred and sixty-four members answered to their names. The States of Virginia, Mississippi and Texas were unrepresented. None of the Arkansas members answered to the call.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, offered the usual formal resolutions directing the clerk to notify the Senate that a quorum of the House was ready to proceed to business, and providing for a joint Committee to wait on the President for that purpose.

The SPEAKER appointed as such Committee on the part of the House, Messrs. Washburne, of Illinois, Schenck, of Ohio, and Brooks, of New York.

Mr. SCHENCK asked to be excused, and Mr. Garfield was appointed in his place.

The SPEAKER presented the credentials of Oliver J. Dickey and S. Newton Pettis, of Pennsylvania, elected to fill the vacancies caused by the death of Messrs. Stevens and Finney.

Mr. LOAN announced the presence of John H. Stover, elected as the successor to Mr. McClung, of Missouri.

The three members elect advanced to the Speaker's chair and took the oath.

The Speaker also presented credentials from Governor Bullock, of Georgia, declaring he was satisfied that under the 14th article of the amendment of the Constitution the person elected as Representative from the Sixth District of Georgia (Mr. Christy,) was not eligible, and that, therefore, he gave the certificate to the person receiving the next highest number of votes, Mr. Whimper.

Mr. BROOKS said he held in his hand a certificate given by General Meade to Mr. Christy, and remarked that Mr. Whimper had been a subordinate officer in the Confederate army, and had received a special pardon by a bill passed at the last session. He moved both papers be referred to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. DAWES supported that motion, and it was agreed to.

Mr. MAYNARD said the State of Tennessee believed she was entitled from her voluntary abolition of slavery to an additional Representative in the House, and had elected Thos. J. Hamilton. He moved the certificate be referred to the Committee on Elections, and that meantime Mr. Hamilton be entitled to the courtesy of a seat in the House.

Mr. SPALDING objected to the latter part of the motion and argued it would be establishing a bad precedent, as there was no real claim to a seat in the case.

The SPEAKER remarked that such courtesy was usual. It was granted to persons presenting apparent titles to seats.

Mr. POLAND said the number of members of Congress was fixed by law and the gentleman now presenting credentials was a supernumerary.

Mr. NIBLACK instanced the case of the persons presenting credentials from Southern States to the last Congress, who we denied the courtesy of seats.

Pending the decision of the question, Mr. MAYNARD argued that in that case the objection was not applicable to the members themselves, but was based on the attitude of the alleged State goverments.

After further discussion, the credentials were referred to the Committee on Elections and the privilege of the floor refused.

Mr. LYNCH introduced a bill to provide against the undue expansion and contraction of the currency, and to allow a drawback on articles used in the construction of vessels. Referred to the Ways and Means Committee.

Mr. BOUTWELL introduced a bill providing that all male citizens of the United States, not less than twenty-one years of age, shall be entitled to vote for Electors of President and Vice President and Representatives to Congress. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. DAWES offered a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire whether any legislation was necessary to secure to Government employes uniformity of compensation under the eight hour law. Adopted.

Mr. BOUTWELL offered a resolution directing the Committee on Reconstruction to examine into the condition of public affairs in Virginia, Mississippi and Texas, and report what measures are necessary for the better protection of life, liberty and property. Adopted.

Mr. PIKE offered a resolution instructing the Ways and Means Committee to report a bill for the payment in gold of the United States notes, commonly called greenbacks.

Mr. FANSWORTH said that the resolution was mandatory, and suggested its reference.

Mr. PIKE preferred to move the previous question, which the House refused to second, and the resolution was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. ELIOT introduced a bill continuing the Freedmen's Bureau in Virginia, Mississippi and Texas, and presented a memorial from the Governor and other citizens of Virginia, which were referred to the Committee on Freedmen's Affairs.

Mr. ELIOT also offered a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the expediency of repealing the act of July 13th, 1832, and June 30th, 1834, concerning tonnage on Spanish vessels, which was adopted.

Mr. WOOD, offered a resolution requesting the President to communicate copies of letters of instruction to American Minister at London, relating to the settlement of Alabama claims and of any subsequent correspondence with him or the British Government on that subject, which was adopted.

Mr. WASHBURNE, Illinois, reported that the Joint Committee to wait on the President had performed that duty and that the President would announce in writing on Wednesday at 1 P. M.

Mr. KELLY introduced a joint resolution, proposing an amendment to the Constitution, providing that no State shall exclude from the exercise of the rights and privileges of an elector any citizen of the United States by reason of race or color. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Mr. BROOMALL, of Pennsylvania, introduced a concurrent resolution to amend the Constitution so that neither Congress nor any State, by its Constitution or laws, shall deny or restrict the right of suffrage to any citizen of the United States on account of race or parentage, and declaring void any such limitation in the Constitution or laws. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Mr. BROOMALL also introduced a bill amending the laws relating to the naturalization of aliens, providing that certificates of citizenship shall be issued only by competent courts held in the county or parish where the applicant resides, and shall not be issued within three months immediately preceding the time specified for holding elections for State or United State officers. Referred to Committee on Revision of Laws.

Mr. MORRILL introduced a joint resolution declaring that the conduct of Reverdy Johnson, the United States Minister to England, is prejudicial to the interests and dignity of the nation, and requesting the President to order immediately his re-call.

Mr. RANDALL moved to lay the joint resolution on the table, remarking that there were no facts to justify such a declaration.

Mr. BANKS moved to refer it to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

The motion to table was rejected.

Mr. SCOFIELD expressed the hope that the motion to refer would be voted down, and that there would be a square vote on the resolution.

The resolution was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs—94 to 41.

Mr. MILLER introduced a bill to reduce the number of Assessors of Internal Revenue. Referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, a bill to amend Bankrupt law by giving the appointment of Registers of Bankruptcy to the President. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Mr. RANDALL offered a resolution for an amendment of the joint rules, by prohibiting Committees of Conference from inserting or increasing appropriations. Referred to Committee on Rules.

Mr. SCOFIELD offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Reconstruction to examine into the condition of public affairs in Georgia, with power to send for persons and papers. Adopted.

Mr. McKEE introduced a joint resolution to modify the naturalization laws by dispensing with the requirement of previous residence. Referred to Committee on Revision of Laws.

Also, a bill to establish a uniform rule of naturalization. Referred to the same Committee.

Mr. STOKES introduced a joint resolution to amend the Constitution by providing that no State shall make or enforce laws to deprive citizens of the elective franchise on account of race or color. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. MAYNARD introduced a joint resolution to the same effect. Same reference.

Mr. MAYNARD also introduced a bill to give uniformity to the currency. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. MULLINS introduced a bill requiring applicants for relief from political disabilities to give thirty days' notice of application to Congress. Referred to the Committee on Reconstruction.

Also, to suppress by national authority the Ku-Klux Klan and declare its members outlaws. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Mr. ARCHER offered a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to report a bill appropriating $50,000 to reimburse President Johnson for his expenses in defending himself on the impeachment trial.

SCOFIELD asked if he thought $50,000 would be enough.

Mr. KELSEY moved to lay the resolution on the table. Agreed to.

Mr. LAFFT presented a memorial of the Legislature of Georgia for the removal of political disabilities from every citizen of Georgia. Referred to Reconstruction Committee.

Mr. SCHENCK offered a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire whether amendments are needed to the naturalization laws, particularly whether, first, the power of receiving declarations of intention and issuing letters of naturalization should not be restricted to Courts of the United States and higher Courts of record; second, to require uniformity of proceedings in such cases in the United States Circuit Courts; third, to require the signature of the Judge to such declaration and certificate; fourth, to require records to be kept of all such proceedings; fifth, to authorize letters of naturalization to be issued after four years residence, but not to take effect until after one year.

Mr. SPALDING moved to amend by substituting the Committee on Revision of Laws for the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. SCHENCK accepted the amendment.

Mr. WOOD moved to lay the resolution on the table.

The motion was lost—yeas 33, nays 125, a strict party vote.

The resolution was adopted.

Mr. BINGHAM introduced a bill to provide for an election in Virginia in January next. Referred to Committee on Reconstruction.

Mr. LAWRENCE, of Ohio, offered a resolution directing the Committee on Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of making it the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to sell from time to time surplus gold in the Treasury and apply its proceeds and other surplus money in the Treasury to liquidate portions of the public debt. Adopted.

Mr. SPALDING offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of providing for the speedy resumption of specie payment by the Government and report as soon as practicable. Adopted.

Mr. CAREY introduced a preamble and joint resolution to repeal the civil tenure of office act of March 2d, 1867.

Mr. MAYNARD thought it a matter that required consideration, and moved to lay it on the table. Agreed to,

The House then proceeded to elect a Doorkeeper in place of Mr. Lippincott, resigned.

Mr. Buxton, present Assistant Doorkeeper, was chosen, having 141 votes to 14 for W. C. Collins, of Minnesota, and two for Edward Jardine, of New Jersey.

The Speaker announced the regular business in order to be the bill of last July regulating the duty on imported copper and copper ores.

Mr. SCHENCK said the Committee on Ways and Means would have a session to-morrow morning and would inform the House what they desired done with that subject.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, offered a resolution directing the Postmaster General to communicate a copy of any contracts or agreements with Wells, Fargo & Co., for carrying mails between the termini of the Union Pacific and Central Pacific Railroad. Adopted.

Mr. JUDD asked to have an order made making the Niagara Ship Canal bill the special order for the 15th of December.

Mr. RANDALL objected.

Mr. SHANKS introduced a joint resolution declaring it the duty of the Government to acknowledge the Provisional Government of Crete as an independent State, and to treat with it as such. Referred to Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Mr. FERRY introduced a bill making appropriations for certain harbors in Michigan. Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. INGERSOLL introduced a bill to prohibit the sale of coin on behalf of the United States, and to provide for the redemption of United States legal tender notes in coin at par. Referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. ROBINSON offered a resolution calling on the President for correspondence on the subject of American citizens imprisoned in Ireland for words spoken and acts done in United States, and desired to make some remarks in reply to the dispatch of Lord Stanley, in which that fact was denied.

Mr. BANKS moved the resolution be referred to Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Mr. ROBINSON remarked if he could not be heard on the subject he would withdraw his resolution for the present.

Adjourned.

CHICAGO.

Snow Storm—Fall of an Iron Bridge—Death on the Cars—Schooner Lost on the Lake—Reception to Madame Janauschek—Resolutions Against Popular Amusements—Republican Union Hall Projected.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, December 7.—It has been snowing moderately all day, but the mildness of the atmosphere has caused it to thaw about as fast as it fell. The streets are in a very disagreeable condition.

The extensive Truss Iron Bridge across the Fax river, at Elgin, Illinois, broke and fell into the river to-day at noon. A drove of one hundred cattle and a heavy body of snow proved too much for its capacity. It leaves Elgin in a bad predicment for the winter, as about an equal proportion of the city is located on either side.

An unknown man died of consumption on the cars at Middletown, five miles west of Madison, Wisconsin, this morning. His body was taken to Milwaukee.

This morning at ten o'clock a schooner, nearly dismasted, was seen drifting on the lake a mile or more northeast of the Illinois Central car shops. One man was seen on deck making signals of distress, but before the vessel could be reached she had drifted down as far as Oakwood Station, when she struck with her broadside opposed to the waves, which made a clean breach over her. When approached the man had disappeared, and there were no signs of life on the vessel. He was doubtless washed overboard and lost, and probably the remainder of the crew had shared the same fate.

The Germans of this city gave a reception last evening, at Maennerchor Hall, to Madame Janauschek, the celebrated German tragedienne. Dr. Fessel made the reception speech, and was feelingly replied to by the Madame. During Dr. Fessel's remarks he presented Janauschek a beautiful laurel wreath. A musical entertainment and supper followed, which lasted until a late hour.

The Ministerial Union, composed of the evangelical clergy of this city, had a meeting this morning for final action on the resolutions recently introduced into that body in denunciation of popular amusements. The attendance was not large, and the clergy manifested considerable lukewarmness upon the question. The resolutions were finally adopted.

The Republicans of this city are making arrangements to erect a Union Hall, after the manner of the Union League Hall, Philadelphia.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Dec. 7.—The market for No. 2 wheat to-night is steady at $1,19. There is nothing doing in other grains. New corn held at 52c. Oats, 48½a48¾c.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, December 7.—Cotton ¼c lower; middlings 22½a22⅝c; sales 6,100 bales; receipts 7,480 bales.

Nashville Market.

NASHVILLE, December 7.—Cotton market flat; low middlings, 21c; good ordinary, 20½c.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

Stockholders Annual Meeting—Annual Reports—Condition and Prospects of the Road—Election of Directors.

The sixteenth annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company was held yesterday morning at the office of the Company, corner of Water and Grant streets.

The meeting was organized by calling Jas. S. Craft, Esq., to the chair, and appointing Mr. John H. Page, Jr., Secretary.

Wm. Oden Hughart, Esq., President of the Company, after stating the object of the meeting, presented, in behalf of the Board of Directors, the sixteenth annual report to the stockholders, with the usual accompanying tables and statements, comprising the reports of the Treasurer, Superintendent, Master of Machinery and Auditor.

ANNUAL REPORT.

The report commences with a congratulatory paragraph to the stockholders on the restoration of the franchises of the company and the negotiation of a large proportion of the bonds necessary to the completion of the road, and the actual letting to substantial contractors the heaviest portions of the unfinished work. A history of the legal proceedings against the company in the *quo warranto* case is thus given, with a copy of the act of January, 1868, repealing the act of August 19th, 1864. The report says: This terminated a most gigantic scheme of opposition. The boldness of its conception favored its accomplishment, and the disturbed state of the times gave pliant tools for the work. Grown bold by impunity; feeling secure in a position which seemed to protect it from punishment, the authors of the original wrong contended fiercely in the courts and in the legislature for its perpetuation. The franchises now possess the rare merit of a complete adjudication. Your securities are by this quality increased in intrinsic value and their negotiation much facilitated, a consequence certainly unforseen by those who inflicted the injury. "The financial operations of the year relative to the unfinished portion of the read are then considered in detail. In May the company resolved to execute a new first mortgage for $4,000,000, and to issue bonds based thereon for that amount, bearing seven per cent. interest. The ordinance of the city of Baltimore required that $2,000,000 of these bonds should be negotiated before the retirement of the city's lien could take place. The Baltimore and Ohio Road immediately subscribed for $1,000,000. John Hopkins, Esq., $60,000; President Garrett, $30,000; A. Schumaker, Esq., one of the principal promoters of the Branch Line of Steamers, $30,000; Hon. A. Stewart, of Uniontown, Pa., $13,000; and many of the principal citizens of Baltimore and Pittsburgh have subscribed for large amounts. They had obtained in August the net sum of $1,550,000, when the Baltimore and Ohio Road, to enable the company to fulfill the conditions of the ordinance, and to permit the work to be begun, made a subscription of $450,000. The report says "the most frequent and common assertion of our enemies has been that the Baltimore and Ohio Road would *not* extend its aid. Their subscriptions are the best practical refutation, and afford guaranty of payment of interest to those who may purchase bonds. The business which that road can and would give in protection of its own investment, will of itself be sufficient to provide the means. Probably no better evidence can be given of the value of your securities than the large investment of that company—marked, perhaps, more than any other to-day by skill and prudence in its financial management." Upon the completed portions of the road the earnings for the past year will reach nearly two-thirds of the interest upon the entire mortgage. This is from local trade alone. The connection with Baltimore, and the development of the resources (as yet untouched) of a large portion of Fayette and of all of Somerset and Bedford counties, entirely independent of through trade, if in the same proportion, will pay the interest upon the entire debt, besides affording a remunerative dividend to the stockholders.

The following is a statement of the gross receipts for the year:

From Passengers	$163 456 48
" Freights	337,621 19
" Mails	3 650 99
" Miscellaneous	3,898 25
	$508,625 92

During that time the expenses of the road were as follows:

Conducting transportation	$ 80,113 16
Repairs of motive power	104,950 84
Maintenance of cars	26,363 75
Maintenance of road	100,275 01
General expenses	15,858 29
	$327,560 55
Leaving net earnings	$181,065 37

which is 35,60 per cent., a slight increase over that of the previous year.

The total number of passengers carried all distances was 422,739, against 411,116 the previous year. In the amount earned therefrom, however, there is a slight decrease. The freight transported all distances has been 398,502 tons, against 374,965 tons the previous yeor, an increase of about eight per cent. The increase in the freights is about six per cent. Groceries shipped eastward from Pittsburgh have reached the sum of three and a quarter million of pounds, an increase of about thirty per cent. over the year 1866. In rolled and hammered iron, directly connected with the trade of Pittsburgh, the increase has been over two millions and three hundred thousand pounds. In the transportation of pig metal the increase has been still greater. The increase has also been very large in the transportation of queensware and glassware. In glass sand, fire-clay, etc., the increase has reached nearly ten millions of pounds. These facts are mentioned to direct the attention of the business men of Pittsburgh to the value of the trade of the country, so far developed by your line, and to suggest that the enterprise deserves, and their own interests demand, more active aid than has been rendered—that they supply their full proportion of the amount necessary to complete the road and also to see that needed facilities within the city limits are obtained from the Councils. It is demonstrable that this road is more directly beneficial to this city than any other coming into it, because from the country traversed must be brought the raw material for our principal products, coal, coke, iron ore, sand, lime, fire-clay, marble, building stone, etc., etc. There is also the best market for a large proportion of our trade, and last but not least important, the only competing route to tide water.

No accident has befallen any passenger during the year, which is due in a great measure to the care and efficiency manifested in the department conducting transportation. Few, if any other roads have had such freedom from accident pervading their history. On the roadway great improvements have been made during the year. One thousand and eleven tons of new iron and eleven thousand three hundred and sixty-five cross ties have been placed in the tracks. This is a large amount, but it was necessary and will be continued during the coming year. The tracks and road bed are in good working order. The general expenses have been $15,858 29 against $17,987 05 last year per mile run by trains the cost of this branch expenditure has been 4.23 per cent. against 5.20 per cent. the previous year. The cost thus of maintenance and working the road has been $337,560 55 against $325,208 25 the previous year, showing an increase of $2,352 30. This is, 87.45 per cent. per mile run by trains against 95.70 per cent. last year, a gratifying decrease.

FINANCIAL.

At the close of the last fiscal year the floating debt was $74,862,97. Making proper deductions for assets, and counter claims its real amount was estimated at $36,995,79. Its amount this year is nominally the same; but omitting the interest due the City of Baltimore and upon stock we have available assets to pay the whole amount.

CONSTRUCTION.

Thirty-eight miles of the line between Connellsville and Cumberland have been put under contract, including all the heavy work upon the line. The contractors are already at work, and the entire line will be completed to Cumberland in two years.

The report of B. H. Latrobe, Esq., engineer, to the President, detailing the operations of the Engineer Department during the year, was also read. The main features are embodied in the President's report.

G. L. B. Fetterman, Esq., Chairman of the Committee on Accounts, submitted a report of the examination of the Company's books and papers.

The reports were received and accepted and five hundred copies ordered to be printed.

An act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, approved April 1, 1868, empowering the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company to construct branches from its main line, was submitted to the stockholders by President Hughart, and by them accepted and approved.

THE ELECTION.

It was then resolved to go into an election of Directors, when Mr. G. W. Herbert was appointed Judge, and Messrs. E. W. McClure and Chas. Donnelly, Tellers.

A nomination was submitted from His Honor, Mayor Banks, nominating Messrs. James Hodges, W. H. Perkins and Hazeltine G. Vickery, as Directors to be chosen on the part of the city of Baltimore for the incoming year. The election resulted as follows: Wm. Oden Hughart, G. L. B. Fetterman, John Fleming, Wm. Phillips, Wm. Baldwin, Joseph Pennock, Cyrus Meyers, Benjamin Deford, John Hopkins, James Hodges, William H. Perkins and Hazeltine G. Vickery. The three last named gentlemen are new members, Messrs. W. S. Bissell, O. O. Phillips and Hill Burgwin retiring.

The meeting then adjourned.

The new Board met at half-past two o'clock in the afternoon, and organized by electing W. Oden Hughart, President, and Jno. H. Page, Jr., Secretary.

Pittsburgh Teachers' Institute.

The closing session of the Pittsburgh Teachers' Institute was held at the Hall of the Third Ward School House, Saturday morning. The Institute was called to order at nine o'clock by George J. Luckey, City Superintendent, and the exercises were opened with prayer by J. N. Caldwell, of Allegheny City.

Miss Ellen Seaver was then introduced and continued her lecture on object lessons, during which she introduced the subject of mapping or map drawing. In concluding her lecture Miss Seaver said:

Teachers should make teaching the first business of life as long as they reman in the profession. First class lady teachers are demanded all over the country. She knew primary teachers now receiving $1,300 per year for their services. She said the reason ladies' salaries were so low was because gentlemen fixed their salaries. Ladies should inquire whether or not they desire the elective franchise. In conclusion she said she had spent an exceedingly pleasant time in Pittsburgh. It is one of the brightest spots in her life.

Prof. Luckey thanked the members of the Institute for the great interest they have taken in the institute.

The following resolutions were presented and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this Institute petition the Central Board of Education to procure the passage of a law giving to the teachers of Pittsburgh the right to hold an Annual Teachers' Institute, having equal power and authority with the County Institute now provided for by law.

Resolved, That the City Superintendent be instructed to present a copy of this resolution to the Central Board.

The Institute then adjourned.

LIST OF TEACHERS.

The following is a carefully prepared list of the teachers who attended the sessions of the Institute:

High School—Philotus Dean, J. H. Crum, Happle Wilkins, H. H. Bancroft.

Second Ward—Mary J. Thompson, Annie Curry, Anna D. Marshall, Lucy M. McNeil, Bella MacLean.

Third Ward—J. N. Stephenson, Martha J. Graham, Esther Johnson, Mattie McKnight.

Fourth Ward—R. B. Crooks, Mary Manspeaker, Emma J. West, Ella E. Wwin, Lizzie B. Rodgers, Mrs. T. N. Miller, Maryanne Smith.

Fifth Ward—Jennie Mitchell.

Sixth Ward—L. L. Eaton, Mary I. Proudfoot, Amelia W. M'Creery, Emma D. Wallace, Amelia Witherow, Aggie M. Lupton, Chellnessa Bragdon, Jennie E. Simpson, A. Aggie McFadden, Eliza W. Tompre, Verbena Burns, Annie M. Witter, Alice J. Jackson, Mattie S. McMasters, Carrie M. Hartley, Mary D. Garvim.

Seventh and Eighth Wards—D. C. Holmes, Martha B. Snodgrass, Caroline S. Davis, M. J. McCracken, Mary Fleming, Annie Hutchinson, Lizzie Jeffery, Annie E. Boreland. Mary M. Foulke, Lucy G. Shepard, E. D. Brown, E. S. Hall.

Ninth and Tenth Wards—Andrew Burtt, Maggie Dickinson, Eliza Hamilton, Jennie Ralston, Maggie M. Creight, Lizzie King, Annie McClelland, Maggie Scott, Mary M. Creight, Hester Munn, Rebecca Munn, A. A. Hoey, Melissa Burtt, Jennie Gosser, J. J. You, Rose McCleary, Mary Harris.

Eleventh Ward—John J. Taggart, Aggie M. Martin, Irena Rutledge, Jennie Moffat, Hettie Davis, Annie Moore, Lottie C. Martin, M. E. Taggart, Harriet M. Matthews, Jennie E. Smith, Maggie E. Irwin, Maggie Marshall.

Twelfth Ward—H. G. Squiros, Anna Heckert, S. R. Hipsley, Emily Martin, Hettie Martin, Fanny Brooks, Bella Scott, Katie Wolfe, Jennie D. Armit, Anna M. Jack, Maggie McCandless, Mary Hughes, Beila M. Fall, Lucy D'Armit.

Thirteenth Ward—James L. Harrison, S. A. Rutledge, Fanny Caldwell, Mary M. McMullen, Fanny B. Goff, Margaret Cromlish, M. A. Newmont, Annie George.

Fourteenth Ward—J. P. Andrews, Fanny Rutledge, Jennie Fawcett, Sareh Fawcett, Sadie You, Kate L. Anderson.

Fifteenth Ward—S. T. Patterson, Mattie Dalzell, Rachel Ewing, Mary L. Evans, Lizzie Cuddy, L. C. Ahlborn.

Seventeenth Ward—Annie M. Frethy, N. F. Kaufman, E. Hanna, Lizzie A. Metcalf, Annie De Knight, C. C. Nixon, Ida Heller, Anna M. Glaughlin.

Nineteenth Ward—Wm. Joyce, Ella Martin, Z. E. McCos, Matilda Thompson, A. L. Slater, Hannah J. Lyon.

Twentieth Ward—R. I. McCready, Calvin Sackett, M. E. Hamilton.

Twenty-first Ward—J. M. Bowlby.

Twenty-third Ward—J. B. Irwin.

Following are the names of teachers from outside the city:

Lizzie Barnes, M. B. Kingersly, M. Kelly, S. P. Newell, Mollie C. Cooper, M. Kelso, J. M. Boggs, Sadie McCleary, S. A. McEwen, M. E. Gailbraith, C. A. Bliss, J. F. McClymonds, Adda Rhodes, Eliza McHenry, Sarah Smith, Tillie Jamison, Helen Mulhatten, Fulton Phillips, Jennie Smith, Nicholas Messer, Sadie Smith.

PERSONS from the plains report that buffalo are moving north in immense herds, a thing never known at this season of the year before. It is attributed to the presence of large bodies of troops and Indians on their southern range ground. A train on the Pacific Railroad was stopped three times last Friday, between Fort Harker and Fort Hays, to allow the animals to pass.

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TEETH EXTRACTED

WITHOUT PAIN!

NO CHARGE MADE WHEN ARTIFICIAL TEETH ARE ORDERED.
A FULL SET FOR $8,

AT DR. SCOTT'S.

378 PENN STREET, 3D DOOR ABOVE HAND.

ALL WORK WARRANTED. CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF GENUINE VULCANITE. my9:d&T

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WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
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BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.
Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,
AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.

The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $350 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN

Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.

CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.

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No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

100 WOOD STREET.

CHINA, GLASS AND
QUEENSWARE,
SILVER PLATED WARE,
PARIAN STATUETTES,
BOHEMIAN GLASS,
And other STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS, a great variety.
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100 WOOD STREET.

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B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:v21

NEW FALL GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE GREAT AMERICAN COMBINATION.
BUTTON-HOLE OVERSEAMING
AND SEWING MACHINE.
IT HAS NO EQUAL,

BEING ABSOLUTELY THE BEST FAMILY MACHINE IN THE WORLD, AND INTRINSICALLY THE CHEAPEST.
Agents wanted to sell this Machine.

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Agent for Western Pennsylvania.
Corner FIFTH AND MARKET STREETS, over Richardson's Jewelry Store. se4

WALL PAPERS.

NEW
WALL PAPERS,
For Halls, Parlors and Chambers,
NOW OPENING, AT
107 Market St., near Fifth Ave.,
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
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CEMENT, SOAP STONE, &c.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT DRAIN PIPE.

Cheapest and best Pipe in the market. Also, ROSENDALE HYDRAULIC CEMENT for sale.

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Office and Manufactory—240 REBECCA ST., Allegheny. Orders by mail promptly attended to. je22:r93

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FOR SALE & TO LET.—Houses and Lots for sale in all parts of the city and suburbs. Also, several FARMS in good locations. Also, a small WOOLEN FACTORY, with 20 acres of land, and good improvements, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Business Houses to let on good streets. Private Dwelling Houses for rent in both cities. For further particulars inquire
WILLIAM WARD,
ja22 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

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EXTRA HEAVY
Barred Flannel,
A VERY LARGE STOCK,
Now Offered,
IN GOOD STYLES.
M'ELROY,
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WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS,
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WOOD STREET.

Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co.,
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS
AT EASTERN PRICES,
NO. 115 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
FULLERTON'S FREEPORT BARRED FLANNELS,
GREENVILLE FLANNELS AND BLANKETS.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS,
AND WHERE TO GET THEM.
J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.,
52 ST. CLAIR STREET,
Have just opened a a beautiful assortment of
DRESS GOODS,
Suitable for useful presents, which they are selling at lower prices than can be found in the city.
POPLINS, DELAINES,
SILKS, ALPACAS,
MERINOS, SILKS,
CLOAKING CLOTHS,
PAISLEY SAAWLS,
PLAID SHAWLS,
Table Linens, Napkins, Towels, Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs for Ladies and Gents.
Every description of DRY GOODS at lowest eastern prices.
No. 52 St. Clair, near Liberty St.
de2

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NEW GOODS!
WATERPROOF—all colors and qualities.
CASSIMERES—for Men's and Boys' Wear.
LADIES' CLOAKINGS—Large assortment.
FRENCH AND ENGLISH MERINOS.
IRISH POPLIN—$1.00 per yard.
VELOUS POPLINS.
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PALERMA CLOTH—for Suits.
BLACK SICILIAN LUSTRES.
BLACK AND COLORED EMPRESS CLOTHS—Large variety.
VELVETEENS—for Suits.
ELECTRIC CLOTHS.
Large assortment of PLAIDS.
Full stock of DRESS GOODS, at Lowest Eastern Prices.
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',
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NEW GOODS.
NEW ALPACCAS.
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BLACK SILKS.
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OUR REGULAR DECEMBER CLEARANCE SALE is now fully inaugurated, at prices that secure BETTER BARGAINS THAN EVER BEFORE, in
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS,
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Good Carpets for 25 cents a Yard.
OLIVER
M'CLINTOCK
AND COMPANY,
No. 23 Fifth Street.

REDUCTION!!
CARPETS,
OILCLOTHS,
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We offer our stock at reduced prices for a SHORT TIME before commencing to take stock. Now is the time to buy.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
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DECEMBER, 1868.
FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY,
CARPETS AT RETAIL
LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.
We offer FOR A FEW WEEKS ONLY our goods at a large reduction from regular rates. Our stock is full and complete in all departments, and we shall sell the best qualities and styles of Carpets at prices at which we cannot replace them, giving our customers an opportunity of obtaining bargains that may never be offered again. This special sale will continue only until the time of taking our annual inventory of stock at the end of this month.
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PRICES OF CARPETS
GREATLY REDUCED!
Our Stock is now unusually large and well assorted in every line.
We offer great inducements to buy now.
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ELECTIC SUMMER CORDIAL.
An infallible remedy for Summer Complaint, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Vomiting, Sour Stomach and Cholera Morbus.
DR. HARRIS' CRAMP CURE,
A specific for Cholera, Cramps and Pain in Stomach, for sale by
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AGENTS FOR
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The only green paint that will not deteriorate by exposure. It will look better, last longer and give more perfect satisfaction than any paint in the market

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ARE SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHERS
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OYSTER, WATER, BUTTER, SUGAR, SODA, CREAM, SCOTCH and LEMON BISCUITS.
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Machine Stone Works,
Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.
FRED'K ATWATER & CO.
Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewers' Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.
Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

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1,000,000 feet Dry Pine Boards;
150,000 feet 1½ and 2 inch Clear Plank;
30,000 feet Dry 1½ inch Common Plank;
30,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 feet Dry 2, 2½ and 3 inch Ash,
5,000 feet Dry 2, 2½, 3 in. Cherry & Maple
30,000 feet Dry 1, 1½, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
250,000 feet Hemlock Joists and Scanting;
750,000 No. 1 18-inch Shingles, sawed;
250,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
40,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, shaved;
40,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;
YARDS—No. 86 PREBLE STREET, former Manchester, and 157 REBECCA STREET, opposite the Gas Works, Allegheny City. no12

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Would direct the attention of the public to the fact that, possessing supersor facilities through several large Wine and Liquor Houses in Europe, and making their importations direct, they are enabled to offer the various grades of choice WINES AND LIQUORS at prices less than Eastern rates. Examinations of qualities and comparison of prices respectfully solicited.
A choice assortment of pure OLD RYE WHISKEY constantly on hand

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HOPS, &c. mh28.n53

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WM. MILLER,
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Nos. 221 AND 223,
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Offer to the trade at Low Figures:
150 pkgs. of NEW MACKEREL, in barrels halves, quarters and kits.
100 chests choice YOUNG HYSON, JAPAN and IMPERIAL TEAS.
50 sacks choice RANGOON RICE.
25 bbls. choice CAROLINA RICE.
75 bbls. LONG ISLAND SYRUP.
50 bbls. SYRUP, choice brands.
100 bbls. N. O. MOLASSES.
50 bbls. BERMUDA MOLASSES.
200 bbls. REFINED SUGAR.
75 hhds. PORTO RICO, CUBA and DEMARARA SUGARS.
200 bags RIO COFFEE.
50 bags JAVA and LAGUAYRA COFFEES.
100 cases IMPORTED CLARET.
250 cases MOET & CHANDON'S CHAMPAGNE WINES.
SCOTCH ALE and LONDON PORTER constantly on hand.

FERTILIZERS.

TO WHEAT GROWERS.
EUREKA AMMONIATED BONE,
SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME
MANUFACTURED BY
The Allegheny Fertilizer Co
SEWARD & CAMPBELL,
PROPRIETORS,
Office, 356 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa
The best Fertilizer in use, and recognized by Farmers who have given it a trial, to be the standard for raising large crops of Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Potatoes, &c. We have published for gratuitous circulation a pamphlet containing interesting and valuable statements of this Fertilizer, copies of which will be sent free to any sending us their address.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

H. B. LYON,
Sealer of Weights and Measures,
No. 5 FOURTH STREET,
(Between Liberty and Ferry streets.
Orders promptly attended to. ap18:

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, Ornamental Hair
HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 13 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.
Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies' WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOUPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner mh2:n8

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS,
FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, No. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

FRESH ASPARAGUS—VERY CHOICE: put up in cans hermetically sealed and will be found equal to that fresh from the garden for sale by JOHN A. RENSHAW,
ce2 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 136¼.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, December 7, 1868.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money easy, with less demand, the storm having checked operations in every department; market at 5@7 per cent. on call. Sterling quiet and unchanged. Gold strong, opening at 135⅝, and closing at 136¼. Imports for the week, $182,873, including $166,000 from Liverpool.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments steady. Coupons 1881, 115@115¼; do. '62, 111⅜@111½; do. '64, 107½@107⅝; do. '65, 108@108¼; do new, 110⅜@110¾; do. '67, 110⅝; do. '68, 110⅞; 10-40s, 105½@105⅝.

STATE BONDS.

Missouris, 89; New Tennessees, 67½@58; Old North Carolinas, 65¼@66; New do. 63; Old Virginias, 55¼@56; New do. 57@58.

STOCKS.

The Stock market opened dull; New York Central was still the leading feature and fell to 122¾ under all sorts of rumors, subsequently the market became strong with considerable activity, and Central closed at 126@126⅛, the recovery was caused by the statement that Judge Cardozo had modified Judge Barnard's injunction and a report that Vanderbilt and the Erie party were free buyers the rest of the market was favorably effected, but the only marked advance was on Michigan Central, which closed strong at 87⅞@88, under the report of its consolidation with the Lake Shore Road. Express Shares firmer, it being stated that there is more harmony among the companies.

5:30 PRICES:—Cumberland, 37¾@38¼ Wells Express, 26½@27; American, 45@46; Adams, 48@48¾; United States, 46@46½; Merchants Union, 16@16¼; Quicksilver, 22¼@22¾; Canton, 48¼@49¼; Pacific Mail, 115@116; Western Union Telegraph, 36⅞@37; Boston, Hartford and Erie, 26¼@27; Mariposa, 5½; preferred, 20¼@21; New York Central, 126@126½; Erie, 37¼@37⅜; do. prefrred, 59@60; Hudson, 125¼@126; Reading, 98¼@98⅝; Terre Haute 39@39½; do. preferred, 61½@52; Wabash, 57¼@57¾; do. preferred, 70¼; St. Paul, 65½@65¾; do. preferred, 84¼@82¾; Fort Wayne. 111⅝@111½; Ohio and Mississippi, 30¼@30⅜; Michigan Central, 119½; Michigan Southern, 87¼@88; Illinois Central, 144¼; Pittsburgh, 85@85½; Toledo, 101¾@101⅞; Rock Island, 108¼@108¾; Northwestern, 78¾@79; preferred, 81⅞@81¾.

MINING SHARES.

Mining shares dull. Gregory, 550; Smith & Parmelee, 430; Montana, 50.

SUB-TREASURY MATTERS.

The receipts at the Sub-Treasury to-day were $1,967,712; Payments, $1,756,962; Balance, $88,692,760.

New York Produce Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, December 7.—Cotton nominally a shade lower; sales of 600 bales at 24¼a24½c for middling uplands, chiefly 24½c. Receipts—flour, 4,123 barrels. Flour rules firm; sales of 8,400 barrels at $5,65a6,15 for superfine State and western, $6,65a7,15 for extra State, $6,50a6,60 for extra western, $8,10a9,75 for white wheat extra, $6,80a9,00 for R. H. O., $7,50a9,00 for extra St. Louis, $10a12,50 for good choice do; closing quiet. California flour dull; sales of 160 sacks at $6,75a9,75 via Horn, $10,50a12 via Isthmus, Rye flour firm; sales of 400 barrels at $6,50a8,50. Cornmeal quiet. Whisky qulet; small sales of western at $1,02¼a1,05 free. Receipts—wheat, 7,240 bushels. Wheat 2a 3c better with moderate inquiry; sales of 34,000 bushels at $1,44 for No. 2 and 3 spring mixed, $1,50a1,56 for No. 2 do., $1,60 for No. 1 and 2 do. mixed. Rye dull at $1,50 for western. Barley dull; sales 2,000 bush Canada western on private terms. Corn a shade firmer and in moderate demand, partly speculative; sales 75,000 bush at $1,12a1,14 for unsound, $1,14a1,17½ for sound mixed western, $1,14 for kiln dried, $1,12 for new white Southern, $1,18 for white western. Oats—receipts, 3,437 bush—more active and a shade firmer; sales 100,000 bush at 77¼a79c for western afloat, closing at the latter price, 77a77¼ for do. in store, 79c for State afloat. Stock of Grain in Warehouse—Wheat, 3,400,733 bush; Corn, 2,050,439 bush; Oats, 2,852,184 bush; rye, 294,937 bush; barley, 346,975 bush; Malt, 82,101 bush; Peas, 73,194 bush. Rice quiet, at 8a8¾c for Carolina. Coffee nominally unchanged. Sugar quiet and firm; sales of 21 hhds at 12c for Cuba. Molasses nominal; sales of 50 bbls New Orleans at 75c. Hops quiet at 10a25c tor American. Petroleum quiet. Linseed Oil quiet at 95a97c. Turpentine quiet and unchanged. Pork quiet and steady; sales of 650 bbls at $25,75a26,00 for new mess, $25,50a26,00 old do, $19,50a20,50 prime, $21,50a24,25 prime mess. Beef quiet; sales of 180 bbls at $13a16,40 for new plain mess, $16a20,00 new extra mess; tierce beef dull at $27a30 for prime mess. and $30a34 for India mess. Beef hams firm; sales 65 bbls at $30a32. Cut meats firm and quiet; sales 125 packages at 10a11¼c for shoulders, and 12a15c for hams. Middles steady and quiet; sales 275 boxes at 13¼c for Cumberland cut, and 13¾a14c for long cut hams. Lard firm and in moderate demand; 670 tcs at 14¾a15¾c for steam; 15¾a16¼c for kettle rendered; also 1,650 tcs sellers February at 15c. Butter steady at 25a40c for Ohio, and 40a50c for State. Cheese quiet and firm. Freights to Liverpool firmer; engagements per steamer are 25,500 bush grain at 6¼c for corn, 3¾c for wheat.

LATEST—Flour closed very firm and with a fair demand for common grades and dull for other kinds. Wheat; firmer for spring and dull for winter; No. 2 spring $1,52a1,56; amber Michigan $1,95a2,00. Rye dull at $1,49a1,50 for western. Oats very firm; western 77¼a78c in store, and 79c afloat. Corn firm at $1,14a1,15 for mixed western in store, and $1,16¼a1,17 afloat. Pork nominal at $25,50a26,00. Mess Beef nominally unchanged. Cut Meats dull and unchanged. Bacon firm, with a fair inquiry. Lard steady at 15¾a15¾c for fair to prime steam. Eggs quiet and steady.

Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, December 7.—Flour dull; family $7,25a7,75. Wheat dull; No. 1 red $1,78. Corn steady at 62a64. Oats firm at 60a62. Rye quiet at $1,28a1,30. Barley unchanged and dull, with very little demand; Cotton dull and declining; middling 22½. Whisky quiet at 98c. Hogs active and all sold, closing at $7,60a7,82 gross, and $9,25a9,75 net; 135,000 have been sold since Saturday. Provisions unsettled and mostly held out of the market. Mess Pork held at $24, with no buyers at better than $23,50. Bulk meats held at 9¾a9½ for shoulders, 12¼a12¾ for clear rib sides, and 13a13¼ for clear packed. Green meats in demand at 8c, 11c and 12c for shoulders, sides and hams, but holders asked ¼ higher at the close. Lard held higher; prime steam held at 14¼c with buyers at 14¼c, kettle rendered 15c. Butter firm at 35a39c. Eggs 33c. Linseed oil 96a98c. Groceries steady. The supply of New Orleans sugar and Molasses increasing. Gold 135¾ buying. Exchange dull at ⅛ dsicount buying ⅜ discount to par selling.

Memphis Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MEMPHIS, Dec. 7.—Cotton dull and nominal; receipts 2,632; exports 2,692 bales. Flour at $5,50a12. Corn at 70c. Oats at 63c. Hay at $20a22. Bran at 22a50c. Pork at $23a23,50 Lard at 15a16c. Bacon dull at 12c for shoulders; 18c for clear sides; 10c bulk shoulders, and 14c for clear sides.

Milwaukee Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, December 7.—Flour dull and weak and prices unchanged. Wheat firm and higher; $1,27 for No. 1, and $1,17 for No. 2. Oats steady at 48c for No. 2. Corn nominal. Rye nominal. Barley firmer at $1,50 for No. 2.

New York Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Receipts for the week—6,476 beeves, 27,742 sheep and lambs, 44,614 hogs. For beeves on the day following our last reporti the market was moderately active and steady at the last quotations, but on Wednesday it was fairly active and firmer, with about 1,100 head on sale, and choice steers sold at $16,75a17, while fair to prime steers brought 14a16½c; inferior and common, 10a13c; during the balance of the week the arrivals were insignificant and no change of importance occurred in prices. To-day the market was without activity, owing to the inclement weather, but the sales made were at prices not differing from those current last week. About 3,000 head comprised the offerings, of which the average quality was at about medium quotations: extra, 16¼a17c; prime, 16a16¼c, fair to good 14½a15½c, ordinary, 13a14c, inferior 10a12c. Sheep and Lambs—from the date of last report up to the close of the week, the market underwent no change. Trade tolerably active most of the time and with moderate sales at about last Monday's prices. To-day the market is moderately active at quite steady prices, with moderate offerings of extra sheared at 6½a7c, 5¼a6c for prime, and 3¾a5¼c for inferior to good. Sales for the week are reported at 213,274. Swine; immediately subsequent to our last report, the market advanced ½a¾ cents, sales being made as high as 8¼a8¾c; these prices prevailed up to Friday, when the market declined ¼c, closing at 8¼a8½c; on Saturday, however, prices were firmer, ranging from 8½c to 9c, the latter price for heavy prime; to-day the market was characterized by a fair degree of activity, but with liberal arrivals, being 28 car loads at Fortieth street and 9,691 head at Cummupipa. The extreme prices current on Saturday were not realized. The sales to-day were 2,640 head, at 8¼a8½c.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, December 7.—Eastern Exchange flat and lower, at ⅓ off buying, and par to 1-10 premium selling. Flour firmer; spring extras $5,75a7,00. Wheat active and firm and 2½c higher; sales No 1 at $1,24a1,28, and No 2 at $1,16a1,16½, closing steady at $1,18 for No 2; sales No 2 since change at $1,19. Corn; old firmer and more active; sales No 1 at 77a80c; No 2 more active at 74a75c; new in fair request and a shade higher, at 51¼a52½c; kiln dried quiet, at 61c for No 2, and 58c for rejected, closing steady at 51¾a52c; nothing doing this afternoon. Oats steady, firm and very quiet; sales No 2 at 48¼a48¾c, and rejected at 46c. Rye firmer and one cent higher; sales No 1 at $1,13¼a1,15, and No 2 at $1,12½a1,13, closing at outside. Barley firm, active and 1a 2c higher; sales No 2 at $1,60a1,62, and rejected at $1,40, closing at $1,62 for No 2 in Northwestern elevators, and $1,60 for regular. Highwines dull and weak; small sales free at 94c. Provisions firm but quiet. Mess Pork for cash inactive and nominal, at $23; sales of a lot of five hundred barrels, seller, January, at $22 50. Sweet Pickled Hams 12¼a12½c. Green Shoulders 8c. Green Hams 11a11¼c. Lard 14a14½c for steam and kettle rendered. Dressed Hogs in good demand and more active, at $9,25a9,50. Receipts—12,253 bbls flour, 31,878 bush wheat, 37,619 bush corn, 25,844 bush oats, 5,154 bush rye, 2,900 bush barley. Shipments—10,579 bbls flour, 4,458 bush wheat, 10,307 bush corn, 2,262 bush oats, 1,452 bush rye, 1,203 bush barley.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, December 7.—Tobacco unchanged. Cotton quiet at 22½c for middling. Flour quiet, and low grades scarce and wanted; superfine sold at $5a6, extra at $6,25a6,75, double extra at $7,00a7,50, treble extra to fancy at $8,00a10,75. Wheat; all grades dull and slow, except fancy, which is wanted; prime to choice red fall $1,45a1,85, and fancy $1,87a1,95; spring sold at $1,30a1,35 for No. 2 to choice. Corn dull and unsettled, ranging 63a70c. Oats dull at 53a56c. Barley steady at $1,80a2,00 for Iowa and Nebraska spring, and $2,25a2,75 for fair to fancy fall. Rye firm at $1,18a1,20. Whisky firm at 95c. Pork advanced to $23 a24. Dry salt shoulders 9a9½c, clear sides 13a13¼c, but generally held ¼c higher. Bacon—clear sides sold at 16¼a16¾c. Sugar cured Hams 16½c, but packers generally contend for higher prices. Lard very firm; prime steam 15½c. Receipts—2,500 bbls flour, 15,500 bus wheat, 11,800 bus corn. 11,000 bus oats, 4,100 bus barley, 900 bus rye.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, Dec. 7.—In store—wheat 405,000 bu; corn 233,000 bu; oats 160,000 bu; rye 133,000 bu; barley 122,000 bu; peas 4,000 bu. Receipts nominal. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat inactive; sales car lots No. 2 Chicago at $1,40; Port Washington $1,48; No. 1 Milwaukee $1,55. Corn dull; car lots sold at $1,01a1,02 for old mixed western; 85c for new, and 93c for kild dried. Oats dull; western 68c by car lots. Rye dull; sales 50 bu western at $1,45. Barley nominal at $2 for Canada. Mess pork $24 for heavy. Lard 15a16c. Highwines nominal at $1,04.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 7.—Flour dull at $7,50a8,25 for Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota extra family; $9a10,60 for Ohio do; $11a13 for fancy. Wheat lower; good red at $2a2,07; amber $2,14. Rye lower; sales at $1,52a1,54 for Pennsylvania. Corn dull; new sells slowly at 90a$1; old $1,12a1,24. Oats steady at 67a71c for western. Petroleum nominal; crude 16c in bulk; refined 29a29½c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky $1,04a1,00.

Toledo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, December 7.—Flour firmer but quiet. Wheat 2a3c better; No. 1 white Michigan $2,06a2,07; amber $1,78a1,80; do., seller, January, $1,78; No. 2 spring $1,25. Corn—old 1a2c better, and new steady; old No. 1 86a87c; new 70c; new rejected 65c. Oats steady and better; No. 1 58½c. Rye firmer at $1,30 for Michigan. Barley quiet. Clover Seed better at $7,40. Dressed Hogs ½c better, at 8¾a9¾c.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 7.—Sales tobacco light new lugs at $7a8; old $7a9. Cotton 22c. Wheat $1,65a1,78. Superfine flour $5a6. Corn 59a55c. Oats 53a57c. Hogs 8a8½c gross. Mess pork $24. Lard 15a15½c. Bulk shoulders 8a9½c; clear rib sides 12¾a13¼c; clear sides 13a13½c. Bacon—clear rib sides 16½c; clear sides 17c. Sugar 12a12¾c. Whisky nominal.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, December 7.—Flour quiet, steady and unchanged. Wheat dull; choice red $2.45. Corn dull and lower; new white 90a96c; yellow $1,04a1,06. Oats firm at 70a75c. Rye firm at $1,40a1,45. Mess Pork dull at $26.50. Bacon quiet; rib sides 17c; clear sides 17½c; shoulders 14c; hams 18c. Lard dull at 16½c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, December 7.—200 bbls flour, S Lindsay, Jr Co; 50 bbls highwines, Shipton & Wallace; 100 do do, 1 car meat, E H Myers & Co; 12 cars iron ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 10 bbls hominy, Vangorder & Shepard; 10 do do, J S Lippincott; 10 do do, E Heazleton; 10 do do, Dunley & Bro; 25 do do, J S Dilworth & Co; 15 do do, Arbuckles & Co; 10 do do, Hagan & McCarty; 10 do do, Kirkpatrick, Herron & Co; 2 cars limestone, Wampum Lime Co; 28 dressed hogs, J P Hanna & Co; 1 car oats, Marshall & Muller; 5 kegs apple butter, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 1 car oats, Scott & Gisal; 1 car corn, Elevator; 50 tcs hams, F Sellers & Co; 5 bbls oil, W Miller; 3 do do, Munhall & Megraw; 2 cars corn, O H Allerton; 115 sks rags, Frazier & Metzegar; 1 car rags and paper, Godfrey & Clark; 20 bgs buckwheat flour, J B Cambell; 4 bbls dry apples, 2 sks rags, Means & Coffin; 51 casks cider, Bingham & Lang; 1 car staves, M P Adams & Bro; 27 sks millfeed, Keil & Ritchart; 1 car lumber, A Milliken; 25 bxs cheese, J S Dilworth & Co; 50 do do, W M Gormly & Co; 27 do do, N J Braden; 1 car malt, Guckenheimer & Bro; 7 bbls cider Woodworth & Davison.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, December 7.—11 cars blooms, J Moorhead; 1 car wheels, Wm B Stout; 1 do copper, Park, McCurdy & Co; 1 car pig iron, Lloyd & Black; 1 do lumber, Hamilton, Algeo & Co; 1 do do, Burgan & Co; 1 car pig iron, Zug & Co; 2 car iron ore, Reese, Graff & Dull; 1 do do, Brown & Co; 7 do do, Shoenberger & Blair; 1 do bbls, 5 bbls scrap iron, J J Rogers; 5 bbls lard oil, J W Drass; 25 do white lime, S Davidson; 11 bxs glassware, Atterburry & Co; 25 bbls buckwheat flour, 20 kgs pearl barley, E Heazleton; 5 bbls potash, J B Canfield; 18 sacks rags, Christy & Benham; 10 kegs butter, Walker & Co; 263 sks oats, R C Henderson; 45 bbls apples, 1 bx butter, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 10 kgs pearl barley, Haworth & Dewhart; 25 bbls apples, F G Craighead.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R.R., December 7.—1 car metal, H Woodsides; 1 do do, Rees, Graff & Dull; 1 do do, McKnight, Porter & Co; 21 sks rye, 29 do oats, Scott & Gisal; 5 sks beans, S Ewart & Co; 3 pkgs walnuts, Knox & Orr; 11 sks buckwheat flour, Gay & Welsh; 18 pkgs sundries, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 1 bbl eggs, Fetzer & Bro; 1 bbl tobacco, Megraw & Co; 4 bags onions, 6 bags buckwheat flour, L J Blanchard; 4 pkgs tobacco, Pretzfield & Bro; 3 bbls beans, Kirkpatrick, Herron & Co; 6 sides, G N Hoflstott & Co; 42 sks oats, C Reiter; 160 bbls oil, Craft & Co; 160 do do, D M Edgerton & Co; 80 do do, A W Raymond; 60 do do, D Bly & Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, December 7.—1 car hay, H J Henderson; 1 car flaxseed, Ewer, Hamilton & Co; 5 cars iron ore, Spang, Chalfant & Co; 1 car wheat, W McKee & Co; 1 car corn, 57 sks oats, Stewart & Nichols; 2 cars barley, M Weil & Co; 14 bbls elder, H Hespinheide; 2 cars flaxseed, M B Suydam; 20 bbls oil, S M Cummings; 1 car ore clay, Jos Craig; 200 bbls apples, John Herbert; 70 bdls paper, Frazier & Metzager; 20 sks corn, G Faas; 5 cars metal, Lewis, Bailey & Dalzell; 3 do limestone, Superior Iron Co; 2 pkgs tobacco, E Gleason.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to rise slowly at this point with scant seven feet in the channel by the Monongahela marks last evening. The weather yesterday was undoubtedly the worst of the season. A steady mixture of snow and rain fell during the entire day, while under foot there was a mixture of snow, water and mud, rendering it exceedingly disagreeable for pedestrians to navigate, and out-door business was almost completely suspended.

We have no arrivals or departures aside from the regular packets. The New York, from Cincinnati, and Armenia, from St. Louis, are among the first boats due.

The Bayard, in command of Capt. Geo. D. Moore, leaves for Cincinnati to-day. She will continue in the Pittsburgh and Cincinnati packet trade until the McCullough is able to resume business again.

The Savanna arrived from St. Paul last evening. This is her first appearance here since last spring; she usually comes here to winter.

The Coal City was getting a tow ready last evening, and will doubtless take her departure to-day.

The Glasgow, Capt. Andy Robinson Jr., will be the first boat out for St. Louis.

The Kate Putnam, enroute from Pittsburgh to St. Louis, was at Louisville on Saturday.

The Mary Davage, Capt. Jas. Shedden, is announced for New Orleans forthwith. Gen. Chas. Barnes is her agent.

The Camelia, Capt. Thos. Poe, clerk Geo. Splane, will be the first out for Nashville.

The R. C. Grey, according to our latest advices, was going through to Memphis. We did think that she would reship at Cincinnati.

—The Silver Cloud No. 2, arrived at St. Louis on last Friday.

—The Louisville *Courier*, of Saturday says: The Sallie was unable to come over the falls Thursday evening and dropped back to Portland and transferred her freight to the Pink Varble and came up yesterday without difficulty. The Varble brought her freight through the canal. The Sallie will leave for Pittsburgh as soon as she takes her freight aboard.

—The Muscatine *Journal* says: Superintendent Raney passed down on the Addie Johnston yesterday for St. Louis. He meets "old man" Davidson, Captain P. S. Davidson, the White Collar superintendent, W. E. Wellington, assistant superintendent and other general officers of the line at a conference to be held in that city next Wednesday. The Captain will "winter" in Pittsburgh.

—The St. Louis *Republican* of Saturday says: The question of the "Great Republic" was finally decided yesterday, by the Court ordering another sale on the 15th, thus deciding adversely to the claims of the parties who thought they had bought her on last Friday. It is now asserted that the difficulties under which the boat has been laboring will be settled amicably, and no sale be necessary.

—In July last the Atlantic and Mississippi Steamship Company sold at public auction, at the Merchants' Exchange, St. Louis, a lot of vessels at a terrible drpreciation, as the following will show:

	Cost.	Sale.
Mississippi	$140,000	$20,000
Luminary	76,000	14,750
M. E. Forsyth	96,000	6,500
Total	$312,000	$41,250
Total loss		$270,750

The Mollie Able, which cost to build $140,000, was sold at private sale by the company at $28,000, showing a loss of $112,000.

—IRON BARGES.—There is a very strong probability that Dubuque is to have quite an accession to her manufactories; one that will redound very materially to the general prosperity and notoriety. We mean a shipyard (?) for the building of iron barges. Yesterday, Commodore Jo. Reynolds, better known as "Diamond Jo," waited on Messrs. Rose & Dean, the well-known machine and engine builders of our city, and laid before them the project of building iron barges for his line. Messrs. Rose & Dean's foreman of the boiler shop, who has had considerable experience in iron ship building in England and the Canadas, gives it as his opinion that iron barges can be built here within one-third or one-fourth the cost of wooden barges. Should this prove true, the Commodore will have two iron barges put on the stocks at once, as he is satisfied to enter into a contract within that margin. Plans of the barges are to be furnished for estimates, and the result will be known in a few days.—*Dubuque Times*, 3d.

—The following affidavit of Mr. Joseph P. Maigh and Captain W. B. Donaldson, was read in the United States District Court, at St. Louis, on Friday last, in regard to the Great Republic: It stated that they were present at the time appointed for the sale, and that it was then apparent from the appearance and conduct of the parties present that there would not be any fair competition in the bidding for the boat, and that it would, if put up, be sacrified; that the Deputy United States Marshal, under the circumstances, stated to those present, that unless a sum was bid that would justify him in starting the boat, he would not put it up; that the sum of $25,000 was offered, but that the Marshall refused to receive it as a bid. The Deputy Marshal also stated that he would not put up the boat except on an advance of $50,000. The boat is the largest and most costly on the Western rivers, and cost, less than two years ago, over $270,000. A few of the large items of this are: hull, $50,700; engines and blacksmith work, $76,291 11; cabin, $29,116; painting, $8,970; bedding and upholstery, $12,390 88; silver ware, $3,812 50. The affiant further states that the boat can not now be built for $200,000, that the outfit of said boat is complete and in good order, and that with the exception of her needing to be placed on the docks for caulking and some slight repairs, is in good order, she having no broken timbers whatever. They believe that if put up for sale, she will bring a great deal more than enough to pay all her lien debts, and that they now have a written offer of a fully responsible party to start the boat in case it is put up for sale, at the sum of $35,000.

Rivers and Weather.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 7.—River rising with seven feet eight inches of water in the Canal. A snow storm has been prevailing all day. Steamer will arrive on Wednesday and return to New Orleans on Saturday.

STEAMBOATS.

IMPORTANT TO SHIPPERS.

FOR CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE, CAIRO, MEMPHIS, VICKSBURG AND NEW ORLEANS.—The

MARY DAVAGE AND BARGES,

JAMES SHEDDEN, Commander.

Will leave as above on

WEDNESDAY, December 9th.

Shippers should bear in mind that the DAVAGE will positively go through without re-shipping.

de4 CHARLES BARNES, Agent.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING,

Marietta and Parkersburg Line.

Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood street,

DAILY, AT 12 M.

MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS,

BAYARD..... A. S. SHEPHERD, Master.

WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,

GREY EAGLE..... C. L. BRENNAN, Master.

Freight will be received at all hours by

se14 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

FOR NASHVILLE, DIRECT—The steamer

CAMELIA.....Capt. THOS. POE.

Will leave on

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10th.

for Evansville, Clarksville and Nashville.

For freight or passage apply on board or to.

GHRIEST & HASLETT,
JOHN FLACK,

de4 Or, J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T. GORMLY, 1812.

W. M. GORMLY,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

No. 271 Liberty Street,

(DIRECTLY OPP. EAGLE HOTEL,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

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J. L. DILLINGER..... ....A. E. STEVENSON.

DILLINGER & STEVENSON,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 87 Second Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

RECEIVE AND SELL

All Kinds of Country Produce.

All orders for Merchandise promptly filled, at LOWEST market rates. Particular attention given to the sale of Butter, Eggs, Cheese Dried Fruits, &c. We feel confident that we can give entire satisfaction, by making QUICK SALES and PROMPT RETURNS, at HIGHEST MARKET PRICES, and therefore respectfully solicit your consignments. All correspondence answered promptly. Marking Plates furnished free. Grain in store and to arrive daily.

au31:t78

WATT, LANG & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Groceries, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Carbon Oil, &c.,

Nos. 172 and 174 WOOD STREET, near Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. nos:n55

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M. STEELE & SON,

Commission Merchants,

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FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.

No. 95 OHIO STREET near East Common, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

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J. B. CANFIELD & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and Wholesale Dealers in Goshen, Factory, Hamburg and W. R. Cheese, Butter, Lard, Pork, Bacon, Flour, Fish, Dried Fruit, Grain, Pig Lead, Pot, Pearl and Soda Ashes, White-Lime, Linseed, Lard, Coal and Carbon Oils. No. 141 First street, Pittsburgh.

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my24:b37

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McBANE & ANJER,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 141 WATER STREET, above Smithfield, Pittsburgh. fe5

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FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

For the sale of Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Dried Fruit, and Produce generally, No. 16 MARKET STREET, corner of First, Pittsburgh.

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ja17:r87

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JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE.

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FLOOR OIL CLOTHS—We have in stock a large assortment of styles and various widths of thoroughly seasoned Floor Oil Cloths, which we are offering to the wholesale and retail trade at prices lower, taking quality into consideration, than can be had in this city.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
no30 26 and 28 Sixth street.

GREEN OIL CLOTH FOR WINDOW SHADES—We are now manufacturing this article of a quality superior in finish, and at prices lower than can be had of any Eastern manufacturers. Dealers will find it to their interest to examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
no30 26 and 28 Sixth St., formerly St. Clair.

BUSINESS. BUSINESS.—For sale the lease, fixtures, and good will of an old established Produce Commission House now doing a good business, and having a large correspondence and consignments. The warehouse is one of the best stands in the city for the business. Apply to or address S. CUTHBERT & SON,
de5 85 Smithfield street.

500 BUSHELS

PRIME SOUTHERN RED WHEAT,

To arrive and for sale by

se18 McBANE & ANJER.

MEDICAL.

HERNIA OR RUPTURE.

Hernia or Rupture cured.
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Hernia or Rupture cured.
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Rupture or Hernia cured.
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Marsh's Radical Cure Truss.

Ritter's Patent Truss.

Fitch's Supporter Truss.

Self-Adjusting Truss.

Dr. Banning's Lace or Body Brace, for the cure of Prolapsus Uteri, Piles, Abdominal and Spinal Weaknesses.

Dr. S. S. Fitch's Silver-Plated Supporter.

Pile Props. for the support and cure of Piles.

Elastic Stockings, for weak and varicose veins.

Elastic Knee Caps, for weak knee joints.

Ankle Supporters, for weak knee joints.

Suspensory Bandages.

SELF-INJECTING SYRINGES.
SELF-INJECTING SYRINGES.
SELF-INJECTING SYRINGES
SELF-INJECTING SYRINGES

Also, every kind of Syringes.

Sold at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood St.

SUSPENSORY BANDAGE,
SUSPENSORY BANDAGES,
SUSPENSORY BANDAGES,
SUSPENSORY BANDAGES,

A dozen different kinds.
A dozen different kinds.
A dozen different kinds.

At Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood Street.

☞ Drug Store, No. 140 WOOD STREET, sign o the Golden Mortar. Persons writing for Trusses should send the number of inches around the body, immediately over the rupture.

☞ DR. KEYSER will give his personal attention to the application of Trusses in adults and children, and he is satisfied that, with an experience of twenty years, he will be enabled to give satisfaction. au31

DISEASED LUNGS.

There is no doubt whatever that diseases of the lungs, or ulcers of whatever sort, on any of the internal organs may be, and are frequently cured, and a complete condition of health established. If the elaborative functions, of which the stomach is the primary and most important one, are restored to a condition to do the repairing of the human system, ulcers or sores, whether upon the lungs, the liver, the kidneys or the bowels, or upon the legs, as is frequently the case, can be made to heal, and a complete standard of health re-established.

We have frequently seen these results from the use of Dr. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE, a pleasant and agreeable medicine, which will ripen up and carry out of the animal economy all effete and used up material. Dr. K. says that he has known the most distressing and harassing coughs, whose vibrations would threaten to shake the whole constitution to pieces, removed in the course of a few days In long standing cases of consumption, or of other sometimes fatal, but always troublesome and annoying maladies, known as catarrh, chronic bronchitis, trachitis or pharyngitis, it is a wonderful alleviating medicine in the former and a sure cure in he latter disease.

DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE IS ENRICHED BY SOME OF THE MOST VALUABLE PLANTS AND HERBS KNOWN TO BE USEFUL AND CURATIVE IN ALL DETERIORATED STATES OF THE HUMAN BLOOD, and whilst it adds to its plasma, it at the same time stimulates, gently but effectively, the skin, the kidneys, the liver and the glanular system to sufficient action to enable the body to take on healthful action and eradicate the disease. The sick and afflicted should bear in mind the virtues of this great medicine, and if those who are sufficiently alive to the importance of health, will resort to it in the beginning of a cough or cold, there would be no falling into declines and rapid consumption, hopelessly incurable and so most surely fatal.

Sold by the gross, dozen or single bottle, at

Dr. Keyser's Great Medicine Store,

140 Wood Street.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT OFFICE for EXAMINATIONS AND THE TREATMENT OBSTINATE CHRONIC DISEASES, 140 PEN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Office hours from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M.

ag:st 31 1868.

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH and CONNELLSVILLE R. R.

On and after TUESDAY, November, 17th, 1868 trains will arrive at and depart from the Depot corner of Grant and Water streets, as follows:

	Depart.	Arrive.
Mail to and from Uniont'n.	7:00 A. M.	6:00 P. M.
McKeesport Accommod't'n.	11:00 A. M.	2:05 P. M.
Ex. to and from Uniont'n.	3:00 P. M.	10:10 A. M.
West Newton Accommod'n	4:30 P. M.	8:35 A. M.
Braddock's Accommodat'n	6:15 P. M.	7:50 P. M.
Night Acc. to McKeesport	10:30 P. M.	6:45 A. M.
Sunday Church Train to and from West Newton.....	1:00 P. M.	10:00 A. M.

For tickets apply to

J. R. KING, Agent.

W. B. STOUT, Superintendent. no20

CHANGE of TIME.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

On and after MONDAY, November 9th, 1868 TWO TRAINS DAILY will leave Pittsburgh Station, corner of Eleventh and Pike streets for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

LEAVE PITTSBURGH.		ARRIVE IN PITTSBURGH.	
Mail.....	7:15 a m	Mail.....	5:40 p m
Express.....	7:10 p m	Express.....	6:30 a m
Brady's B'd Ac	3:00 p m	Bradys B'd Ac	10:30 a m
1st Soda Works Accomod'n..	10:50 a m	1st Soda Works Accomoda'n.	8:20 a m
2d Soda Works Accomod'n..

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED.
Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICE:
GAZETTE BUILDING, NOS. 84 AND 86 FIFTH ST.

OFFICIAL PAPER

Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

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One month, 75	Six mos..1.50	5 copies, each..1.25
By the week (from carrier.) 75	Three mos 75	10 " " 1.15 —and one to Agent.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1868.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE, *issued on Wednesdays and Saturdays, is the best and cheapest family newspaper in Pennsylvania. It presents each week forty-eight columns of solid reading matter. It gives the fullest as well as the most reliable market reports of any paper in the State. Its files are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county for reference in important issues to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute. Terms: Single copy, one year, $1.50; in clubs of five, $1,25; in clubs of ten, $1,15, and one free to the getter up of the club. Specimen copies sent free to any address.*

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Annual Meeting of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Stockholders; Pittsburgh Teachers' Institute. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Financial, Mercantile and River News, Markets, Imports. Seventh page: Agricultural Department, Local News.*

GOLD closed in New York on yesterday at 136¼.

THE PROPRIETORS of the GAZETTE have bought the lot and four-story building situated on the north-west corner of Smithfield street and Sixth avenue, abutting the Central Presbyterian Church, and opposite the German Methodist, with the intention of ultimately removing their office thither.

SO MUCH of the recent raid, upon the Union Pacific Railway Company, as could claim any plausible motive for the attack, was due first to the jealousy of the Central Pacific, which competes with it for the control of the largest portion of the entire line, and, second, to the interference of the holders of first-mortgage bonds, whose interest it is to have the road thoroughly built. Beyond these parties, the raid has been supported by an indiscriminate mob of sharpers about the Capital. It is now understood that all the issues, which have been made with the Union Pacific, are about to be arranged to the satisfaction of all interests.

CONGRESS AND THE MESSAGE.

The last session of the XLth Congress commenced at noon of yesterday. A quorum was present in each House, and the President was notified thereof with the usual formality. His annual message will be submitted to-morrow, and our latest information is that its entire text will be telegraphed to the Press, the President omitting the usual courtesy of forwarding printed copies thereof in advance.

A synopsis of this document, said to be reliable, informs us that the message will be largely occupied with the discussion of foreign affairs, especially relating to England, Paraguay, Spain, Cuba, San Domingo and Mexico. He also dwells at some length upon his favorite topic of Southern wrongs, and the domestic questions relating particularly to the finances, to frauds upon the revenue, to Indian affairs, and to the army are also discussed. The foreshadowings are such as to lead us to believe that, with the exception of his peculiar views upon Southern affairs, the last annual message of President JOHNSON will be found to be an interesting and valuable document, commanding for its suggestions and recommendations, in the main, the approval of very many citizens who have never regarded themselves as his supporters.

THE LATEST HORROR.

The fearful calamity of last Friday night, which involved not only the destruction of two costly and magnificent steamers on the Lower Ohio, but also the loss of an unknown number of lives, has flung its cloud of horror like a pall of death over the public mind. The later calamity resembles, in one melancholy particular, the terrible railway murder which occurred at Angola about a year since. No record has been saved, to afford an accurate list of those who have perished, while the dark waters of the Ohio, more cruel than even the ashes of the Angola holocaust, will entomb the relics of many a victim in a forever impenetrable oblivion. What the fire would have spared, the waters have engulphed, and no trace remains even for discovering the names of the dead, except as their homes are no more to know the wayfarers, who were last heard from when likely to embark upon the voyage which led straight to the "unknown shore."

The primary cause of this calamity seems to have been, either an error of judgment on the part of the pilots, who, blinded by darkness and the storm, were unable to distinguish properly their respective signals, and did not discover even the vicinity of their boats, *until they were within two hundred yards of a collision*, or the misjudgment of commanders who, in a night so dark, with a snow-storm raging in the air, with the knowledge that another vessel might be encountered at any moment, could permit those immense boats, freighted with hundreds of inestimable lives, to be driven along at a combined speed exceeding thirty-five miles per hour, as if rushing blindly upon the hazard of destruction. When we have the evidence that these boats were driven carefully, at reduced speed and with due regard in all other respects to the dictates of an ordinary prudence, to say nothing of the extraordinary precautions which the safety of the public may justly require, we can then judge better how far the officers of these steamers are amenable to the public condemnation. No such evidence has yet appeared, and, until we shall have it, we can easier find an excuse for the error of the pilots than for the inexplicable recklessness of their superior officers.

But the secondary cause,—to which the great loss of life may be in good part attributed—is apparent in the fact that one of the ill-fated vessels carried on her extreme forward deck a quantity of petroleum oil in barrels. In the shock of the collision, these barrels were precipitated upon the furnaces and instantly the boat was enveloped in flames, adding immeasurably to the perils and horror of the moment. Can it be that, after such a terrible lesson as this event teaches, our law-makers will permit this liquid death to be conveyed upon any passenger-craft. This event adds another and most appalling proof of the need for an absolute prohibition against a practice which, to say the least, is no more safe than the transportation of gunpowder. Congress should forbid, with the most rigorous penalties, the carriage of petroleum in freight, even to the most limited extent, upon any land or water conveyance also used at the same time for passengers. The prohibition should be absolute, and enforced by penalties stringent enough to secure absolute obedience.

MURDER LEGALIZED.

The trial of Gen. G. W. COLE, charged with the murder of Mr. L. H. HISCOCK, was concluded at Albany, New York, yesterday, by the acquittal of the prisoner. The motive to the commission of the murder was the alleged seduction of the wife of COLE by HISCOCK. Insanity was the plea offered in defence. The jury stated that they found the prisoner sane the moment before the killing, and the moment after, but were in doubt as to his sanity at the instant of the homicide, and the Court instructed them that they must give the benefit of the doubt to the prisoner—which they did.

It stands to reason that the jurors had no doubt whatever as to the perfect sanity and consequent responsibility of the prisoner, and did not mean to try him according to the law and evidence, but according to the prevailing sentiment which holds that if a man is wronged as to the virtue of his wife, daughter, or sister, he may take vengeance into his own hands, and kill the offender with impunity. Public sentiment is decidedly wild on this matter, as would become apparent if every woman should proceed to kill every other woman who was guilty of criminal connection with her husband, son, or brother. In this event, a reign of terror would exist in all cities and towns, and the streets would be deluged with blood.

Nor do we see why this measure of redress is not exactly as applicable to all other forms of wrongs inflicted either upon men or women, as to this form. If one man, regardless of the law, may execute the extremest vengeance upon his fellow for one species of offence, why may he not for another?

But, it deserves to be considered that in this, as in other cases which have been similarly decided, it was not shown that the man was in fault more than the woman. If men tempt and seduce women, they are as often tempted and seduced by them. It has happened, even in such a case, that after a man had killed his wife's paramour, and been acquitted on the ground of insanity, he had taken her back to his arms as a loyal and loving spouse. Could anything more conclusively reveal the falsity of this principle of adjudication?

If the laws for the protection of marital rights, or chastity in general, are not strong enough, let them be made as stringent as they ought to be; but an end should be made of jurors perjuring themselves to evade an honest execution of the laws.

SCIENTIFIC LECTURES.

In former years we have called attention to a great want in our cities—popular scientific lectures. Professor BARNARD, now at the head of the Bureau of Education, once said to us here, "your people will certainly appreciate and encourage science." So we fully believed. But we have been compelled to change our opinion. If advantages for learning science are brought to our very doors, to be had for a mere nominal sum, our people will, and do, turn away from them. Prof. B.'s opinion was founded on the fact that we are a wealthy manufacturing community. Such a people, he rightly thought, should be eager to avail themselves of all the advantages to be derived from the advance of science.

But our lecture-season has again come without any arrangement, so far as we know, for anything but the usual entertaining readings and lectures, all selected with reference to the pecuniary returns they will bring and not with reference to instructing and elevating the public mind and taste. So far as these go, and so far as they accomplish the object of securing funds for a good purpose, it is well. There should be lectures of a different and higher kind, such as will tend to cultivate a taste for a better kind of reading than that which commonly prevails, and also to fit our people better, more economically and with greater profit to carry on their various departments of manufacture. If our wealthy men, and all our young men, have not a taste for these subjects, we should seek to create it while it does not exist, and to strengthen it while it is weak, by giving them an opportunity to see what they may enjoy, and may learn even if this is to be done at a sacrifice. A great benefit will thus be conferred on our youth and on our city. Something should be done here without counting the money directly to be made. We have here the men and the instruments to render such a course interesting and profitable, though really few know it. If we have not, then we can send abroad for them. Other cities are far before us in this respect. Who will move in so important a matter?

MORTUARY.

Among the persons lost in the frightful steamboat catastrophe, down the Ohio, were Mr. GEO. W. FAHNESTOCK and daughter, of Philadelphia, formerly of this city, and whose sad fate will thrill many hearts with unutterable grief.

Mr. F. was a son of the late Mr. B. A. FAHNESTOCK, widely and reputably known as a druggist and white lead manufacturer. Several years ago a branch of the Pittsburgh house was opened at Philadelphia, and he went there to manage the concern. At the close of the war this establishment was discontinued or sold; but he continued to reside in the city of his adoption.

Upon the death of B. A. FAHNESTOCK, Mr. J. L. SWARTZ became the manager of the house here, G. W. FAHNESTOCK retaining his father's interest. When Mr. SWARTZ died a few months ago, it was arranged that his son should succeed as manager of the concern, G. W. FAHNESTOCK retaining his interest. This arrangement was reduced to writing a few days ago, and then Mr. FAHNESTOCK proceeded on his western trip, which proved fatal.

His wife died a year ago, and his only child perished with him, leaving his mother as his only representative.

During his stay in our city last week Mr. FAHNESTOCK busily engaged himself in collecting, at the book depots, pamphlets of every description in order to enable him to complete a full set of an hundred or so bound and classified volumes which he intended to present to some literary institution of Philadelphia. He was ardently devoted to literature and the fine arts, and perhaps, held in his possession as fine a collection of rare literary curiosities and odd works of art as any other private gentleman of that city.

Mrs. ELIZA HOUSE, aged sixty, and her son, ALONZO HOUSE, aged eighteen years, of Birmingham, formerly of Washington, Pa., are among the lost. They are step-mother and step-brother to Mr. JOHN I. HOUSE, grocer, of this city. Mrs. HOUSE was on the way to Evansville to attend the funeral of her daughter.

THE MAN FOR SENATOR.

"Pennsylvania does not want a man identified with any particular department of industrial interests, but one of eminent ability, with broad and liberal views, capable of comprehending the fact that State and National prosperity depend not on the fostering of any particular interest, but on the building up and protecting of all, thereby securing to us a varied industry and consequent prosperity."—*Bedford Inquirer.*

We beg to dissent; holding it to be a serious evil in the land that men identified with great business interests are not oftener selected than they are, to occupy seats in the two Houses of Congress and in the State Legislature. The idea of ostracizing a man from the public service because he has become eminent as a thinker on, and manager of, important practical affairs, is a folly that deserves to be lashed with a whip of scorpions. If such men shall not be selected for high positions, what sorts of men shall be? Shall the men be taken who have not brains and energy enough to become conspicuous in any department of genuine and useful activity whatever?

Our contemporary describes the sort of men it would have, as "men of eminent ability, with broad and liberal views;" but such men are not likely to be found among the drones and triflers of society. They are much more likely to be identified with commerce, manufactures, finance, law, physic, journalism, agriculture, and other active pursuits. The man who is identified with no interests, allowance being made for purely exceptional cases, is a man who has nothing in him, and is fit for nothing but to remain in his natural obscurity. It may suit certain purposes to denounce one man as unworthy of public confidence because he is a railway President, another because he is a manufacturer, a third because he is a lawyer; but where shall these miserable and senseless proscriptions end?

Whoever may be taken for Senator should be judged of not by the lawful and proper calling he follows; but by whatever talents and qualifications he possesses or lacks. A professed judgment resting upon any other basis is not a judgment at all, but a wretched appeal to passion and prejudice.

MODERN PROPHECIES.

February 20, 1821, Gen. HENRY LEAVENWORTH, at that time stationed at Council Bluffs, wrote to a friend, Mr. PRESTON, since deceased, then living on the Pennsylvania side of the Delaware river, a short distance below the forks thereof, in these remarkable words:

"Having been for a long time from New York, and in fact from the civilized world, I am particularly gratified with the progress of that State in internal improvement and especially at the success of the Erie Canal. While I had the honor to represent the county of Delaware in the Legislature, I was a warm friend of that measure. Some men in Delaware attempted to injure me in the opinion of my constituents. Hence, I am very glad that my predictions as to the canal are likely to be verified. My old friend, Erastus Root, has been upon a wrong scent ever since the canal question has been agitated. He and his supporters, by opposing and abusing De Witt Clinton, will, I fear, prevent the northern States from having the next President. This may lead to the election of a Southern one, and in this event there will never again be a President from north of the Potomac. Our star spangled banner *will go increasing in stars of a darker shade until the luster of our brighter stars shall become entirely obscured, and their light quite extinguished*, OR THE BANNER ITSELF TORN ASUNDER TO AVOID THE SABLE ECLIPSE. This is too dreadful to dwell upon, and yet I fear *it is what we must witness unless all new States hereafter admitted into the Union shall be required to come in clad in the white robes of freedom.* This should be a *sine qua non* with every man who has any wish for the permanent Union of these States, and the future glory of our federal republic. The compromise by which the Slaveholding States are permitted to have represented in Congress for three-fifths of their negroes was made with the original States. Let new States, therefore, at all events, relinquish that right, and consent to be taxed for their blacks in proportion to their money value."

A son of the late Mr. PRESTON, who sent us this extract, says he also found among his father's papers a rough draft of a letter written by Gen. LEAVENWORTH to the late Hon. HENRY BALDWIN, of Pittsburgh, dated November 13, 1829, in which he says:

"I coincide most freely as to the practicability and importance of the railway you mention, and should be willing to pay my portion *to make it, even to the Pacific Ocean, and thereby open up a direct trade with China and the East Indies.* We might supply the three hundred and thirty-three millions of Chinese with everything they might desire, from a steamship to a breakfast of fresh eggs. Railroads are, no doubt, decidedly superior to canals. To show you that I have been thinking on this subject, I send you a rough draft of a letter I lately sent to my friend Baldwin."

These extracts prove that Gen. LEAVENWORTH was a man of the clearest forecast and the most sagacious judgment.

THE LATE DISASTER.

Incidents and Particulars—Terrible Scenes—The Lost and Saved—Statements from Passengers, &c.

We have additional particulars of the terrible calamity of Friday night, on the lower Ohio, in our exchanges from below.

The boats were valued at respectively $140,000 and $180,000—total $320,000—and are regarded as a total loss. The insurances were entirely in Cincinnati and Louisville offices, mainly the former, amounting to $240,000 on the boats, and $60,000 on the cargoes, a total of $300,000.

The Dumont, which brought the rescued to Cincinnati late on Saturday night, presented a sad sight to the eyes of the crowd. strewed along the cabin floor, on cots, the scalded and wounded were lying, groaning under the agonizing pain of their wounds. Men and women but half-dressed, covered with shawls, blankets and bed-quilts, were gathered around the stove, shivering with the cold. Hatless men, with bandaged heads and arms were also there, and the sight that we witnessed upon our entrance into the cabin was one that we shall never forget.

The clerk of the United States said the boat was struck by the America on the larboard side, about ten feet aft of forward, the collision driving a number of barrels of petroleum into the furnace, causing the flames to flash up in a moment. The boats were within two hundred yards of each other before either of the pilots discovered the proximity.

There were two bridal parties on the boat, and some of the passengers thought they would have a little fun in serenading them, which they did, and some twenty minntes after the serenade the collision occurred, and I think if it was not for the serenade the bridal parties would have been lost, but as they were in their state-rooms awake, they were apprised of the danger in which they were, and got off the United States on to America, and as their state-rooms were on the same side as the America, they were saved. The scene in the cabin at the time was indescribable. Several ladies stood, throwing their children overboard, and crying for assistance. Upon the guards a number of ladies stood, wringing their hands and crying for help, but they would not leave the place they were in, and perished in the flames.

A passenger states that it was not over thirty seconds when the States caught fire, the cause of which was the bursting of a number of barrels of petroleum stowed on the bow of the States. The America immediately caught fire, and succeeded in making the Indiana shore, where her crew ran out a stage to allow the passengers to escape. He was the third man off the boat. He returned and assisted the ladies off the boat. He saw a number jump into the river. He assisted two ladies off the boat who were entirely naked, having lost their night clothes while escaping from the raging flames. Over seventy-five persons took supper on the America before the collision.

A list of the United States' passengers can not be correctly given, owing to the loss of the clerk's register, which was burned with the boat. There, unfortunately, remains but little doubt that Mr. George W. Fahnestock and daughter, of Philadelphia, were among the lost. They are supposed to have been passengers on this boat and their names do not appear among the saved. Among the survivors is Mr. Jesse Smith, of this city. We have heard the particulars of Ole Bull's escape. He had, contrary to his habit, laid down in his berth with his clothes on, and when the crash occurred he seized his famous violin, and made his way ashore, jumping into the water and wading. He lost all his property he had with him with the exception of the violin and the clothes he wore.

The America's main deck was all burned off. She lies against the bank, on the Indiana shore, head up stream, in seven feet water. The United States lies in eight feet water, head up stream, about one hundred yards above the America, and eighty feet from shore. The main deck of the latter is not all burned off, and the frames of her wheel-houses were still standing. The safe of the United States was recovered, and brought here on the Dumont.

The clerk of the America burst open the room, No. 32, in which Miss Burton, of the company of Ole Bull, was sleeping. He had a great deal of labor in getting her out, and had to force her off the boat.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 7—Details of the collision between the America and United States are coming in slowly. The indications are that both boats were, at the time of the collision, headed toward the Indiana shore. The General Lytle arrived last night with a few of the survivors. Mr. Hall, of Evansville, was among the saved on the United States. The charred remains of eight bodies, supposed to be females, have been recovered from the United States. None of them could be recognized. Mr. N. J. Bigley, of Pittsburgh, mentioned yesterday as being lost, is safe. Geo. W. Fahnestock and daughter, of Philadelphia, were lost on the United States. Mr. Fisher, of Pennsylvania, passenger on the United States, is burned badly about the face and hands. Mr. Cunningham, of Allegheny City, Pa., on the same, is in the hospital in this city, badly burned on the hands and feet, and the right side of face. A lad, fifteen years old, en route from Rhode Island to Memphis, is slightly burned. Mr. Taylor, clerk of the America, visited all the wounded in this city yesterday, administering to their relief.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* says, Milton Woods, pilot of the tow-boat Lake Erie No. 3, was among the America's passengers. He says he was in bed and distinctly heard the America's pilot blow two whistles for the right, which was answered by one whistle from the United States. Then the America repeated two whistles, the United States replying with one. Knowing there was trouble, he instantly jumped out of bed and ran out on the guard. In the meantime, he says, he heard the America ring her "stopping," and then her "backing" bell, and that she only made three escapes, when the boats came together.

Jessie Smith, of Smith's Ferry, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, was on the United States, and ran out of his room bare-footed and in his shirt sleeves. He also swam ashore, and was slightly burned by the flaming oil floating on the surface of the water.

Mr. Fisher, of Pennsylvania, a passenger on the United States, was taken to the hospital in this city, and yesterday removed to the Broadway Hotel by friends. He was burned in the face and hands—face much blackened. Mr. Cunningham, of Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, on the same boat, is in the hospital here. His hands, feet and right side of the face were badly burned.

The *Enquirer* says: The collision occurred about quarter past eleven o'clock. The America struck the States a little aft the capstan, cutting deeply into her bow. The forward guards of the States ware taken up with coal oil, a quality of freight which requires to be carried where the air will get at it. Almost simultaneously with the collision, the flames arose from the bow of the States, reaching up as high as her hurricane roof. It flashed up like the explosion of gunpowder. The fire ran up the boats stairway, and within a very few moments the whole forward part of the boat was on fire, the flames leaping up as high as the tops of her chimneys. The wind was blowing up stream, and directly against the head of the States, and drove the fire right into the cabin, and it was not more than two minutes until it extended to the aft end of the steamer, and the whole cabin and upper deck of the boat were in flames.

The fire originated from an ignited lamp that was setting in the bow of the States, The shock of the collision bursted some of the oil barrels, and the oil took fire from the lamp. The boats struck full "head on," and so violent and tremendous was the shock that the bow of the America was driven into the guards of the States to her coal-box. One passenger on the States says that the progress of the fire from the bow of the States to the stern was about as fast as a man could walk.

Captain Whitten, of the America, was in the pilot-house just before the boats came together. He says the America gave two blasts of her whistle, but neither he nor the pilot heard any response from the States. The America again signaled, blowing twice, for the Indiana side of the river, and but one whistle was heard from the States, which was not the proper response. It was not what river men call a bad night, though the wind was blowing strongly up-stream, which was probably the cause of misunderstanding the signals. The signal-lights on both steamers were all right.

It is the opinion of Captain Whitten that nothing more serious would have resulted from the collision than the sinking of the States, but for the combustible coal oil carried on the bow of that steamer. The America was entirely uninjured in her timbers by the collision. The water there is shoal, and the States would not have sunk above her cabin floor, and none on board would probably have been lost. There was saved from the States, also, the chambermaid, who says that twenty-one ladies sat down to supper, and out of the twenty-one only four were rescued. The chambermaid says there were two newly married couples on board of the States, all of whom were drowned, except one of the brides.

We quote from the *Gazette* a statement from a passenger, as follows:

I ran at once to the lower deck and jumped into the water. We were then, I should think, about fifty yards from the shore. Many of those who were in the ladies' cabin also plunged in with me. The heat from the burning vessel was so great that as I floated along by its side, I suffered much, and was a great deal singed. But I managed at last to reach the shore. Some of those around me sank and were drowned. Others were swept by the current into the midst of the petroleum which had spread over the river for, I should think, two hundred yards or more, and were burned to death. One old gentleman, I noticed, whose wife was floating along with him on a piece of timber. Some man who was drowning seized her dress in his despair, caught her away from her husband and she was drowned before his eyes. These deaths I saw while I was myself in the water. A minute or two later I reached the shore. This was not more than two minutes after the first alarm had been given. But in even this short time all shouts and shriekings had died away. One could only hear the crackling of the flames as they fairly licked up the great boats, and occasional splashings as a chance swimmer would buffet the waves.

But one calamity I saw which I shall never forget. The yawl of the United States was lying just by our spars, literally crowded with human beings. The pilot of the America could not see them, and went right over the yawl. Every person on her, sir, must have been drowned or crushed to death. I don't believe that one was left alive to tell the story of the death of the others.

Another passenger says: The wind was so heavy that the boat had been steering pretty wildly. When we were about, I should think, two hundred and fifty yards away; we saw the United States, and at once we gave the signal for the larboard side—two whistles. *While the first whistle was sounding, we heard one whistle from the United States This was the only signal I heard.* I saw then that a collision was inevitable, and so I started from the pilot house for the decks.

The *Gazette* says:

The accident happened near a place called Rahl's Point. The channel is very devious at this point, and the place has become famous in river navigation. It was within a hundred yards of the spot where the United States went down, that the Norman collided with the Lady Walton some time ago. It was near the same place, also, that the Telegraph ran into the Kentucky Home and sank her.

We were informed yesterday by one of officers of the company that the amount of petroleum on board consisted only of about fourteen barrels. This was all stowed, as the law directs, in the forecastle.

Two ladies who were rescued from the flames were as black as if they had been plunged in ink—the effect of burning oil.

CUSTAR'S REPORT.—Custar's report of the Indian battle, after detailing the manner of surrrounding the Indian village, states the red warriors rushed from their lodges and posted themselves behind trees and in deep ravines. Charge after charge was made, the conflict lasting several hours. Forty-seven lodges of the Cheyennes, two of Arrapahoes and two of Sioux, all under Blackkettle, were captured; one hundred and three Indian warriors were killed, and Blackkettle's scalp was taken by one of the Osage guides.

General Custar says in the excitement of the fight, as well as in self-defense, that some of the squaws and a few of the children were killed and wounded. The desperate character of the conflict may be inferred from the fact that after the battle the bodies of thirty-eight dead warriors were found in a small ravine near the village, where they had posted themselves.

A PETITION is to be presented to Congress soon after its meeting, signed by Gov. Wells, Judge Underwood, Gen. Wickham, John Minor Botts, and other leading citizens of Virginia, asking that the Freedmen's Bureau be continued in that State until its reconstruction by Congress, on the ground that the condition of affairs requires the freedmen to be protected from outrage, which is continually being threatened. It is expected that the citizens of Texas and Mississippi will take similar action until those States shall also be reconstructed. The citizens of Virginia, in accordance with the recommendations of the Republican State Central Committee, will also ask Congress to order an election in the State at once in order that the Constitution which was adopted by the Convention last winter may be submitted for adoption.

New Streets.

EDITORS GAZETTE: In the rural districts of the city no new streets can be opened except on application of a majority in interest of the poperty holders along the route. This is as it should be. Were it not for this salutary provision of the law, more streets would be opened in those districts than any public exigency required.

Speculators laying out plans of building lots would have streets opened through their neighbor's property in every direction; others with no property to be affected would demand fancy avenues, and Councils would be constantly beset by contractors for jobs on streets which no public necessity called for. Where streets are actually needed, and public travel is likely to prevail, their own interests will readily induce a majortty of the property holders to apply for them. A traveled street or public thoroughfare enhances the value of the property through which it passes; and where that is likely to be the case, there will be no lack of streets. Some, it is true, may be so blind to their own interests as to object to a particular street, even under such circumstances, but it is only a majority of the property holders which the law requires.

Besides, it is the property holders who have to bear the entire expense of grading and paving and repairing all streets and sidewalks through or by their property, and that expense, in some parts of these rural districts, may become almost ruinous to the property holder.

This is owing to the deep cutting and heavy grades; and therefore the opening of streets should not be necessarily imposed, and those to be charged with the cost should have a voice in regard to it.

In the old city we have numerous instances where people have been IMPROVED entirely out of their property. The *Keatings alley* and *Roberts street* grading jobs in the old Seventh ward show how this may be done. There the grading bills of the city contractors, and assessments made in consequence, exceeded the value of a good deal of the property. Such properties had to be abandoned by the owners, and was sold by the Sheriff and did not come near paying the claims, and were bought in by the contractors and city officers. It is, therefore, a matter of serious import to the owners to have a voice in the matter.

The same law has worked well in other towns, and none but interested individuals are found to complain of it here. The promoters of consolidation procured its enactment to allay the fears of the inhabitants of those districts, and it is to be hoped they will now act in good faith and not lend their influence to have it repealed.

A scheme for its repeal is on foot. Parties who have axes to grind in the line of land speculation, and others without property to be assessed, but fond of fancy avenues and pleasant drives, and, also, the whole host of city contractors, will be importunate for its repeal.

Besides these, one or more passenger railroad companies are anxious to have the grades on some of the old turnpikes reduced for their benefit by the property holders along their route.

It is to be hoped, however, that our Councilmen and Legislators will not be humbugged by the importunities of these *disinterested* gentry. C.

"The Romance of American Progress."

The fifth lecture of the course, under the auspices of the Mercantile Library Association, will be delivered by R. Stockett Matthews, Esq., of Baltimore, in the Academy of Music, Thursday evening next. The lecturer, who needs no introduction to the Pittsburgh public, has chosen for his theme "The Romance of American Progress," one which will afford ample scope for his abilities, and handled in his inimitable style can hardly fail to prove interesting as well as instructive. There will be no reserved seats on the occasion, and all who desire good positions will have to be in attendance at an early hour, as the house will doubtless be crowded. Tickets may be purchased at the Library, corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

—Intelligence lately received from Mexico state that active measures have been taken by the National Congress for the ejection of all functionaries who served under the late Emperor Maximilian.

COUGHS, COUGHS, COLDS, COLDS,

When a person takes cold the lungs become charged with phlegm, which oppressing the constitution a natural effort is made for a relief. This effort is a cough. The only safe and prudent remedies to be adopted are those which assist nature in its work, by loosening the phlegm and exciting a freedom of expectoration until the evil is removed. DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP is admirably adapted to promote expectoration, ease the breathing, loosen the phlegm, abate the fever, and allay the tickling which occasions the cough, without tightening the chest, or in any way injuring the system, and for all temporary and local affections, such as irritation of the throat, hoarseness of the voice, influenza, &c., it is of incalculable value. Especially at this inclement season of the year it would be well for every family to have this valuable remedy at hand. Prepared by GEO. A. KELLY, Wholesale Druggist, corner Wood street and Second avenue, Pittsburgh, and for sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine. 50 cents per bottle.

PREVENT OR REPENT!

When health has been sacrificed for want of the care necessary to protect it, regrets are unavailing. It is better to *prevent* than to *repent*. The most inclement season of the year is at hand, and its cold and damp are the source of innumerable distressing ailments. The best means of escaping them is to keep the outward surface of the body comfortably warm with suitable clothing, and the internal organs in a vigorous condition by the occasional use of a healthful tonic and corrective. Winter makes tremendous drafts upon the vital forces, and therefore it is a season when a pure vegetable stimulant and invigorant like HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is of infinite use, especially to the weak and feeble. It gives *stamina* to the system, and thereby enables it to withstand the shocks of cold, which produce cough, bronchitis, catarrh, and other diseases of the organs of respiration. Dyspepsia and every species of indigestion are also greatly aggravated by cold, damp weather, and for these complaints the BITTERS are an acknowledged specific. There is no fact better known in this country, and, indeed, throughout the civilized portions of the Western Hemisphere, than that this genial preparation is a swift and certain remedy for all ordinary diseases of the stomach and the liver.

A FACT OF GREAT VALUE.

No one can be too often impressed with the truth of all disorders which mankind are prone to, none are of more prevalence at this season of the year than those which manifest themselves in the lungs and pulmonary organs. Dr. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP is a speedy and infallible cure in all recent cases of coughs and lung diseases, and DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE in cases of long standing and great obstinacy, will be found of inestimable value. There is scarcely a house or family in Pittsburgh that cannot testify to its merits, and instead of a person wasting time on other inert and inappropriate remedies, let them walk themselves to Dr. Keyser's, 140 Wood street, where they will find the right medicine adapted to their cure. The Doctor has a long experience in medicine, and in these lung cases, he has given signal proof of his great ability and thorough knowledge of all those diseases in which the lungs take a prominent part. His residence in Pittsburgh is over twenty years, and the value of his remedies is extended wherever coughs are prevalent and lung diseases to be cured.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT OFFICE for LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND THE TREATMENT OF OBSTINATE CHRONIC DISEASES, 120 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Office hours from 9 A. M. UNTIL 4 P. M.

November 26, 1868.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.

THE ATTENTION OF THE

WHOLESALE

AND

RETAIL TRADE

is invited to an inspection of our

EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT

OF

Holiday Goods.

EVERY DEPARTMENT COMPLETE,

AND PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.

1200 PAIRS REAL FRENCH

CORSETS,

at $1,50 WORTH $2,50.

HOOP SKIRTS

at one half than the former price.

A large line GENT'S SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, in white, light and dark colors.

THREE HUNDRED DOZEN

LADIES LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,

TWO HUNDRED DOZEN

GENTS' LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,

GOOD LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS 5 cents and up,

LACE HANDKERCHIEFS, IN POINTE. POINTE APPLIQUE, REAL VALENCIA, IMITATION VALENCIA.

CHEMIZETTES,

SILK AND BRUCHA SCARFS, DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS, WIDE SILK FRINGES, GIMP TRIMMINGS,

Cloak Loops, Ornaments and Buttons.

SILK PARTY FANS, SILK UMBRELLAS,

Leather Satchels, Portmonnaies and Leather Bags.

JET AND GOLD MOUNTED JEWELRY,

Bracelets, Broches **Sleeve Buttons, and Setts.**

☞ Gents' Furnishing Goods, Neck Ties, Bows and Scarfs, Morrison's Star Shirts, Merino and Wool Underwear.

HAND KNIT ZEPHYR GOODS.

Hoods, Sacques, Leggins, Scarfs, Gloves and Hosiery.

77 and 79

MARKET STREET.

des

HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

ROMAN SILK BOWS.

Lace Collars.

LADIES LACE HANDKERCHIEFS.

Rosewood Handkerchief and Glove Boxes

WATCH STANDS AND CIGAR CASES,

WRITING DESKS AND ALBUMS.

The finest and cheapest assortment of

WAX AND CHINA DOLLS,

TRAVELING CASES,

CARTE DE VISITE BASKETS,

LADIES' & GENTS UNDERWEAR,

LADIES FINE KNIT OPERA HOODS,

The New Striped Felt Skirt.

WOOLEN GOODS at Cost.

Fine Embroidered Slipper Patterns. Beautiful Embroidered Cushions.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street.

des

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

Tobacco, Cigars & Whiskey.

ISAAC STERN,

No. 162 Federal Street, above the Market,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Respectfully announces to his friends that he is now offering his stock, consisting of the

FINEST CIGARS, TOBACCO, &C.,

And the PUREST LIQUORS,

At prices LOWER THAN EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.

☞ Remember the place,

No. 162 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

se4:v70-TUS

SKATES, SKATES,

SKATES.

I have received my stock of Skates for the season of '68 and '69, comprising every style known to the trade, at prices ranging FROM 50 CENTS PER PAIR UP TO $25. My stock embraces a full line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Skates. New York Club, American Rink, Biondin's Ancle Supporter, our Ladies' and Gents' Clipper, Philadelphia and Boston Club, Empire and Vulcan, together with a large assortment of medium priced Skates for Boys, which I offer at exceedingly low prices. I invite all in want of Skates to call and be convinced that 136 WOOD STREET, is the place to buy Skates.

For sale wholesale and retail by

JAMES BOWN,

NO. 136 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

no20:TF

GREEN APPLES—125 barrels in store and for sale by

no17 J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ **I. O. of O. F.—The members of ZOCCO LODGE, No. 385, I. O. of O. F.,**

Are requested to meet at Curtis Hall, Wood street, on FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 11th, 1868, at 7½ o'clock. Full attendance requested. Business of importance to be transacted.

By order of JAS. H. NUGENT, N. G.
WM. LOCKHART, Sec'y. des:bl3

☞ **PARTIES DESIRING TO INVEST** in UNION AND CENTRAL PACIFIC BONDS can save one per cent. by purchasing before

JANUARY 1st.

Bonds on hand for delivery.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
Agents Central and Union Pacific Railroad companies, corner Fourth and Wood streets. des:bl3

SECOND NATIONAL BANK—Will be added to former lists of Stocks to be sold THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, on second floor of Commercial Salesrooms, 106 Smithfield street,

40 shares Second National Bank.

des A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

PIANOS AND ORGANS—An entire new stock of

KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS;
HAINES BROS. PIANOS;
PRINCE & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS and TREAT, LINSLEY & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

CHARLOTTE BLUME,

des 43 Fifth avenue, Sole Agent.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration upon the estate of SAMUEL WILLSON, late of Jefferson Township, Allegheny county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment, and those having claims against the same present them to

WILLIAM WILLSON, Administrator,
Jefferson Township, or to
W. G. HAWKINS, Jr., No. 58 Grant street, Pittsburgh. des:bll-r

FURNITURE SALE.

On WEDNESDAY, December 9th, at the

OPERA HOUSE AUCTION ROOMS,

No. 60 FIFTH AVENUE, a lot of Queensware, Household and Kitchen Furniture, comprising Sofas, Sofa Seat Chairs, Lounges, Cane and Wood Chairs and Rockers, Bedsteads, Chamber Sets, Dining and Kitchen Tables, Sewing Machines, Secretary and Book Cases, new and second hand Carpets, Blankets, Quilts, &c.

THOMAS PHILLIPS,

des Auctioneer.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, December 8th, 1868.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading and Paving

LONG ALLEY,

from Lewis alley to the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Also,

SPRING ALLEY,

from Morris to Rush street, are now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until DECEMBER 18, 1868, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

des H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

YESTERDAY, TO-DAY, AND FOREVER. A poem in 12 books by Edward Henry Bickeisterth, A. M., 12 mo., bevelled boards, gilt top, $2.

"This is a remarkable poem, and one likely to attract a great deal of attention."—*Imperial Review.*

"The most simple, the richest, and most sacred poem which recent days have produced."—*London Morning Advertiser.*

CONSTANCE AYLMER,

A Story of the Seventeenth Century. One vol, 12 mo, $1,50.

The plot of "Constance Aylmer" is laid in the time when New York was a Dutch colony and England was ruled by Cromwell. The condition of Manhattan Island and the surrounding country is graphically sketched; the ways and manners of our Dutch and English ancestors are reproduced with wonderful fidelity, and at the same time with a liveliness and humor which throw a charm around a story valuable for its historical accuracy and of exciting interest.

ROBERT S. DAVIS,

des 93 WOOD STREET.

A MERRY CHRISTMAS!

NEW GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

DENNISON & HECKERT,

NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE,

Have just received a large and judiciously assorted stock of

EMBROIDERIES, TRIMMINGS, LACE GOODS, HOSIERY,

Kid Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Slipper Patterns, Zephyr Goods, Scarfs and Gents Furnishing Goods,

and Notions generally.

A splendid selection is afforded in special novelties suitable for

HOLIDAY PRESENTS,

to which the attention of lady readers is specially called.

DENNISON & HECKERT,

des NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE.

FURS! FURS!!

CHOICE AND FRESH,

AT

M'CORD & CO.'S,

no24 131 WOOD STREET.

PRICES MARKED DOWN.

BARGAINS IN ALMOST EVERYTHING.

REAL HEM STITCH, all Linen, HANDKERCHIEFS, 17c, 19c, 22c and upwards.

TAPE BORDERED LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS 6¼c, 8c to 50c.

All our HATS at one-half regular prices.

All the new BALMORAL SKIRTS and Bradley's latest styles of HOOP SKIRTS, at the Lowest Prices in the City.

GENTS' MERINO VEST and DRAWERS, 40c to $5.00.

AT EATON'S,

No. 17 Fifth Avenue.

des

REMOVAL—ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 1st

W. P. MARSHALL

Will remove his stock of

WALL PAPERS,

from the old stand No. 87 WOOD STREET, to the newly fitted and elegant store house,

NO. 191 LIBERTY STREET,

a few doors above ST. CLAIR. no17

THE PITTSBURGH STEAM LAUNDRY

Is fitted up with the most approved machinery, and is prepared to do all kinds of Laundry Work at the shortest notice. Experienced Laundresses are employed, and families may be assured that their clothing will be cared for and done up in a superior manner.

BED QUILTS, BLANKETS, SHAWLS, and other heavy articles carefully cleansed without shrinking or wearing the fabric.

Special attention given to the doing up of LACE CURTAINS and other fabrics of a delicate texture. Clothes collected and delivered daily without extra charge

Orders left at No. 89 FIFTH AVENUE, or at the office, No. 104 LIBERTY STREET, will receive prompt attention.

de4:a94 H. L. McNISH.

EUSTACE S. MORROW,

ALDERMAN,

EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

OFFICE, NO. 73 PENNA. AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. my29

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ATTRACTIVE

PRICES.

GREAT

VARIETY AT

BATES & BELL'S.

Brocha Shawls,
Tartatan Robes,
Fine Cashmeres,
Evening Silks,
Cashmere Robes,
Cloaks,
Cloaking Cloths,
Linen Goods.
Piano Covers.
Tea Cloths,
Hemmed Handkerchiefs,
Velvets,
Blankets,
Flannels,
Cassimeres,
Coatings,
Furs,
Shirting Flannels,
Dress Goods.

NO. 21,

Fifth Avenue,

des

47. HEADQUARTERS 47.

FOR

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Gray & Logan,

NO. 47 ST. CLAIR STREET,

Have now in store their fourth supply of WINTER GOODS, which will be found to be the largest and best assorted stock of

Boys', Youths', and Children's Clothing IN THE CITY.

OUR CHILDREN'S **DEPARTMENT,** contains full lines of the GARABALDI, GRECIAN, BISMARCK, BEN FRANKLIN & BLOUSE SUITS.

IN OUR BOYS' **DEPARTMENT** will be found the Metropolitan, Broadway and Harney suits. Also the new DOUBLE BREASTED REEPING JACKET.

Gentlemen will find the best assortment of CUSTOM MADE DOUBLE BREASTED ENGLISH JACKETS in the city of PLAIN AND FUR BEAVERS, CHICHILLAS, &c.

YOUTHS' **DEPARTMENT** Splendid assortment of ENGLISH WALKING COATS, METROPOLITAN Sacks and the D. B. ENGLISH JACKET

OUR OVERCOAT **DEPARTMENT** contains all sizes of medium and fine goods, in great variety.

☞ We ask our patrons and the public to call and examine.

GRAY & LOGAN.

47 ST. CLAIR STREET.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

NO. 19 FIFTH AVENUE,

THE NEW SKIRT,

"LE PANIER PERFECTION,"
"THE FAVORITE" "THE POPULAR,"
"THE RECEPTION,"
THOMPSON'S TWIN SPRING,
"WINGED ZEPHYR,"
"GLOVE FITTING," CORSETS AND PATENT "PANIERS."

THE NEW GORED OVER SKIRT, "BELLE HELENE," richly embroidered; an elegant street or Skating Skirt.

RICH RIBBONS FOR BOWS, SCARFS AND SASHES.

ROMAN STRIPES AND PLAIDS.

SATINS, all shades and widths.

FLOWERS, PLUMES, HATS AND BONNETS.

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S MERINO UNDERWEAR.

The richest and latest novelties in GIMPS, FRINGES AND BUTTONS.

We especially direct attention to the great excellence of the HARRIS SEAMLESS (Roullion) KID GLOVES over all others, and for which we are the Sole Agents.

A complete line of GENTLEMEN'S "STAR" SHIRTS, SUSPENDERS, GLOVES, HALF HOSE, UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.

SELLING AGENTS FOR LOCKWOOD'S PAPER GOODS, and all other popular makes.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

NO. 19 FIFTH AVENUE.

no25

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A

WILLIAM

Nos. 180 and 182 Federal

AT $1.25—GOLD MIXED WATERPROOF CLOTH.

AT 31c.—DOUBLE WIDTH WOOL PLAID.

AT 18¾c.—PLAID POPLINS.

AT 12½c.—DARK DELAINES, good style and quality.

AT 12½c.—EXTRA GOOD BLEACHED MUSLIN.

AT 12½c.—HEAVY SHEETING MUSLIN.

AT 8½c.—GOOD DARK CALICO.

AT 50c—HOOP SHIRTS, WELL MADE.

AT 70c.—CHILDREN'S PLAID SHAWLS,

BLACK WATERPROOF CLOTH.

BROWN WATERPROOF CLOTH.

GOLD MIXED WATERPROOF CLOTH.

CHINCHILLA CLOAKINGS.

VELVET CLOAKINGS.

PAISLEY SINGLE AND DOUBLE SHAWLS,

BLACK THIBET SHAWLS.

WOOLEN SHAWLS.

CHILDREN'S SHAWLS.

BLACK AND COLORED POPLIN ALPACAS.

BLACK ALPACAS AND LUSTRES.

SILK MIXED POPLINS, &C.,

AT THE LOW

WHOLESALE

A

WILLIAM

Nos. 180 and 182 Federal

des

H. RUH, Practical Cook,

Respectfully announces to the public that he will

On Saturday and Monday Next,

Open to the public the

DELMONICO RESTAURANT,

FOR GENTLEMEN ONLY.

It will be his earnest endeavor to furnish his patrons at all times with the most palatable viands which the market or the season affords. The LIQUORS, WINES of various dates, ALE, BEER, etc., will be their own recommendation.

Orders for fine Cooking for Weddings, and other Festivals, will, as heretofore, be promptly and cheaply attended to, requesting patronage.

oc9:y86 H. RUH.

ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

118 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. no19

WM. HUGHES.

LATE 608 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA,

Informs his friends and patrons in Pittsburgh that he is now connected with

EDWARD P. KELLY,

South-east corner of CHESTNUT and SEVENTH STREETS, the PRINCIPAL MERCHANT TAILOR OF PHILADELPHIA, and can now furnish them with clothes SUPERIOR in every respect to those he has heretofore given them, and at MODERATE PRICES. oc23:z35

WANTED—ON COMMISSION,

ONE HUNDRED TONS OF

POULTRY,

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

The highest market prices and quick sales guaranteed. Mark packages distinctly and send voices by mail.

H. P. BALLARD & CO.

Commission Merchants, 332 Washington stree New York. no17:a81F

CO-PARTNERSHIP—I have this day associated with me in business ALFRED H. JONES, and will continue the sale of PETROLEUM and its products, and NEW PATENTED GOODS as heretofore, under the name and style of WEAVER & JONES.

JACOB WEAVER, JR.....ALFRED H. JONES.

WEAVER & JONES,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PETROLEUM AND ITS PRODUCTS,

and PATENTED GOODS generally. Refined and Lubricating Oils of superior qualities always for sale. Barrels of all description bought and sold. Office, No. 3 DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsburgh. Pittsburgh, Dec. 1, 1868. dc3:a82

CALL AND EXAMINE THE large assortment of

FANCY COAL HODS AND VASES,

FIRE IRONS AND STANDS,

FENDERS, &c.

Also, KARNS' PATENT CHURN ATTACHMENT at the Hardware store of

WHITESIDES & DRUM,

no17 79 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER, ALLEGHENY CITY, Dec. 4th, 1868.

SEWER ASSESSMENT—Notice is hereby given to all property holders in the WESTERN SEWERAGE DISTRICT, which embraces all that portion of the city area, lying north-west of the following lines, viz: North of Ohio lane and Walnut street and West of Bidwell street, and a line running North-east to Observatory hill and new city line, as well as the portion lying between Western avenue, Ohio lane, Fulton and Bidwell streets (comprehending the larger part of Manchester and all the Pleasant Valley section) that the assessment for the construction of the Sedgwick street sewer is now completed and placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection. All property therefore assessed for sewerage purposes within the limits above designated is exempt from present assessment.

de5:a97 CHAS. DAVIS, City Engineer.

BARLEY.

2,500 BUSHELS

CHOICE SPRING AND FALL,

In store and for sale by

MEANOR & HARPER,

no30 329 LIBERTY STREET.

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,

Manufacturers of

QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.

Office and Warehouse, 364 LIBERTY STREET.

☞ All orders promptly attended to.

SODA ASH—100 tons choice brands in store and for sale by

no17 J. S. CANFIELD & SON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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SEMPLE'S.

St., Allegheny City, Pa.,

STOCKINGS, GLOVES, UNDERWEAR,

FOR LADIES, GENTLEMEN AND CHILDREN.

WHITE COUNTRY BLANKETS,

HEAVY COUNTRY FLANNELS.

SHIRTING FLANNELS,

FINE WHITE FLANNELS,

Gored Felt Skirts,

Gored Cloth Skirts,

Hoop Skirts.

CORSETS.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S HATS.

FRENCH PLUMES AND FLOWERS.

RIBBONS AND TRIMMINGS.

LADIES NEW STYLE LINEN COLLARS.

Ladies and Gents Handkerchiefs,

Embroideries, &c,

EST PRICES,

AND RETAIL,

T

SEMPLE'S,

St., Allegheny City, Pa.

2,000,000 ACRES OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE.

BY THE

Union Pacific Railroad Company,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For further particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,

Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas,

Or CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,

an14: St. Louis, Missouri.

MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK,

No. 14 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS, ANY SUM RECEIVED FROM ONE DOLLAR UPWARD. Deposits received subject to check, without interest.

JAMES BLACKMORE, President.
GEO. D. TINDLE, Secretary and Treasurer.
JAMES H. HOPKINS, Solicitor.

TRUSTEES:

James Blackmore, Alex. Tindle, William Deane, A. G. Cubbage, James H. Hopkins, James Bown, W. W. Bradshaw, Robert Wray, John Evans.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD BRICK STORE-ROOM,

with dwelling on same lot, for sale on good terms. Also, a small lot of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, &c. The location is first rate for a business of $10,000 to $15,000 a year; good Wheat country surrounding the village; good flouring mill in the village.

The above property is on the line of the Cincinnati, Sandusky and Cleveland railroad. For further information address NEWMAN & CO., New Richland, Logan county, Ohio. no30:a76 d&F

FOUR BRICK HOUSES AND LOT.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, I will expose at public sale on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, December 16th, 1868, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., that COURT OF FOUR BRICK HOUSES, situate off WYLIE STREET, a few doors above Elm street, (entrance to Court from Wylie street. Lot 22 by 72 feet extending back to an alley, the property of the late William Montooth, deceased. Terms at day of sale.

THOMAS B. STEWART, Guardian.

For particulars enquire of H. C. MACKRELL, Esq., Attorney at Law, 89 Grant street, or PALMER & PHILLIPS, Auctioneers, 60 Fifth Avenue. no25

MONEY! MONEY!!—$4,000 to invest in a Mortgage on City or County Property, for a term of three years.

$2,000 to loan on Bond and Mortgage for 2 years.

WANTED—Business or Accommodation Paper to the amount of $20,000; time from 60 days to 4 months.

WANTED—To exchange a Farm of 160 Acres of Land in Missouri for a Family Horse and Spring Wagon. Apply to B. McCAIN & CO., de4 Corner Fourth av. and Smithfield st.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, Dec. 5, 1868.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Construction of the BOARD-WALK on Centre street, from Ellsworth Avenue to Walnut street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, Dec. 16th, 1868, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for Collection.

de5:a99 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER, Allegheny City, Dec. 1, 1868.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading and Paving TURNER ALLEY, from Perry street to old city line, in the Third ward, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, December 9th, when it will be returned to the Street Commissioner for collection. CHARLES DAVIS,

de2:a83 Civil Engineer.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, TREASURER'S OFFICE, Dec. 4th, 1868.

THOSE PERSONS WHO PAID assessments on the Federal street and Montgomery avenue Sewers on or before the 27th day of November, 1868, are requested to return their receipts to this office, and the reduction authorized by Councils will be refunded.

de5 D. MACFERRON, City Treasurer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, Dec. 5, 1868.

NOTICE.—The assessment for the construction of the BOARD WALK on Centre avenue, from Kirkpatrick street to Ewart's corner, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, December 16, 1868, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

de5:a100 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

FOR SALE,

FINE SEED WHEAT,

AT 349 LIBERTY ST.

an29 HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

PIG LEAD—500 Pigs Soft Galena in store and for sale by

no17 J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

PEARL ASH—50 casks No. 1 in store and for sale by

no17 J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

NOTICES.

☞ **PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD** COMPANY, TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 3, 1868.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS—The Second Instalment on the New Stock, subscribed for under resolution of the Board of Directors of May 1868, is now due.

Unless paid on or before the 15th inst., the instalment will not draw its proportion of dividend due May, 1869, and those paying up all the remaining instalments will receive full dividends in May next.

THOMAS T. FIRTH,

de7-b8 Treasurer.

☞ **PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD** COMPANY

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2, 1868.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Board of Directors have THIS DAY declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of the Company, clear of National and State taxes, payable in cash, on and after November 30, 1868.

Blank powers of attorney for collecting dividends can be had at the office of the Company, 338 SOUTH THIRD STREET.

The office will be opened at 8 A. M. and closed at 4 P. M., from November 30th to December 5th for the payment of dividends, and after that date from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

no20:a46 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

☞ **IN THE MATTER OF OPENING** LOCUST STREET, IN THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH—All owners of Lots, or other persons interested in the BURIAL GROUNDS on STEVENSON STREET, one belonging to the Associate Reformed Church, known as KERR'S GRAVE YARD, and the other to the Catholic Church, known as the CATHOLIC GRAVE YARD, are hereby notified that they are required to remove the bodies from the ground, within the line of Locust street, within three months from this date; and if the same are not removed within that time, they will be removed by the undersigned, who have been appointed Commissioners for that purpose. Said street is forty-eight feet wide, and extends along the line between the said Burial Grounds, about one-half off each. All necessary information can be had by application to either of the Commissioners.

The Commissioners will meet for consultation with Lot Owners, on MONDAY, December 22d, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the City Engineer's Office, Market Building, third story.

WM. GRIFFIN,
J. D. KELLY,
M. TINDLE,
Commissioners

Pittsburgh, Dec, 4, 1868. de4:a8b

☞ **COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT OF PITTSBURGH HIGH SCHOOL,** (Bank of Commerce Building, corner Sixth and Wood streets. Equal to any Business College having the same studies and lectures. Sessions: Afternoon, 2½ to 4½ o'clock; evening, 7 to 9. Free to all residents of Pittsburgh under 21 years of age. Receives students from other places at the low admission fee of $20. Students enter at any time and receive Diploma on completing the course. For further information call at our rooms or send for circular.

se8.x7-TUF R. JOHNSTON, Principal.

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—HELP—At Employment Office, No. St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---BOARDERS.

BOARDING—Good Boarding at No. 16 ANN STREET, Allegheny city, for $4:50 per week.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Pleasant room, with board, suitable for gentleman and wife, or two young gentleman at 68 FOURTH STREET. Also, a few day or dinner boarders can be accommodated. Reference required.

WANTS.

WANTED—A partner who can furnish from $20,000 to $25,000 cash capital in an old and well established manufacturing business. One who has had experience as a financier will be preferred. Address WILSON, Lock Box 351, Pittsburgh Postoffice, Allegheny county, Penna.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—$50 to $200 PER MONTH—To sell a New Book pertaining to Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts, by GEORGE E. WARING, Esq., the distinguished Author and Agricultural Engineer of the New York Central Park, &c. Nothing like it; 200 Engravings Sells at sight to Farmers, Mechanics and working men of all classes. Send for Circulars. A. J. TALCOTT & CO., 58 Market street, Pittsburgh, Penna. de7--wF

TO LET.

TO LET—A furnished Sleeping ROOM, suitable for one or two gentlemen, in the house of a private family, No. 220 LACOCK STREET, Allegheny city.

TO LET—That beautiful new brick dwelling house, No. 204, Ohio Avenue, near Bagley's Lane, contains 8 rooms, bath room, finished attic, good dry cellar, fitted up with gas, water and other conveniences. Apply at JAMES WARD'S GROCERY, 58 Palo Alto street, Allegheny city.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—A first class retail drug store in a very desirable location. Terms easy. Address box 764, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—FARM.—200 acres of good Land, situated in Penn Tp., Westmoreland county, two miles from Irwin Station, on the Penna. R. R. Improvements, hewed log house in good repair, bank barn and other outbuildings. Terms moderate. Enquire of W. WILSON, Larimer's Station, or R. A. HOPE, Penn Station.

PROFESSIONAL.

WM. B. NEEPER,

ALDERMAN AND EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

OFFICE, 89 FIFTH AVENUE.

Special attention given to conveyancing and collections. Deeds Bonds and Mortgages drawn up, and all legal business attended to promptly and accurately.

JOS. A. BUTLER,

ALDERMAN AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

Office, 126 WYLIE STREET, near Washington PITTSBFRGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments Depositions, Collections, and all other legitimat business executed promptly. mh20:a9

SAMUEL McMASTERS,

ALDERMAN,

Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate, Office, GRANT STREET, opposite the Cathedral, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. mh18

A. AMMON,

Justice of the Peace,

CONVEYANCER, REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE AGT

CARSON STREET, EAST BIRMINGHAM.

Collection of Rents solicited and promptly attended to. my3:y60

JOHN A. STRAIN,

ALDERMAN,

EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

Office, 113 FIFTH STREET, opposite the Cathedral, Pittsburgh, Pa. Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch.

J. S. FERGUSON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 87 Fifth Street,

SECOND FLOOR, FRONT ROOM. ap4:w73

JOHN W. RIDDELL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office, 116 Diamond Street,

(Opposite the Court House,)

fe15:t44 PITTSBURGH, PA.

H. C. MACKRELL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

No. 89 Grant Street,

my24:b25 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ARCHIBALD BLAKELEY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 98 FIFTH STREET,

ap6:n80:d&F PITTSBURGH, PA

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c.

THE BEST STOVES.

A. BRADLEY & CO.,

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Staves,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE.

Sole Agents for the celebrated Base Burning Oriental Stoves and Furnaces for Hard Coal or Coke. Best in the World for Parlor, Office, Store or Church. Fire needs no rekindling—burns all winter. Do not buy until you see or send for Circular.

No. 30 WOOD STREET.

Our Agents for Orientals—DEMMLER BROS., Smithfield St.; GEO. HUBLEY, Allegheny City.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE, CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

STEEL WORKS.

DUQUESNE

IRON AND STEEL WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron, Nails and Steel, Carriage and Wagon Springs and Axles.

Duquesne, XL, and Juniata Merchant Bar, Round and Square Iron; Band, Hoop, Sheet and Plate Iron; Oval, Half Oval and Half Round Iron; Cylinder and Wagon Box Iron; Drag and Dropper Bars; T and Flat Rail for Coal Roads; Cut Nails and Spikes; Plow, Spring and A B Steel; Laminated Steel; Cutter Bars, Crow Bars, &c., &c.

Office and Warehouse—77 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every descripti of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

WM. METCALF,	REUBEN MILLER,
GEO. W. BARR,	CHAS. PARKIN.

SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, 120, 122, 124 SECOND and 119 and 121 FIRST STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1845.]

ANDERSON & WOODS,

UCCESSORS TO ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,)

Manufacturers of every description of

STEEL.

BEST REFINED TOOL STEEL.

Mill, Mulay, Circular Gang and Cross Cut

SAW PLATES.

Spring, Cast and German Plow and Blister Steel, Shovel, Hoe, Fork, Rake and Toe Calk Steel, Railroad Spring Steel and Frog Points, Cast Steel Finger Bars, Sickle Steel, Spring Steel Tyre, Plow Wings, etc.; Oil Drill Steel.

Office and Works—Corner FIRST AND ROSS STS., Pittsburgh, Pa. y28:d9

IRON WORKS.

JAS. VERNER, Pres't..... W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE

AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, P.

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House, ap24:d6 PITTSBURGH.

COPPER.

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Presied Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metal, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools.

Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 140 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper, cut to any desired pattern. my14:c34:dwT

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FOUNDRY COMPANY.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

TWELFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ **Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.**

NATIONAL FOUNDRY

AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

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WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE,

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are a cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of

General Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

PITTSBURGH.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
Engine Castings.
Machine Castings.
General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED

no9:n69

L. O. LIVINGSTON. W. H. BURT. W. A. ROBINSON, JR.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,

IRON FOUNDERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE LIGHT CASTINGS,

All descriptions, for Plumbers and Gas Fitters; Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c.

All JobWork promptly attended to.

Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City, Pa.

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office, No. 12, corner First and Smithfield Streets. Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r52

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.

Butler Street, Ninth Ward,

(Opposite Union Iron Mills,)

PITTSBURGH.

Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

EBBERT & MACKLIND.

oc15:f28

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. my14:q5

CENTRAL FOUNDRY

AND ROLL WORKS

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

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SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,

IRON BROKER,

124 First Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Doughamore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and C. B. Charcoal

PIG IRONS.

Consign pectfully solicited.

PAPER.

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANU-
FACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of

PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPERS,

CLINTON MILL—STEUBENVILLE, OHIO.
BRIGHTON MILL—NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

No. 82 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OFFICERS—AUGUST HARTJE, President.
JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Treasurer.
SAMUEL RIDDLE, Secretary.
DIRECTORS—August Hartje, John Atwell, S. H Hartman, John B. Livingston.
Cash paid for Paper Stock. ja29:o68

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FAMILY FLOUR.

PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to

FRENCH FAMILY FLOUR.

This Flour will only be sent out when especially ordered.

PEARL MILL BLUE BRAND,
Equal to best St. Louis.

PEARL MILL RED BRAND,
Equal to best Ohio Flour.

WHITE CORN FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.

R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,

Allegheny, Sept. 9, 1868. PEARL MILL.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,

(NEAR THE POINT,)

Engine Builders, Founders & Machinists,

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, December 7, 1868.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.: Gold, 136¼; United States Sixes, 1881's, 115; 5-20's, 1862, 111⅝; 5-20's, 1864, 107⅛; 5-20's, 1865, 108; 10-40's, 105⅝; 5-20's, January and July, '65, 110⅝; 5-20's, January and July, '67 110⅝; '68, 110¾; June 7-30's, par less ¼; July 7-30's, do ¼; August 119; Sept., 119; Oct. 118¼; Union Pacific Railroad, 102; Central, 103.

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, December 7, 1868.

CATTLE.

The market was exceedingly dull to-day, which was owing mainly to the inclement condition of the weather, which, doubtless, prevented many buyers from being in attendance. The number on sale was not large, reaching about 900 head, but as the demand was confined almost wholly to supplyiug the wants of the retail trade, market was a hard one; the butchers did not even seem to be out in full force, and those who were in attendance did not buy very freely, seeming disposed to hold back in anticipation that they would be able to do better towards the close. There were but one or two eastern buyers on hand, and the miserable weather kept away a good many country buyers who are usually here every week.

Prime to extra butchers stock sold at 7 to 7½, and medium to good do at 6 to 6¼. Stock Cattle may be quoted at from 4½ to 5¼, according to quality and condition. There was a fair proportion of good Cattle, though the greater number consisted of rough steers and cows.

We did not get a full report of the sales, but we have given enough to indicate fully the condition and tone of the market, and this, we are sure, is all that could be expected under the circumstances. A snow storm prevailing during the entire forenoon, and with it over head, and mud and slush from six to twelve inches deep under foot, dealers generally felt like getting away as soon as possible. We quote the following sales:

A. Musser sold to R. McGarvey 22 head cows and heifers at $47 per head. Cullen to Myers & Needy 12 head Indiana steers at ——; Love to Myers & Needy 12 head fairish steers at 5,60; Hazlewood & Blackstock 70 head of Ohio cattle, on commission, at 4 to 7; L. & J. Shamberg 75 head mixed stock at 5 to 7,25; Holmes, Lafferty & Co. 19 head of medium ssock, for Armstrong, at an average of 5,50; Nicholas Carr 40 head small Licking county, Ohio, stock, for Morgan & Malholm, at 5 to 6,50; Hedges & Taylor 65 head of commission cattle 5 to 6,75; Wicks & Allen 25 head of small heifers and steers at 3,50 to 4,50; L. Rothchilds & Co. 29 head of Chicago stock at 5,50 to 6,50; Lobman & Traurman 30 head Chicago stock at 5,25 to 6,75; Haas & Kraus 45 head at 5,50 to 6,50; Keefer & Zeigler 31 head of Washington county steers at 5,50 to 7,50; Myers & Needy 42 head Iowa feeders at 5 to 5,25; 60 head good to prime butchers cattle at 6,50 to 7,50; M. Verner 26 head at 3 to 5,75; Marks & Bro. 54 head at 5 to 6,50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

There was a very full supply on sale today but with an improved demand, brought about by the presence of several eastern buyers, the market turned out much better than was generally expected at the opening, and there were but few if any left over unsold. Compared with last week, however, prices have undergone no quotable change, though had it not been for the outside buyers, there would most likely have been a decline. Among the eastern buyers we noticed Mr. Erisman, of the firm of Pidcock & Co., New York, and who by the way is a large operator in this class of stock.

J. F. Neely sold 153 head at $1,25 per head. C. Thompson sold 200 head at 1,50 to 3,25 per head; J. Emmell sold 150 head at 1,25 to 2,50 per head; A. Eckert sold 128 at 1,25 to 2,50 per head; Stakely & Bro. sold 100 head at 1,50 to 2,50 per head; Garwin & Bro. sold 188 head at 1,00 to 3,00 per head; W. Young sold 216, at an average of 1,25 per head; C. Beeler sold 80, at an average of 1,20 per head; J. Walters sold 50, at an average of 1,25 per head; Quigley sold 240, at an avorage of 1,35 to 2,50 per head; Shaw sold 120, at an average of 80 to 1,25 per head; John McAllister sold 165, at an average of 85 to 4,00 per head.

HOGS.

The market for this class of stock is firm and fairly active with a demand fully up to the supply. In prices, there has been no material change since last week, though there is a firmer feeling; we quote in a retail way at 7½ to 9 for fair to prime, heavy averages in a retail way.

Nicholas Carr retailed 250 at 8 to 8¾; C. Boyer 200 at 7½ to 8¼; James Prentice sold 26 head to Emerick & Co. at 7½; and Elliott to same buyer 49 at 7¾.

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, December 7.—Cattle very quiet and unchanged. Hogs active, at $7,20a7,40 for common, and $7,50a8,00 for good to choice; receipts of 11,328 head; shipments of 2,264 head.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, December 7, 1868.

The general markets were exceedingly dull to-day, owing mainly to the inclement weather, which always tends to retard outdoor operations; and, besides, Monday is usually the dullest day in the week. The demand for almost everything continues to be confined to supplying the immediate wants of the local trade, while in regard to values, there are no important changes.

APPLE BUTTER—Demand is rather better, but prices are unchanged at 70 to 75 in kegs, and 80 to 85 in crocks.

APPLES—Continue to meet with a good demand, and under the influence of diminished receipts, the market is firmer and prices higher; we now quote at $3 to $4,50 per bbl, for fair to choice.

BUTTER—In fair demand, and steady with regular sales, of prime to choice Roll at 35 to 40c.

BEANS—Sales at $3,50 to $3,75 per bushel.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Sales at 4½c.

CRANBERRIES—The supply in this market is very small; prime Eastern Cultivated at $23 to $24 per bbl.

CIDER—Dull; $6 to $8 per bbl.

CHEESE—Dull and unchanged, ranging all the way from 15 to 20, according to quality.

DRIED FRUIT—In rather better demand but unchanged; sales of Peaches at 12 for quarters, and 14 to 15 for halves, and Apples at 9 to 11c.

EGGS—Quiet and unchanged, and fresh packed cannot be quoted above 33c.

POTATOES—Firmer, under the influence of diminished receipts; sale of 500 bushels prime Peach Blows, on platform, at 78c; small sales at 85 to 90c.

SALT—Is firmer but unchanged; we continue to quote Allegheny river brands at $1,80 to $1,85 by the car load, and $2, in store.

HAY—Sales of Baled Hay on wharf at $18 to $24 per ton, for fair to strictly prime.

HOMINY—$6,50 to $7 per bbl.

ONIONS—The receipts have fallen off somewhat, and the market is firmer, and we now quote at $1,50 to $1,75 per bushel, for good to prime.

GRAIN—There is a slightly improved demand for Wheat, and the market is firmer, and prime Red Winter is now quoted at $1,80 to $1,85 and choice do at $1,90. New Corn is in steady demand with sales on track at 75 and in store at 80 to 85. Nothing said about old. Oats in better demand but unchanged at 62 to 63 on track, and wharf and 65 to 66 in store. There is an increasing demand for Rye and prices are advancing; we now quote No. 1 at $1,45, with a sale at $1,48. Barley is held with considerable tenacity, but the demand at much of an advance, is light, most of the large buyers being well stocked.

LARD OIL—Is firmer and in limited supply, but unchanged: we continue to quote No. 2 at $1,23 to $1,25 and No. 1 at $1,45 to $1,47.

LARD—Steady with regular sales of prime kettle rendered at 16½.

MESS PORK—Dull: occasional small sales new at $25,50 to $26 per barrel.

FLOUR—The market is quiet but steady, and while there is a fair demand, prices are without quotable change. Western Flours are still quoted at $7,50 to $8,00 for Spring, and $9,00 to $9,50 for Winter. The Pearl Mill quote their brands, made of the best Wheat, as follows: Extra Family Flour, in barrels, at $9,50, and, in sacks, $9,20 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $10,20, and, in sacks, $9,80 per barrel; Spring Wheat Flour, in barrels, $8,00, and, in sacks, $7,70 per barrel. The City Mills quote prices as follows: Extra Family, (Winter) in barrels, $9,50, and, in sacks, $9,20 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $10,00, and, in sacks, $9,70 per barrel, and Spring, $8,00, in barrels, and $7,70, in sacks, per barrel.

WHISKY—Highwines are quoted at $1 to $1,05 per gallon.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, December 7, 1868.

The market is quiet and steady; otherwise it is devoid of any new or important characteristics worthy of special notice. There was, comparatively speaking, but little done to-day, which was owing in part to the inclemency of the weather, but mainly to the fact that there was little or nothing to do.

CRUDE.

The Crude market is quiet and unchanged. Spot oil may be quoted at 11½ to 12 according to quality—we heard of tank oil having been offered at the outside figure. But a single sale reported, 1,000 each January to March at 12½. A telegram from Oil City reports that both New York and Cleveland buyers have withdrawn for the present, and that the market, as a consequence, was very dull. Still there were buyers at $4,50, which is considered equivalent to 12 cents delivered here, leaving no margin for the shipper, deserving of the name.

REFINED

The Refined market is quiet but steady and unchanged. There seems to be but little inquiry either for present or future delivery, and it is equally true that sellers are just as scarce as buyers. We can report two lots, one of 500, and the other of 1,000, both for the first half of December at 29¼. The last half could either be bought or sold at 28½. Offers to buy the first half of 1869 at 31 or all the year, 500 to 1,000 per month, at 32. Thus it will be seen that the market opens up just where it left off at the close of last week, there being no change in the feeling or prices.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

A. D. Miller, 48 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

G. W. Holdship & Co., 96 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 144

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Lockhart, Frew & Co., 576 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

McKee, Hackett & Co., 250 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 826

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, December 7.—Flour market steady and unchanged: city made ranges at $11,25a11,50 for treble extra white; $9,50a9,75 for double extra amber; $8,25a8,50 for double extra red; $7,50a7,75 or double extra spring, and $7a7,75 for extra spring; country made ranges at $8a8,75 for double extra red and amber; $7,00a8,00 for double extra spring, and $10a10,75 for double extra white. Wheat; No. 1 red winter $1,83a1,85. Corn; old 97c; new 75a80c, according to quality; sales of one car load of new at 74c. Oats; one car load sold at 60c. Rye dull but firm; No. 1 held at $1,38a1,40; No. 2 at $1,32a1,35. Barley quiet and steady, at $2,00a2,05 for No. 1 Canada; No. 2 State nominal. Petroleum firm and unchanged; at 27a28c in large lots at 29a30c in trade lots.

St. Louis Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, December 7.—Hogs excited and higher at 7¼a7½c for fair to good, 7¾a8c for choice, and 8¼c for extra. Cattle—common and medium plenty and dull at 2a3½c; fair to good cattle in moderate supply at 4a5c, and prime to choice extra scarce and nominal at 5¼a6¼c. Receipts of 5,170 hogs.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, December 7.—Owing to the prevalence of inclement weather, the market has continued languid, and there is hardly enough doing to warrant any essential change in prices.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

SOME CRACKS TO STOP.

Those in the barn and stable immediately back of where the horses and cattle are to stand this winter, need stopping badly, and it is an easy matter to do so. See that the nails in all the outer boards are driven in tightly; then make battens of lath or pieces of siding and put them on with shingle nails. Or make a mortar of lime and sand or ashes, using hog's bristles in the place of plastering hair, to give it greater tenacity, and fill this into the cracks with a trowel. Those cracks in the hay loft should then be treated in the same manner.

Those cracks in the poultry house, hardly wide enough to let a feather through, are still of sufficient width to let in snow and rain and wind, which will wet and chill the fowls so that they will not be likely to lay during the whole winter; or if, by chance, some enterprising biddy should get up courage to drop an occasional egg, it would be sure to be frozen while she was yet cackling over it.

Those about the outer doors. Heat will crawl out through an exceedingly small place; therefore great pains must be taken in the matter of fitting these doors to their frames. Some tack a strip of list or selvedge on the door casing, being careful that there are no folds or wrinkles in it. Others recommend working out pieces of wood about an inch square, covering this with cloth and fastening it to the door itself, close where it comes against the casing. If this way is adopted a good job must be made of it, otherwise it will look badly from without. It would be better to fasten on these strips with small screws rather than with nails, as a nicer fit could be made and the screws taken out and used again without injuring the door.

Those in the walls and floor of the room. The former can be stopped by papering the walls, the latter by using such carpets as any farmer's wife can make. These keep out the cold, diminish noise, and give the room a genteel appearance. Under the carpet should placed several thicknesses of newspaper; or one thickness of the coarse paper which is sometimes used back of clapboards in covering the walls of houses.—*Prairie Farmer.*

A FARM PICTURE.

What a vivid sketch is that which George William Curtis draws of some country homes: "I think of many and many a sad-eyed woman I have known in solitary country homes, who seemed never to have smiled, who struggled with hard hands through the melting heat and pinching cold, to hold back poverty and want that hovered like wolves about an over-increasing flock of children. How it was scour in the morning and scrub at night, and scold all day long! How care blurred the window like a cloud, hiding the lovely landscape! How anxiety snarled at her heel, dogging her like a cur! How little she knew or cared that bobolinks, drunk with blindidleness, tumbled and sang in the meadows below, that the earth was telling the time of year with flowers in the wood above. As I think of these things, of the solitary, incessant drudgery, of the taciturn husband coming in heavy with sleep—too weary to read, to talk, to think, I do not wonder that the mad houses are so richly recruited from the farm houses, as the statistics show—that the farmer's daughter hangs enchanted over stories in the weekly paper of the handsome Edward Augustus, with white hands and black eyes—nor that the farmer's son hears the city bells that long ago rang to Whitington, 'Turn again, Whitington, Lord Mayor of London,' ringing to him as he pauses in the furrow, 'Turn again, plowboy, millionaire and merchant!'"

MORE SMALL FRUITS.

We are convinced that farmers generally do not pay enough attention to the cultivation of small fruits. We do not advise any one to abandon the cultivation of large fruits, as they are called; but then, in many parts of the country, apples, pears, plums and peaches have become such uncertain crops that it will not do for the farmer to depend upon them alone for his fruit. Every farmer should have his table continually supplied with small fruits and berries fresh, from the time currents become fit for use to the end of the season for blackberries—a period of at least three months—with enough besides to preserve to supply his family the balance of the year. Currents come first, and they are followed by gooseberries, strawberries and raspberries and blackberries. The inducements to the cultivation of these are, that they can be successfully cultivated in nearly every section of the country, they are hardy, and they seldom fail, with proper care, to make large yields. A farmer may labor for years to bring apple and peach orchards into successful bearing, and may in the end find that he has received no adequate return for his labor and expense. On the other hand, any farmer can, with ordinary skill and attention and but little cost, in two years, have a full supply of the small fruits and berries.—*Farmer's Almanac.*

HOUSEHOLD RECEIPTS.

[Translated for the Philadelphia Bulletin by Baron Brisac.]

Collops of Beef.—Cut the pieces of beef in slices as thick as a finger, dip them either in drippings or in melted butter or oil, mixed with parsley and onion finely chopped, and salt, pepper and nutmeg; when well impregnated, incrust them with bread crumbs mixed with a little grated cheese; broil them over a gentle fire; then serve, either with lemon, or with any kind of sauce.

This mode of cooking applies either to fresh beef, (well beaten and cut into thin slices,) or to cooked pieces left over; if the latter, a piece of the breast or some other part in which the fat is intermixed.

Now I will give you a dainty:

Buttered Baked Apples.—Peel and core the apples, leaving them whole; carefully butter a heavily-tinned plate and arrange them on it; fill the holes left by the cores with powdered sugar, and sprinkle the apples with melted butter, then bake twenty minutes. On serving put a little currant jelly in each of the cores.—*Petit Journal.*

AGRICULTURE IN GERMANY.

From the special German correspondent of the Iowa *Homestead*, we clip the following picture of farming in some parts of Germany:

The fields of grain will compare well, as regards size, with an ordinary city lot. Indeed, many of them are much smaller. Perhaps two by eight rods would be their average size. This, of course, refers to the fertile plains, where the entire surface is under cultivation, and not to the highlands that are appropriated to raising timber, or to pasturage. Little corner stones mark the boundaries of these small farms and lots. I think that the object of thus dividing into such small lots is to secure better opportunity for a regular and systematic rotation of crops. Side by side, with only a deep furrow between, one sees there little patches of wheat, oats, barley, peas, potatoes, etc. When one can look over a large tract of country, the different tints given by the various little fields give the landscape the appearance of a huge chess-board.

THE VIRTUES OF BORAX.

The washing-women of Holland and Belgium, so proverbially clean, and who get up their linens so beautifully white, use refined borax as washing-powder, instead of soda, in the proportion of a large handful of borax powder to about ten gallons of boiling water; they save in soap nearly half. All the large washing establishments adopt the same mode. For laces, cambrics, &c., an extra quantity of the powder is used, and for crinolines (requiring to be made stiff) a strong solution is necessary. Borax being a neutral salt, does not in the slightest degree injure the texture of the linen; its effect is to soften the hardest water, and therefore it should be kept on the toilet table. To the taste it is rather sweet, is used for cleaning the hair, is an excellent dentifrice, and in hot countries is used in combination with tartaric acid and bi-carbonate of soda as a cooling beverage.

BUILD SHEDS.

Shelter is food and shelter is health. He who would feed well and give comfort to his stock must build sheds and stables. But a few days and winter will chill and destroy and it is high time for the economical and the humane to bestir themselves for their own benefit and for that of their domestic animals. Even the rudest structures are of some account. Four posts, a few poles and a deep covering of slough grass, form a protection better than nothing, if the structure is bnilt upon the highest and dryest ground. A board shed, made close upon one side and two ends, is far better. A good hedge, a grove of trees or a clump of evergreens, are of great value. Cattle, sheep and swine must have shelter if they are not to die of exposure and disease or come out "spring poor." Build sheds *now* and furnish them with feeding racks and troughs.

RATS IN OATS.

A Southern paper says that rats may be effectually kept from oats in the stack, or in the barn, by sprinkling wood ashes pretty freely among the bundles. The ashes get into the nose and eyes of the rats, producing a disagreeable sensation, and they leave the premises. The ashes at the same time will be beneficial to the stock.

The Water Works.

The wealth and prosperity of every city is indicated by the extent and progress of its public improvements, or, in other words, the amount of property owned or the amount of revenue received from the same, shows the wealth of the city, while the improvements made in any direction calculated to increase that revenue is an evidence of its prosperity. That Pittsburgh is a wealthy city will not be denied, as her many valuable public improvements are evidence of that fact, and to show that we are not hindmost in this progressive age, we propose to give a few facts connected with the improvements made in our water works during the past season, which will doubtless prove interesting to many of our readers.

The estimated value of the Water Works last year was $960,241.48, from which the city received a revenue of $137,018.75, less $102,708.72 expended for permanent improvements at the works and extension main pipes, which, of course, will increase the revenue hereafter, leaving a net balance in favor of the city of $34,310.03.

Since January 31st, 1868, the close of the last fiscal year the expenditures on the water works for permanent improvemenis, extension of pipe, etc., amount to $257,279.90.

Pipe has been laid as follows; Four inch pipe, 6,856 feet; six inch pipe, 11,886 feet; eight inch pipe, 11,762 feet; twelve inch pipe, 785 feet; fifteen inch pipe, 2,938 feet; twenty inch pipe, 5,468; total, 39,695 feet, or seven and a half miles.

The twenty-inch pipe is the extension on Penn street to the Fifteenth and Seventeenth wards, and is now completed to St. John's Episcopal Church. It will be extended to St. Mary's avenue, as the street has been torn up to that point already, and a large force of men are at work. In the Fifteenth and Seventeenth wards, formerly Lawrenceville, a considerable quantity of the four and six inch pipe was laid, the four inch pipe on Lafayette alley and the six inch on Allen and Borough streets, from the main pipe on Butler street, to the Allegheny Valley Railroad.

An eight inch pipe has been laid on Centre avenue, in the Eleventh ward, from Erin street to the terminus of the Minersville Passenger Railway track, a distance of 3,340 feet.

An eight inch pipe was also put down along Locust and Railway street, along the Allegheny Valley Railway, a distance of three thousand eight hundred and thirty feet, on Fifth avenue from Dinwiddie street to the Soho bridge, a distance of two thousand two hundred and twenty-three feet.

The fifteen inch pipe was laid from Soho bridge to Craft avenue, a distance of two thousand nine hundrnd and thirty-eight feet.

Pipes have been laid on fifty-four different streets.

The improvements at the different basins have been very extensive, and are nearly completed. At the Upper Works the boilers will be finished and the works in operation during the present week, and it will require but a few days to complete the work at the Lower Basin. The construction of the pump, for which the Fort Pitt Works have the contract, is progressing favorably, and they have been paid according to agreement, a little over one-third of the contract price.

In 1867 there was 20,024 feet of pipe laid, which is but little over half as much as the reports show for the present year, and if the weather should continue favorable one and a half miles additional to that reported will be laid before the close of the season, making in the aggregate nine miles.

The revenue derived from the works this year will be largely in advance of that of last year, and the expenditures made will doubtless prove a profitable investment.

The above information we obtained from the office of the Assessor of Water Rents, and we are under obligations to the Assessor and his assistants for the same.

The report is necessarily only a partial one, as the fiscal year does not close until January 31, 1869, and the work is still progressing, in the meantime we may have other matters of general interest connected with the Water Works to lay before our readers.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed of record before H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, December 5th, 1868.

L. Hodges to Francis Laube, October 19, 1898; lot in Natrona, Harrison township, 52 by 108½ feet. $350

Harrison Deharpart to Lawrence P. Deharpart, Nov. 19, 1868; lot on Third street, borough of West Elizabeth, 46 by 60 feet. $440

Elizabeth N. Davis to Andrew Romer, Nov. 7, 1868; lot on De Villers street, Seventh Ward, Pittsburgh, 38 by 94 feet. $800

Elizabeth N. Davis to Andrew Romer, Jan. 5, 1868; lot of ground on Davis street, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, 38½ by 94½ feet. $400

Joseph Myers to Eli Katz, Dec. 1, 1868; lot on Buena Vista street, Second ward, Allegheny, 40 by 110 feet. $1,000

Boniface Haas to Martin Schoeller, Nov. 26, 1868, lot of ground in Robinson township, containing 1 acre. $450

Andrew J. Baker to Frederick G. Schenck, November 30, 1868; lot on Gibbon street, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh, 21 by 65½ feet, with building ... $2,700

Margaret Carlisle, administratrix, to Hugh White, December 5, 1868; tract of land in West Deer township, containing 59 acres and 83 perches $5,025

John Campbell to Meyer Hanauer, November 28, 1868; lot of ground in Shaler township, 38 by 44½ feet, also lot 20 by 100 feet, also lot 20 by 95 feet. $19,125

Francis G. Wilker to Shem Bruges, December 5, 1868; four lots in sub-division of McFarland's Grove, on Centre street, each 25 by 100 feet.. $4,000

James Ashwood to Edward Thompson, August 13 1868; lot on Ross street, Wilkinsburg, 60 by 564 feet, with buildings $3,700

MORTGAGES.

Fifteen mortgages were also filed for record on Saturday.

NEW BRIGHTON.

Temperance League Organization—Another Sudden Death.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW BRIGHTON, Pa., Dec. 4, 1868.

The friends of the Temperance Reform met in First Methodist Church, New Brighton, (S. F. Crowther, pastor,) for the purpose of organizing a Temperance League in order to carry on a series of temperance meetings during the winter season.

The meeting was called to order by Rev. S. F. Crowther, who stated the object of the meeting and the contemplated series of meetings.

Dr. Wm. Reeves was elected Chairman *pro tem.* and E. H. Alexander Secretary. The regular election was deferred until January, 1869.

After prayer by Dr. Reeves, and singing by the choir, Rev. Mr. Crowther was called on to address the meeting, to which he responded, showing the dreadful work of destruction intemperance is doing in our land. He urged the friends of Temperance to organize and go to work, with *total abstinence* and *prohibition* as their watch words; that we must preach temperance from the Pulpit, teach it in the Sabbath School, and by all proper means prepare public sentiment for a prohibitory law.

Rev. Wallace, pastor of the U. P. Church, then addressed the meeting, urging the importance of schooling public sentiment on this great subject. All believe intemperance is wrong, but the conviction is not deep enough, nor earnest enough. The liquor tariff should be looked upon as a crime, and when people come to see it so, they will put it down.

Mr. Jas. Alexander, an old temperance man, then addressed the meeting, urging all present to come and help in this worthy work.

On motion, the meeting adjourned to meet again in two weeks.

NEW BRIGHTON, Dec. 7, 1868.

A. Shallenberger, Esq., father of Dr. A. T. Shallenberger, of Rochester, fell dead on the railroad yesterday, while returning home from church at this place. He walked from his nome at Rochester, here, three miles, as his custom has been for some time, and had reached Beaver station on his way home, when death overtook him. He was about seventy-three years old, and had enjoyed very good health. His death was caused by apoplexy. C.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR** OF YOUTH restored in four weeks. Success guaranteed. DR. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE restores manly powers, from whatever cause arising; the effects of early pernicious habits, self-abuse, impotency and climate give way at once to this wonderful medicine, if taken regularly according to the directions, (which are very simple, and require no restraint from business or pleasure.) Failure is impossible. Sold in bottles at $3, or four quantities in one for $9. To be had only of the sole appointed agent in America, H. GERITZEN, 205 Second Avenue, New York. je13:l64-TTS

☞ **PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE**, a new Course of Lectures, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy, embracing the subjects: How to live and what to live for; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Manhood generally reviewed; the cause of indigestion, flatulence and nervous diseases accounted for; Marriage philosophically considered, &c. Pocket volumes containing these lectures will be forwarded to parties unable to attend, on receipt of four stamps, by addressing SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy and Science, 618 Broadway, New York. je13:l65-TTS

☞ **BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.**

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. ap28:l28

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Messrs. H. E. SMITHSON & CO., proprietors of the well known Mammoth Auction House are creating an excitement consequent upon the arrival of new goods which are being sold at remarkable low prices. Goods of every variety; the finest sewed boots, the most fashionable balmoral gaiters and ankle shoes, slippers, &c., blankets, flannels, cloths, cassimeres, cutlery and carpets. Call and examine, no trouble to show goods. Ladies', misses' and children's furs at almost your own prices. All goods wartanted as represented no24

BY A. LEGGATE.

DWELLING HOUSE AND CARPENTER SHOP, ON LEASED GROUND IN MANCHESTER, AT AUCTION.—ASSIGNEE'S POSITIVE SALE—Will be sold on THURSDAY, December 10th, at 10 o'clock, the lease of ground, and buildings lately occupied by Loughead & Hare, on Market street, Manchester. The lot fronts 40 feet on Market street, running back 100 feet to Laurel alley. The buildings consists of two frame dwellings and a carpenter shop.

The lease extends eleven years from September last. Annual ground rent $42.

Immediately thereafter will be sold a lot on Wayne street, 20 by 70 feet.

Sale positive to close the estate.

For further information apply to RUSH & LOUTHER, Assignees, 237 Beaver avenue.

Terms at sale.

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.
de7 159 Federal street, Allegheny city.

BY A. M'ILWAINE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE—VALUABLE BANK STOCKS, &c.—TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 8th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold by order of Administrator, on Second Floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,

15 Shares First National Bank of Allegheny.
40 Shares Exchange Bank.
25 Shares Allegheny National Bank.
26 Shares Western Insurance Company.
80 Shares National Refining and Storing Co.
150 Shares Midas Petroleum and Improvement Company of Pittsburgh and New York.

de5 A. M'ILWAINE, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE STOCKS and Bonds. PITTSBURGH LOCOMOTIVE AND CAR WORKS.—TUESDAY EVENING, December 8th, at 7½ o'clock, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, will be added to the lists already advertised,

35 shares M. & M. National Bank;
40 shares Pittsb'h Locomotive & Car Works;
$2500 Monongahela Navigation Bonds

$13,000 SUPERIOR IRON COMPANY BONDS—TUESDAY EVENING, December 8th, at 7½ o'clock, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, No. 106 Smithfield street, will be added to the list of Stocks, $13,000 Superior Iron Company First Mortgage 8 per cent Bonds. Interest payable semi-annually.
de7 A. M'ILWAINE, Auctioneer.

KEYSTONE SKATING RINK—TUESDAY EVENING, December 8th, at 7½ o'clock, will be added to former lists of Stocks and Bonds, on second floor of Commercial Salesrooms, 106 Smithfield street 20 shares Keystone Skating Rink. de7) A. M'ILWAINE, Auctioneer.

BY PALMER & PHILLIPS.

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AT PRIVATE SALE DAY AND EVENING.

Consignments Solicited. Prompt Returns.

PROPOSALS.

The Building Committee of the WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE at Dixmont, Pa., will receive Proposals until the 10th DAY OF DECEMBER, for the erection and closing in "the Eastern Extension of the Hospital," according to the plans and specifications adopted and approved by them.

The plans and specifications can be examined at the Hospital until the time above mentioned for receiving bids.

Proposals must be marked as such and sent to R. MILLER, Jr., Chairman of the Building Committee, Pittsburgh.

Bids will be opened at the Hospital on the 15th of December.

The Committee reserve the right at their discretion to reject any or all bids not deemed to the interest of the institution or satisfactory to the committee. By order of the

no24:a55 BUILDING COMMITTEE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EXCELLENT SECURITY.

THE FIRST MORTGAGE

THIRTY YEAR, SIX PER CENT

GOLD BONDS

OF THE

Central Pacific Railroad Co.,

These Bonds are the duly authorized and accredited obligations of one of the most responsible Corporations of the American Continent, and are secured by an absolute first lien upon the valuable grants, franchises, railroad equipment, business, etc., of the *best portion* of the

Great National Pacific Railroad Line,

extending eastwardly from the navigable waters of the Pacific Coast to the lines now rapidly building from the Eastern States.

They bear Six per cent. interest per annum in gold, AND BOTH PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST ARE EXPRESSLY MADE "PAYABLE IN UNITED STATES GOLD COIN."

The semi-annual Coupons are payable, July 1st and January 1st in New York City.

The purchaser is charged the accrued interest from the date of the last paid Coupon, at the CURRENCY RATE ONLY.

This issue of Bonds constitutes one of the LARGEST AND MOST POPULAR CORPORATE LOANS of the country, and therefore will be constantly dealt in.

The greater portion of the loan is now in the hands of steady investors; and it is probable that before many months, when the Road is completed and the Loan closed, THE BONDS WILL BE EAGERLY SOUGHT FOR AT THE HIGHEST RATES.

They are issued ONLY AS THE WORK PROGRESSES, and to the same extent only as the U. S. Subsidy Bonds granted by the Government to the Pacific Railroad Companies.

Nearly FIVE HUNDRED MILES of the road are now built, and the grading is well advanced on two hundred and fifty miles additional.

The THROUGH LINE ACROSS THE CONTINENT will be completed by the middle of next year, when the Overland travel will be very large.

The local business alone, upon the completed portion, is so heavy, and so advantageous, that the gross earnings average MORE THAN A QUARTER OF A MILLION IN GOLD PER MONTH, of which 35 per cent. only is required for operating expenses.

The net profit upon the Company's business on the completed portion, is about double the amount of annual interest liabilities to be assumed thereupon, and will yield a SURPLUS OF NEARLY A MILLION IN GOLD after expenses and interest are paid—even if the through connection were not made.

The best lands, the richest mines, together with the largest settlement and nearest markets, lie along this portion of the Pacific Railroad, and the FUTURE DEVELOPMENT OF BUSINESS thereon will be proportionably great.

From these considerations it is submitted that the

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD

BONDS,

secured by a First Mortgage upon so productive a property are among the most promising and reliable securities now offered. No better Bonds can be made.

A portion of the remainer of this Loan is now offered to investors.

At 103 Per Cent. and Accrued Interest in Currency,

The Bonds are of $1,000 each.

☞ The Company reserve the right to advance the price at any time; but all orders actually *in transitu* at the time of any such advance will be filled at present price. At this time they pay more than 8 per cent. upon the investment, and have, from National and State laws, guarantees peculiar to themselves.

We receive all classes of Government Bonds at their full market rates, in exchange for the Central Pacific Railroad Bonds, thus enabling the holders to realize from 5 TO 10 PER CENT. PROFIT, and keep the principal of their investment equally secure.

Orders and inquiries will receive prompt attention. Information, Descriptive Pamphlets, etc., giving a full account of the Organization, Progress, Business and Prospects of the Enterprise furnished on application. Bonds sent by return Express at our cost.

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JAMES T. BRADY & CO., Pittsburgh,
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☞ All descriptions of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES BOUGHT, SOLD or EXCHANGED at our office, and by Mail and Telegraph, at MARKET RATES.

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STAINED GLASS—P. Z. & D.

EWALT STREET

BRIDGE COMPANY.

NOTICE—A meeting of the subscribers to the stock of this company will be held at the office of Messrs. SILL & SHUTTERLY, Butler street, Seventeenth ward, on FRIDAY, December 11th, 1868 at 2½ o'clock P. M. By order of Committee.

CHRIST. SEIBERT, Chairman.

Pittsburgh, Decemqer 7th, 1868.

N. B.—Plans and specifications until the meeting above called for, will be received at the office of Messrs. SILL & SHUTTERLY. de7:b5

STAINED GLASS—P. Z. & D.

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oc17:n34

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ap10:o35

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mh29:w15

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THE BEST WHEAT CLEANERS IN USE.

Portable Flour and Feed Mills,

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All numbers and best quality. For sale at

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ECONOMIZE YOUR FUEL, by using the

SHIVE CENTRIFUGAL GOVERNOR,

the only true and easily regulated Governor made; perfect in its operations and truly reliable. A large size Governor can be seen at the office of PERCEVAL BECKETT, Mechanical Engineer and Solicitor of Patents, No. 79 Federal street, Allegheny City, the only agent for this Governor in the West. se22:x96

SPECIAL PATTERNS—P. Z. & D.

FRESH FISH.—Benjamin Pulpress still continues to fill all city and country orders for

FRESH WHITE LAKE FISH, SALMON AND BASS.

Send to No. 45 DIAMOND MARKET, Pittsburgh, or his old well known TWIN CITY STAND, Allegheny market oc30

GLASS SHADES—P. Z. & D.

NOTICE—Those interested will please take notice that the report of the viewers in the matter of opening LARIMER AVENUE, in the city of Pittsburgh as modified by the court has been placed in my hands. The assessments, if not paid on or before JANUARY 6th, A. D. 1869 will be filed as liens in accordance with the law in such case made and provided.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney.
Pittsburgh, December 5th, 1868. de7

GLASS SHADES FOR

FLOWERS AND WAX FRUIT,

Oval, Square or Round.

INDIA RUBBER BELTING, HOSE, STEAM PACKING AND ROPE, (ROUND AND SQUARE.)—A full supply on hand. Sold to the trade on as good terms as can be had from the manufacturers. J. & B. PHILLIPS.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ **NEW OPERA HOUSE.**

Lessee..... WM. HENDERSON.
Manager..... M. W. CANNING.

Last night but four of the engagement of the favorite Tragedian

EDWIN ADAMS

TUESDAY EVENING, December 8, 1868, will be presented the four act drama of the

DEAD HEART.

Robert Landry.....Edwin Adams.

Will shortly be repeated the great tragedy of NARCISSE.

☞ **PITTSBURGH THEATER.**

Lessee.....H. W. WILLIAMS.
Manager.....JOHN G. MAGEE.
Treasurer.....G. G. FEMMING.

Third week of the accomplished equestrienne actress **MISS KATE FISHER.**

TUESDAY EVENING, December 8, CHILD OF THE SUN.

Mlle CONCHITA RONZATTI'S wonderful performance on the Light Rope.

To conclude with DICK TURPIN AND TOM KING, the Notorious Highwaymen.

Matinee on Saturday afternoon.

☞ **TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES** THEATER.

H. W. WILLIAMS.....Lessee and Manager.
GEO. R. EDESON.....Stage Manager.

A wonderful triumph. LOUISA PAYNE WRAY and ADA WRAY.

The Great Female Minstrel scene, by Twelve Young Ladies.

Bowman and Harris, Larry Tooley, Sam De Vere and E. F. Gorman in new acts.

To conclude with the FEMALE FORTY THIEVES.

☞ **BURNELL'S MUSEUM AND PARLOR MENAGERIE**

The Great Family Resorte.

FIFTH AVENUE, between Smithfield and Wood streets, opposite Old Theatre.

☞ Open Day and Evening, all the year round. Admission, 25 cents; Children, 15 cents.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY LECTURES

R. STOCKETT MATTHEWS,

OF BALTIMORE,

Will deliver the fifth lecture of the course on THURSDAY EVENING, December 10th, 1868, at the ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Subject—"THE ROMANCE OF AMERICAN PROGRESS."

Tickets 50 cents to all parts of the house. No reserved seats:

Doors open at 7 P. M. Lecture at 7½. de7.

☞ **ACADEMY OF MUSIC.**

OLE BULL,

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES

TWO GRAND CONCERTS,

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS,

December 11th and 12th, assisted by the following favorite artists:

MISS BARTON, of Boston, Soprano.
M. GUSTAVUS F. HALL, of Baritone.
M. EGBERT LANSING, Pianist and Accompanist.

Admission..... .....ONE DOLLAR.
Family Circle and Gallery.....50 CENTS.

Seats can be secured without extra charge at Mellor's Music Store. Sale of seats will commence on WEDNESDAY MORNING, December 9th, at 9 o'clock. Doors open at 7. Commence at 8 o'clock.

T. R. TURNBULL,
de6:b4 Business Manager.

☞ **PROF. CARPENTER'S**

FASHIONABLE DANCING ACADEMY.

No. 75 THIRD STREET, is now open for the reception of pupils. Class days and hours—For Ladies, Misters and Misses, Wednesday and Saturday, at 2½ o'clock P. M. For Gentlemen—Tuesday and Friday Evenings, at 8 o'clock. Private lessons given. Circulars can be had at the Music Stores and at the Academy. Classes out of the city, if convenient, attended to.

☞ Hall to let to Select Parties se4:v79

☞ **PROF. RUD. LEONHART.**

[LATE OF WESTERN UNIVERSITY,]

Offers his services to the public as teacher of

GERMAN, MUSIC AND DRAWING.

Also, as TRANSLATOR and INTERPRETER.

Office 144 SMITHFIELD STREET, third story, no12

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE, W. D. of Pennsylvania, PITTSBURGH, Oct. 5th, 1868.

**THIS IS TO GIVE NOTIC

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Local News.—On our Second and Seventh pages this morning, will be found various local items of importance, including the report of the meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, held yesterday.

The streets on the South Side are in very bad condition.

The Pittsburgh and Birmingham Passenger Railway Company are having Carson street cleaned through South Pittsburgh.

The holidays are fast approaching now, and ladies wishing to know where to buy cheap goods, had better call at Macrum, Glyde & Co., 78 and 80 Market street.

Bankrupt Act.—Inquiries are made as to the fifty per cent. clause of this Act. For the information of persons interested, we will state that persons desirous of taking the benefit of the law cannot do so after the first of January next, unless their estates will pay at least fifty per cent. of their debts.

Prison Reform.—A meeting of those interested in the subject of modifying the present system of solitary confinement will be held in the office of Hon. T. M. Howe, Bank Block, this afternoon at two o'clock. Messrs. Watt and Armstrong, of the Committee for investigating Penitentiaries, will be present.

Nomination.—At a meeting of the members of the Mercantile Library Association, held last evening at their rooms, the following gentlemen were nominated to serve as Directors during the ensuing year: Henry Holdship, Algernon S. Bell, W. P. Herbert, John G. Holmes, James E. Dickson, W. J. Radcliffe and James M. Bell.

"Across the Atlantic."—The above is the title of a lecture with which Mr. W. C. Smythe purposes to entertain the citizens of Pittsburgh on next Tuesday evening at the Academy of Music. Mr. S. will doubtless handle his subject in a humorous and entertaining manner. A crowded house may be looked for on the evening specified.

Abused His Wife.—Hannah Evans made information before the Mayor, yesterday, charging John Evans, her husband, with assault and battery. The parties reside in the Fourteenth ward. The wife alleged that her husband beat and abused her in a most shameful manner. The accused was arrested, and after some time the case was settled amicably.

New Holiday Goods at Macrum, Glyde & Co., 78 and 80 Market street. Watch Stands, Cigar Stands and Cases, Writing Desks, Necessaires, fancy Glove Boxes, full assortment of Lace Goods, etc.

Fire Marshal's Report.—We are indebted to Fire Marshal G. W. Murphy, for the following report of the fires in Allegheny county during the month of November:

Number of fires, 20; Value of property destroyed, $69,066: Covered by insurance, $48,760; Not insured, $21,306. The largest fire during the month was the burning of the Vesta Oil Works, Sunday the 22d.

The Fair at City Hall will be kept open until to-morrow evening at ten o'clock. Donations to the lunch table are respectfully solicited, and a continuance of the encouragement so freely given to the association. We hope our citizens will not weary in aiding this effort to provide a temporary home to destitute women, and a school of reform for those who need reformation. J. G. S.

A Good Move.—Hereafter the ordinance relative to cleaning the sidewalks of Allegheny will be enforced by Mayor Drum. The ordinance provides that the sidewalks shall be cleaned regularly every Saturday morning, and that during the winter season shall be kept free of slush, snow and ice. In case of delinquency a fine of three dollars will be imposed. The ordinance is certainly a good one, and its rigid enforcement should meet with the approbation of all good citizens.

Coroner's Inquest.—Coroner Clawson held an inquest, yesterday morning, on the body of James Raub, an old man who died in the Homeopathic Hospital on Saturday evening. Deceased was a stone mason, and was employed at the new County Workhouse. Last week he was taken ill, and on Saturday was taken to the hospital, where he died the same evening. A verdict of death from natural causes was rendered Deceased was about fifty years of age, and came from Ireland, where he has a family living.

Tore it Down.—Thomas Connor, one of Alderman Strain's police, made information before that magistrate, yesterday, against Ludwig Boyer for obstructing a legal process. The officer states that having an execution to serve against the defendant he went to his residence, in the Third ward, Allegheny, and placed a bill of sale on the door. The bill had no sooner been placed there, however, it is alleged, than the defendant tore it down, at the same time using violent language toward the officer. A warrant was issued.

Probable Suicide.

Mr. Jacob Kimmel, proprietor of a notion store on Carson street, Birmingham, came to the Mayor's office last evening, making inquiry for his daughter, Emma Kimmel, a little girl about nine years of age, who he thinks has committed suicide by drowning herself. He states that some weeks since the girl stole some money from his drawer, and when he detected her in the crime he whipped her and threatened to have her sent to the House of Refuge if he ever knew of her stealing again. Sunday night it appears she again took some money from the drawer, and when the fact was discovered by her father yesterday morning, she left home and stated to some of the neighbors that she intended to drown herself. She started in the direction of the river and has not been heard of since. As soon as her father discovered that she was absent he instituted search for her, and learning that she had gone in the direction of the river, went to the river bank and near the water's edge discovered as he supposed her tracks. Her father is terribly alarmed about the affair, and any information relative to the child will be thankfully received by him.

Coal Frauds--An Explanation.

On the 26th of last month in the GAZETTE was published an article, under the caption of "Coal Frauds," in which it was asserted that a prominent firm had been discovered in the work of defrauding the Monongahela House out of money by a system of light weights and false tickets. The public traced the matter to the Fort Pitt Coal Company, and that corporation has since then rested under the damaging imputation. The President of the Company used all due diligence at once to discover the falsity or truth of the charge, and has shown us papers which not only exonerate the Company but likewise remove the faintest shadow of suspicion which might have been resting upon them. The Manager of the Second Ward Scales, from whom our information was received, has freely signed a paper acknowledging that he was wrong in the matter, and claiming that by the publication it is now clearly apparent that the Company suffered unjustly. The engineer of the Monongahela House disclaims any knowledge of fraud ever having been perpetrated on the house in the purchase of coal, and Mr. Crossan is equally positive that there has been no deception practiced, so that on all hands the Fort Pitt Company is fully and fairly exonerated. We are glad to announce this, as few companies are more worthy of confidence and patronage than it.

THE COURTS.

Criminal Court—December Sessions—Charge of Judge Mellon to the Grand Jury.

The December Term of the Criminal Court commenced on Monday morning, Judge Mellon on the bench.

The grand jury having been called and sworn, Judge Mellon delivered the following charge:

GENTLEMEN: You have been selected to act as Grand Jurors for the present term of this Court. As to the details of the business which will come before you, or the nature of the several classes of offenses, no special instructions from the Court are necessary. Under our system a law officer is provided who appears before the Grand Jury on behalf of the Commonwealth, and provides all necessary law forms, and produces the prosecutor's and Commonwealth's witnesses, and manages the details of the business before the jury.

The comprehensive conditions of your official oath sufficiently indicate the nature of your duties; and the vast and increasing amount of criminal business to be disposed of requires energetic action and expedition at the hands of both juries and Court, as much so at least as may consist with a correct decision of each case; and a correct decision as regards the Grand Jury does not involve the guilt or innocence of the party accused, but merely the question whether the charge is so serious or well founded as to justify an investigation of the question of guilt or innocence of the party by a trial in Court.

But whilst there no longer exists any need for special instructions to the Grand Jury in regard to the details, a custom has existed time out of mind for the Court to make suggestions as to matters of general public importance, although such matters may not pertain to the immediate business of the Court or Grand Jury; and it has also been the custom of Grand Juries to notice in form of a presentment any matters which they may deem of general public importance, whether directly connected with their official duties or not. This custom, from its long observance by wise and able men may be taken as founded in some useful purpose. Grand Juries and Courts are supposed to be in a position affording facilities for observing evils and suggesting remedies not afforded to men in the walks of private life, and hence it is supposed proper that, as guardians of the public weal, they should in some form or other bear witness for the good and against the evil; and this may be the foundation of the custom referred to. It does not follow, however, that occasion will arise for the exercise of this function at every term of the court by either Court or Grand Jury. Whether or not the occasion exists must always be left to the sound discretion of each of these bodies to decide for itself; but when we believe the occasion calls for it, it is a duty we owe to the people to freely express our opinion.

There is nothing unusual in our immediate community at the present time, calling for any special remarks. Some old grievances, however, still remain, and which will attract attention perhaps only by continued importunity.

In the way of law reform, we are far behind the nation from which we derived our jurisprudence, and especially so in the administration of criminal justice. In England, at the present time, criminal law is administered with much less expense to the public, and less inconvenience and oppression to the suitors than it is with us. Instead of crowding all cases of high or low grade of crime into the same Court, and trying frivolous and trifling cases with the same formality and with all the appliances of trials for the highest crimes, a *Fortnightly Petty Sessions* is provided, where all slight misdemeanors and trivial charges are promptly disposed of by a few magistrates who meet once every two weeks for the purpose. Punishment, if deserved, is prompt. Innocence, when coupled with poverty, does not lie for months in a loathsome jail awaiting trial. Suitors and witnesses in the more serious cases in the higher Courts, are not kept waiting week after week about the purlieus of the Court for a trial; and the public is not saddled with the enormous expense of a full court sitting all the year round with its numerous panels of jurors and its tipstaves, and all its other paraphernalia for the trial of petty cases, which could be so much better disposed of in a more summary way, and by less cumbrous and expensive machinery.

At the last term of this Court the grand jury, in view of the multiplicity of petty cases, which came before them, and the consequent burden to the public, and oppression to suitors by the loss of time and delay, recommended the establishment of a police court. This would be a wise measure, if such court were established on the right principle. To establish another court with a jury, and all the usual appliances, would be of no public benefit; only multiplying offices without any corresponding benefit. Many yet remember our old Mayor's Court, which was of this character and of such questionable utility that it was abolished; and, on the other hand, to form a court of one or more magistrates, as in England, the salary or compensation of such magistrates must have no connection with the amount or result of the cases before them. With more honor and fewer emoluments the office of police magistrate might be filled with proper men to discharge its duties. Here, as in other countries, retired gentlemen of integrity and intelligence, in the decline of life, with time unoccupied in private business, could readily be had to fill the post, if it were made an honorable one, but this can not be accomplished whilst the inducement of high gains is attached to it to attract the fierce competition of political aspirants of all classes of character.

Another subject of great public importance is prison descipline. As regards this, it is a matter of congratulation that a reform is actually in progress. The unnatural and cruel system of separate and solitary confinement is likely to be abandoned in our State prisons, for one more in conformity to the nature and wants of man: and the hardships attending imprisonment in our county jail by reason of its crowded condition will soon be relieved by the completion of a workhouse. The energy with which the excellent board of managers having that important work on hand is pushing it to completion, deserves all praise, and the opinion of all who have examined the work and are skilled in the requirements of such institutions is uniform that the plan is unsurpassed for excellence. In the principles of its construction regard is had to the requirements of man's physical, moral and intellectual nature. It seems to have been apprehended that criminality in man is abnormal, and that to bring him to his normal condition, a treatment is necessary, more in accordance with human nature than that which would suit a wild beast. On this principle it is contemplated in the new prison to afford the inmates all the benefits to be derived from abundance of light, and fresh air, and social intercourse, and the healthful exercise to be derived from useful productive employment, and a proper stimulus to reform by graduating the term of confinement to a certain extent according to conduct.

The only other subject to which I would advert is the much hackneyed one of intemperance, and in regard to that very little need be said, as it seems to be a foregone conclusion that nothing can be done for it. This is the more to be deplored, as before you complete your labors you will have discovered that it is the immediate or remote cause of nearly all the criminality which is brought before you. But for this prolific crime no new courts would be needed, and ample room could be had for light and ventilation in our present jails without any additions to their size or number; but legislation would seem to have abandoned the field in dismay, and certainly temperance societies have accomplished little to boast of.

I must be permitted, however, to continue to bear witness of my faith in the good effects of a qualified and practical prohibitory liquor law. Such a law as would be simple, practical, and its execution placed in efficient hands. To possess these qualities it must be removed from the influence of party politics and official discretion. I am still of opinion that these qualities can be measurably attained in the law which I have on other occasions recommended. That is to say: to allow the qualified voters of each and every ward, borough and township to decide for themselves annually at their municipal or borough and township elections whether any license should be granted in their respective ward, borough or township, or not. This would be placing the power where it should be—in the hands of the people immediately concerned. Each neighborhood could then decide for itself, whether a grog-shop should be planted in its midst or not; and if one neighboorhood adopted and another rejected the liquor traffic, the good or bad effects of the differing policy of each could be readily perceived, and that policy appearing most beneficial would of course become the more popular and prevail. There is no reason why the people should not be permitted this privilege. No constitutional objection can be raised against it. Its salutary effects in some neighborhoods I have seen. When the jurisdiction over the subject was vested in this Court it was the practice to refuse license entirely in neighborhoods and boroughs where a majority of the people remonstrated against it, and the result was uniformly beneficial.

Hundreds of good, well-disposed and industrious men—especially in workingmen's communities, such as are found about coal pits and iron works and factories—are unable to resist the appetite for strong drink when the temptation is brought near them, and yet these same men would not go a mile out of their way to obtain liquor, and have no hankering after it when not in their way. In such communities I have seen the introduction of liquor shops do incalculable mischief, whilst the same men, in their sober moments, would themselves vote to remove the temptation far from them.

The jury retired, after which constables made their returns, and the County Register, Mr. Gray, presented a number of administrative and guardian accounts, which were confirmed *nisi*.

The remainder of the session was occupied in hearing wife desertion cases.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

Commonwealth vs. Fred. Bolton.
" " James Clinton.
" " Michael Mansfield.
" " Thomas O'Connor.
" " Isaac Jones.
" " Caspar Felsner.
" " Don. C. Kneeland.
" " James Morrison.
" " Henry Gauzert.
" " Wm. McColiough.
" " Louis Zeimer.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

The jury in the case of J. S. Brown vs. Michael and Frank Hogle, action for damages alleged to have been sustained by an assault and battery committed upon the prosecutor, returned a verdict in favor of the former for $10 and the costs of the suit.

The case of the Ardesco Oil Company vs. Samuel Richardson and Theodore E. Tack, which has been previously reported, was concluded, the jury returning a verdict in favor of the defendants.

William Thaw vs. Whitmore, Wolf, Duff & Co., was the next case taken up. This was an action for the right of way of an alley, running off Third avenue, in the rear of property belonging to the parties named, and which fronts on Wood street. This case was tried last June, but the jury failed to agree and were discharged. On trial.

Following is the trial list for to-day:

No. 48 Williams & Co. vs. King & Co.
73 Finney vs. Bradley.
77 Donnelly for use vs. Dravo.
84 Adams & Hercenrother vs. Coleman, Forrester & Co.
88 Christy vs. McAleer.
90 Smith vs. Hemler.
94 Grotfend vs. Breitch.
95 Hill vs. Foreman.

Common Pleas—Judge Sterrett.

Commonwealth *ex rel* Phillip Mowry vs. Catharine D. Mowry. The question of the lunacy of the defendant was tried by a jury, who found a verdict to the effect, that she had been a lunatic for the past twelve years, which renders her wholly incapable of managing her estate. The balance of the verdict mentions the property which defendant owns and recommends that it be taken charge of by the proper persons.

Benair C. Sawyer vs. Edward M'Ginniss, and Alexander and Charles Miller vs. the same defendant, were the next cases taken up. Both were actions of ejectment for certain lands and tenements situated at the mouth of Cork's Run, Chartiers township, and are being tried together.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—The audience at the Opera House last night was reasonably large, notwithstanding the unpleasant weather. The entertainment consisted of "Wild Oats," with Mr. Adams as Rover, and the "Spectre Bridegroom" as an afterpiece. This evening the "Dead Heart" will be presented.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—Mazeppa was played by Miss Kate Fisher at the Old Theatre last night, to a very fair house, considering the inclement weather. To-night she will play "Child of the Sun."

THE VARIETIES.—A good bill will be offered at the Varieties to-night. Twelve young ladies will appear in the great minstrel scene, and the programme embraces all the old favorites. The evening's performance will conclude with the "Female Forty Thieves."

THE MUSEUM.—Amid the other attractions in the way of amusements, with which the city is supplied at present, Burnell's Museum should not be forgotten. The best evidence of the character of the Museum is seen in the class of people who attend, and the length of time which it has been established. Open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M.

OLE BULL, the celebrated violinist, assisted by several first class artists, will favor us with some excellent music on Friday and Saturday nights, the 11th and 12th inst., at the Academy of Music. The troupe were on board the steamer America, at the time of the terrible disaster, but we are pleased to state they all escaped without injury. The sale of tickets will commence Wednesday morning at Mellor's music store.

Specialities Offered this Day at Joseph Horne & Co.'s.

1,200 pairs real French Corsets at $1,50, worth $2.50.
Hoop Skirts at half price.
Gents Silk Handerchiefs, large assortment.
300 dozen ladies Linen Handkerchiefs.
200 dozen gents Linen Handkerchiefs.
Linen Handkerchiefs, 5c. and upwards.
Gents Neck Ties.
The "Wallace Scarf."
The "Victor Scarf."
Neptune Bows and wide end Ties.
Choice and new styles Lace goods.
Handkerchiefs in great variety.
Morison's Star Shirts.
Merino and Wool underwear for gents, ladies and children.
Every department complete, and prices greatly reduced.

The cheapness of the Patent Lounge, for sale by T. B. Young & Co., makes it come within the reach of all. Call and see it; 38 Smithfield street.

Holiday Presents.—The New York style of Holiday Hats now ready at E. R. WILSON'S, 118 Wood St.

Best Patent Bed Lounge in the country, at T. B. Young & Co's, No. 38 Smithfield street.

Ladies' Furs in great variety, and at low prices, at Wilson's, 118 Wood street.

In a Mix—New Yorkers in Pittsburgh.

We stated in our issue of Friday last, under the head of "A Sensation," that Mrs. Eliza Bevins, accompanied by Mrs. Ada Lynch, had arrived in this city the day previous from New York, and had made information against several members of a travelling dramatic company. Since that time the case has grown into a sensation in fact, but as the parties are all strangers in this city, and many of their statements and allegations being in our estimation of a questionable character, we refrained from publishing anything concerning the affair, preferring to await the developments that would be made at the hearing, when we would be better able to give a correct statement of the affair, and by so doing prevent the publication of anything which might work injury to innocent persons.

Since our first notice, several additional legal proceedings have been instituted, and we will, in order to give some idea of the case, commence *de novo*.

Mrs. Bevins made information against John Nagle, manager of the company now playing at the old Theatre, and against Miss Kate Fisher, the star at the same place, charging them with obtaining money under false pretences. She also alleges that Geo. Hemmings, Treasurer of the company, had pawned a pair of diamond ear rings which she had placed in his possession for safe keeping, for one hundred dollars, but as that act was alleged to have been committed in New York, of course the Mayor could have no jurisdiction in the case. It is due to Mr. Hemmings, however, to state here that he admitted pawning the jewels, and gave Mrs. B. the pawn ticket, which appears to have been taken in her name, but alleges that he pawned them at her request, and gave here seventy-five dollars of the money he obtained on them.

Mrs. Bevins, after the parties were arrested, asked that the hearing be postponed until next morning, as she expected her husband, who was an important witness in the case against Magle, to arrive at that time. His Honor very kindly acceded to the request, and the hearing was postponed. While at the Mayor's office Mrs. Bevins accused Miss Fisher with stealing her watch, which gave rise to another legal proceeding, as that lady, through her attorney, sued out a *capias* for slander, upon which Mrs. B. was arrested and gave bail to answer, His Honor becoming responsible for her appearance. The time for the hearing, Friday morning, arrived and the defendants were all present, but the prosecuting witness, it was announced, was confined to her room at the Monongahela House, being slightly indisposed. At the request of her counsel, the hearing was postponed until Saturday morning, at which time, the prosecutrix still being unable to appear, another postponement was asked for and granted. Nine o'clock Monday morning was the hour fixed for the hearing, and in the meantime another *capias* had been served upon the prosecutrix, at the suit of Magle, for false arrest. Yesterday morning at nine o'clock the parties put in an appearance promptly, but Mr. Bevins having failed to arrive, Mrs. B. through her counsel, again asked for a continuance, which, although a very unusual proceeding, the Mayor granted, and the case was postponed until three o'clock this afternoon.

Mrs. Bevins yesterday afternoon made information against Magle and Hemmings for surety of the peace, alleging that they had threatened to kill her husband on his arrival in the city. They were arrested and held to bail for a hearing, a proceeding they both protested against, demanding a hearing on the spot. During their stay in the Mayor's office the affair became decidedly interesting. All parties connected with the last cases named conducted themselves in a manner respectable persons would certainly condemn. Criminations and recriminations passed, and if one-half that either party said of the other be true, they are verily a sorry set.

There is a romance connected with the affair undoubtedly, and it will in all probability transpire at the hearing, which His Honor will scarcely postpone again. There is some object other than the prosecution of these parties in view, but what it is we will not presume to say at present. It is not reasonable to suppose that a lady occupying the position in society which Mrs. Bevins claims, and having the wealth that she pretends to have, would come from New York to Pittsburgh for the paltry sum of three hundred and fifty dollars, or even for the purpose of punishing the parties whom she alleges had fraudulently obtained it from her.

Considerable interest is manifested in the case, prompted by idle curiosity, of course, and the names of several prominent men are being used by the "scandal mongers" in connection with the affair, and we would suggest to His Honor that the sooner it is disposed of the better for all parties concerned.

As to the nature of the charges against Kate Fisher and Magle, for false pretences, we can say nothing, not having heard the evidence, but the inclination of the prosecution to postpone the hearing would indicate that they are not well founded. The money, it appears, was obtained in New York upon letters written by the accused from this city. If such is the case the fraudulent representations would be the letters themselves, and the only evidence required would be the letters and proof as to who they were written by. We will reserve further comments for the next chapter.

Watches! Watches! Watches!—An extraordinary auction sale of gold and silver watches will be held at the auction house, 159 Federal street, Allegheny, this (Tuesday) evening, at 7 o'clock. Several hundred of the best standard time-keepers will be sold for whatever they will bring. Such an opportunity has seldom, and may never again occur. Those in want of a watch should by all means attend this sale.
A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

Bookseller's Stock at Auction.—Will be sold at A. Leggate's Auction House, No. 159 Federal street, Allegheny, on Thursday evening, at seven o'clock, a bookseller's stock, consisting of 100 family and pocket bibles, standard and miscellaneous books, holiday books, games, albums, paper, &c., &c., now open for examination.
A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

Lease on Property in Manchester at Auction.—The lease of Longhead & Hare's property on Market street will be positively sold on Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock. It consists of two dwellings and a carpenter shop. A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

Deafness, Blindness, Catarrh,
And all affections of the Throat, Lungs, Heart, Stomach, Liver and Nervous System, treated successfully at Dr. Aborn's Medical and Surgical Institute, No. 134 Smithfield street. tf.

Lease of Allegheny Diamond Store at Auction.—The lease of that valuable and elegible located business house, No. 20, Diamond, Allegheny, is to be sold to-morrow, (Wednesday) at three o'clock.
A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

Skaters will do well to call and examine the fine lot of Caps at E. R. WILSON'S, 118 Wood St.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 167 First street.

No House is complete without one of those Patent Lounges. For sale at T. B. Young & Co's, No. 38 Smithfield street.

Try Miller's Leather Preservitor for Boots and Shoes, sold at 240 Liberty street.

Headquarters for Brushes, Blacking and Matches—Thompson's, 240 Liberty street.

Call and see the Patent Lounge at T. B. Young & Co's, No. 38 Smithfield street.

Concerning Church Architecture.

An able writer has asserted that America does not possess anything worthy the name of architecture, and that Americans are absolutely ignorant of the primary principles which govern architectural beauty. Our prominent buildings, with a rare exception, are termed chaotic and incomplete. It is humiliating to our national and local pride, to hear the church edifices we have been in the habit of admiring termed absurd caricatures, wretched parodies and architectural follies. But if those who are interested in the fame of the State House at Boston, or the City Hall at New York, can submit to this charge in silence, we need not attempt to defend that wonderful masterpiece, the Court House. Plainly, architecture is not our forte. We can furnish models for ocean-clippers, river steamers and industrial machines, but when we attempt to build an imposing edifice we immediately produce an architectural anomaly. So long as we build simply for protection and adaptation, we acquit ourselves creditably; but the moment we attempt to borrow, or imitate, we construct ridiculous plagiarisms. An eminent author accounts for this peculiarity by remarking that an "American has a great deal too much to do, and is in too great a hurry to do it, to submit to the long patient study and discipline requisite to master any style of architecture perfectly."

Now that the nation is seized with the mania for fine buildings, it would be a healthy symptom of progress were we willing to confess our deficiencies, and endeavor to remedy the evils alluded to. The sooner we accept and invite criticism, the sooner we will furnish examples of high art in architecture. Nothing would be more beneficial to the mechanical arts than such a course. It would enable us to thrust aside, at an early day, our imitations or copies of mean types of architecture. The fact that we are advancing in our appreciation of art, so far as to borrow the highest types of architecture in the construction of our church edfices, must be a good omen. True architecture has been termed, not simply *fancy*, depending upon the caprice of its creator, but rather the "accumulated creative and constructive powers of several minds harmoniously working out a great central idea." Hence the best and most skilful mechanics are necessary to the achievement of success. Painters, masons, sculptors, carvers, moulders, stainers of glass, mosaicists and carpenters, all must labor in unity. The result, as exhibited under the direction of a master mind, presents a grandeur and completeness which it is impossible for human ingenuity to accomplish by any other process. Much as depends upon the durability and character of the material employed, still more depends upon the skill, taste and judgment exhibited in the ornamentation of the edifice, internally and externally. Stern granite, or adamantine rock, or even marble, unrelieved by the graces of an educated ornamentation, would possess little attraction for the eye. Instead of winning, it would only repel. We would turn from the gloomy, frowning stone to the simplest flower for relief. Hence the absolute necessity for church ornamentation. Here we have a field wherein we may display our judgment and taste. Next to sculptoring, and before carving, we place the art of the painter and the glass stainer. In the majority of instances in our American churches, the sculptor is dispensed with. This leaves all the more to the stainers of glass. Hence the necessity for inquiring into the first object and aim of this art, in order to guide ourselves in its proper application. That glass staining is one of the fine arts that is beginning to be appreciated at something like its real value by Americans, is cause for congratulation. In this pursuit Pittsburgh bids fair to take the lead. This is as it should be, however. Pittsburgh is the glass mart of the country. Here are the facilities for prosecuting the art alluded to to its utmost limits. These facts were impressed upon the minds of one of our leading manufacturing firms, Messrs. Page, Zellers & Duff, proprietors of the American Glass Works, who are justly entitled to the name of the pioneers in the business of *manufacturing and staining glass*. They combine both branches. Their facilities enable them to accomplish more in a week than the glass stainer alone can accomplish in months. Their attention is devoted, first, to obtaining a beautiful, clear, crystal sheet. Proceeding next to the second process, they employ the best artisans in the country, make themselves acquainted with the prominent features of the business as conducted abroad, and not content with this devote their attention to the development of new features. They perceive the needs of church ornamentation, and instead of merely striving to keep pace with the requirements of church architecture in its present condition, evince, by their variety of designs, and new applications of the principles which gave rise to the act, having already advanced beyond the requirements of the times. Parties interested in church architecture, and all manner of public buildings, should examine the work manufactured by Messrs. Page, Zellers & Duff, and decide for themselves as to its merits. The manufacturers invite comparison.

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MARRIED:

CUNNINGHAM—REYNOLDS—On Thursday, December 3d, by the Rev. Jos. Painter, D.D., assisted by Rev. T. D. Ewing, at the residence of the bride's parents, Dr. J. G. CUNNINGHAM to Miss SALLIE D. REYNOLDS, both of Kittanning, Pa.

DIED:

McCREERY—On Monday the 7th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., Mrs. MARY McCREERY, aged 75 years.

Funeral at 9 o'clock on WEDNESDAY MORNING, to the Union Depot, from the residence of her son, Wm. McCREERY, in Clifton. Carriages leave Jackman's livery stable at 7 o'clock precisely.

ROBINSON—On Sunday at 11 o'clock, at Latrobe, FRANK P. ROBINSON, in the 39th year of his age.

The funeral will take place on MONDAY at 2 o'clock P. M., from the family residence of the late General Robinson.

BURT—On Monday morning, December 7th, at 10 o'clock, Mr. JENNINGS BURT, in the 35th year of his age.

His funeral will take place from his late residence No. 47 Ann street, Allegheny, on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, December 9th at 4 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SMITH—At his residence at Greensburg, Friday afternoon, December 4th, after a brief illness, Rev. JOS. SMITH, D.D.

SHALLENBERGER.—Suddenly, on Sunday afternoon, December 6th, at Rochester, Pa., A. SHALLENBERGER, in the seventy-second year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, at 1 o'clock.

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REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

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